

VOLUme

237

Notables On Air For Vets' Benefit

Governor Heads Speaker List

Governor James M. Curley, Bayard Tuckerman, noted north shore sportsman; Rev. Michael Ahearn, well known and popular Jesuit priest; Mary Young, famous actress and Brig. General Charles H. Cole, senior surviving officer of the overseas Yankee Division, will take the air tonight beginning at 9:30 to add their voices to the annual appeal of the Disabled Veterans Christmas Remembrance committee.

The organization hopes this year to provide the upwards of 4,000 Massachusetts men confined to government hospitals in this state with a stocking containing a few inexpensive gifts from the people of Massachusetts on Christmas morning.

Taking part also in this most unusual program will be the well-known Ives Band and a number of the leading radio stars attached to the artists bureau of station WNAC. Roy Harlow, managing director of the station, will be master of ceremonies.

Annually for years stations WNAC, WBZ and WEEI have staged similar programs for the Disabled Veterans Christmas Remembrance Committee. WBZ will stage its program on Sunday night, Dec. 22, at 10 o'clock and WEEI tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

The Disabled Veterans Christmas Remembrance committee represents in this work the American Legion, American Legion auxiliary, American Red Cross, American Women's Overseas League, Army and Navy Service Committee, Inc., Disabled American Veterans, World War, Disabled Veterans Hospital Service, Inc., Knights of Columbus, Military Order of the World War, Service Star Legion, Inc., Veterans of Foreign Wars, Veterans of Foreign Wars auxiliary, Women's Overseas Service League and Yankee Division auxiliary.

The committee, which is headed by Mrs. Robert Lincoln O'Brien, chairman of participating organizations, and Mayor Sinclair Weeks, chairman of the general committee, has a noted record of achievement. Annually for the past 15 years it has not only provided each of the more than 4,000 veterans confined to hospitals with a Christmas stocking, but has conducted a year-round program of relief among needy vet-

erans awaiting entry or lately discharged from hospitals.

Owing to the fact that the number of disabled veterans in hospitals is steadily increasing and will continue to increase for the next 10 years, the committee needs financial assistance from the public this year more than ever.

All contributions, large or small should be sent to Treasurer Allan Forbes, president, State Street Trust company, State and Congress streets, Boston.

COMMERCIAL

Bangor, Me.

DEC 14 1935

BOSTON SEEKS "PROFITS" FROM FORMER TREAS.

City Files Equity Suit Against Edmund L. Dolan, Curley Official, Seeking Settlement of Alleged Deals; Six Others Asked to Account

Boston, Dec. 14—(AP)—The City of Boston brought equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, City Treasurer, when Governor James M. Curley was mayor, charging participation in a bond-selling scheme which allegedly cost the city \$250,000. The city seeks an accounting and reimbursement.

The bill, signed personally by Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, and filed with the State Supreme Court asks an accounting from Dolan and return of alleged illicit profits made while he was city treasurer. It also seeks an accounting from six alleged associates of Dolan.

They included J. Walter Quinn, an electrical contractor, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, an employee in the State Public Utilities Department, all of Boston, Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson, of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge. The bill reserved the right to add other names.

The bill charges Dolan, in breach of his duty, participated in a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" in which millions of dollars worth of bonds were sold to the city above their market value and profits of more than \$250,000 were made between 1930 and 1933.

Among the corporations mentioned in the bill of complaint were the Legal Securities Corporation, the John F. Dever Company, and the E. L. Dolan Company.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in the fall of 1929 in anticipation of his appointment as city treasurer after the election of Curley as mayor.

It charges that he established an office at 60 Congress street under the name of the E. L. Dolan Company and used his private brokerage office for "corrupt schemes." The bill alleges Dolan formed an independent corporation and, through dummy and "straw" directors "made large, secret and illicit gains and profits through the purchase at one price and reselling them at a largely enhanced price."

The bill set forth that the Dolan Company was involved in the selection of straw and dummy incorporators, directors and officers and the issuance of stock certificates in dummy names, all at the procurement of Dolan.

Last year, George R. Farnum, then counsel for the Boston Finance Commission, sought to bring Dolan before that body in an investigation of the affairs of the Legal Securities Corporation which allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city.

Dolan, in Florida at the time, did not appear.

After the election of Curley as governor the personnel of the commission was altered through resignations and new appointment by Governor Curley. Farnum resigned. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation. The newly-constituted commission then reported the charges had not been proved.

Farnum later joined the city's legal staff as special corporation counsel, and with corporation counsel Henry E. Foley filed the equity bill today.

Times
Bath, Me.
DEC 14 1935

CITY OF BOSTON BRINGING ACTION AGAINST DOLAN

Wants Return of Al- leged Illicit Profits

Boston, Dec. 14. (AP)—The city of Boston brought equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, charging participation in a bond selling scheme which allegedly cost the city \$250,000. The city seeks an accounting and reimbursement.

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TIMES
Beverly, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

REFERENDUM'S WORDING WILL CAUSE DEBATE

Say Massachusetts Voters Usually Affirmative Vote Casters

(Special to the Times)

WORCESTER, Dec. 14 — Massachusetts taxpayers associations gathered here Thursday sharply scored the report of the minority membership of the commission named to study the advisability of biennial sessions of the legislature.

The group likewise served notice it will battle increased taxes until there is a curtailment of governmental expenditures.

Bitterly assailing the recommendation of the minority membership of the biennial sessions commission which would place on the ballot for public opinion only the matter of "once in two years" sittings of the legislature, the federation of taxpayers units asserted it is an "almost unintelligible means of informing the voters that they are being requested to answer a simple question, 'Do you favor biennial sessions?'"

The form of the question proposed in the minority report is as follows: "Shall the legislature continue to practice its obligations of meeting annually?"

In its proposed form, taxpayers group fear a "yes vote" inasmuch as Massachusetts voters are notoriously noted for being affirmative ballot casters.

This is evidenced by the fact that in 1934, 802,961 voters demanded state license for the sale of liquors, against 416,315 opposed with Beverly voters approving the local license by a vote of 5,060 to 3,790.

On the question of horse and dog racing the Commonwealth approved pari-mutuel gambling by a vote of 815,220 to 366,183. Essex county voters sanctioned gambling by a vote of 96,334 to 51,485 with local expression divided 5,011 to 3,166 in favor.

On the premise that Bay State voters are "yes" voters biennial advocates fear the results of the proposed question being placed on the 1936 ballot.

The public opinion vote is supported by Senator Charles A. P. McAree of Haverhill, Rep. Ernest H. Sparrell of Norwell, Herbert W. Urquhart of Georgetown, Joseph L. J. Harnsich of Chicopee and Thomas P. Dillon of Cambridge.

In addition to assailing the

minority recommendations as to biennial sessions, the taxpayers also sharply scored the special recess commission on Taxation for its recent report advocating the imposition of \$17,000,000 additional annual taxation on the people of this state, declaring they would firmly oppose all new taxes until the Legislature takes definite steps to eliminate governmental waste, extravagance and inefficiency.

The Federation opposition to new forms of taxation was delegated to its Legislative committee by the Board of Directors. The resolution declared that imposition of new taxes at this time in the form proposed would merely provide more funds to be spent by extravagant public agencies.

The complete resolve follows:

"WHEREAS the recent report of the Special Recess Commission on Taxation of the General Court recommends additional taxation of the people of Massachusetts to the extent of more than \$17,000,000 annually, and

"WHEREAS the imposition of any such new taxes in the form proposed would neither relieve the present staggering burden upon real estate nor materially remedy existing inequities in the distribution of the tax load, but would merely provide more funds to be spent by extravagant public agencies,

"BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the Massachusetts Federation of Taxpayers associations that the Legislative committee be and hereby is authorized to oppose in the name of the Federation the imposition of any additional taxes until decisive steps are taken to eliminate waste, extravagance and inefficiency in our government, and until adequate means are adopted by the legislature to guarantee relief to real estate, to the end that new revenues will be used solely for the purpose of lessening existing demands upon the resources of Massachusetts industry and real estate."

The report of the Biennial Sessions committee was commented upon as presenting something like a cross section of Massachusetts opinion on the subject with the legislative members of the Commission opposed to biennials except for Senator Goodwin, and the non-legislative members unanimously in favor of biennials.

TIMES
Beverly, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

Up With The Times

By L. R. H.

THE LAST ACT—It is about time to ring down the curtain on the final chapter of the great Curley "Work & Wages" comedy, and it looks as if Mayor Mansfield of Boston had already loosed the ropes. As the Boston Transcript says:

In this latest controversy between Mr. Curley and Mr. Mansfield, the governor is operating under the disadvantage inevitably suffered by any man whose past promises rise to plague him. The result is that no matter how much talking he does or how earnestly he tries to becloud the issue with irrelevant comment, he can make no forward progress with the people until he is able to explain away the simple truth that pledges definitely given in the campaign remain entirely unfulfilled. So long as the mayor of Boston keeps this fact before the public he will continue to have all the best of the argument.

Before the 1934 election Mr. Curley gave as one reason for making him governor the assurance that he would be able to secure unconditional grants from the Federal Treasury to put a great work and wages program into effect. It was a silly promise, was so described by the opposition but unfortunately not enough voters could be convinced. When the Legislature met and the governor was forced to face the realities of the situation, Massachusetts discovered that in spite of Mr. Curley's election, it was no better off than any other State. The only way it could obtain Government money for public works was by paying something like one-half the bills itself. This was no more than intelligent citizens actually expected would be the case, but they were scarcely prepared for the latest disclosure.—on the governor's own admission—that in order to get anything done the State would have to go ahead alone and with no financial help whatever from Washington.

This, reduced to its lowest terms, is the story of "work and wages" as shouted from the house tops in the 1934 campaign and as used to secure high public office. It is a story of political mischief-making and of deluded voters. If the people of Massachusetts see fit to forget it and, in 1936, promote Mr. Curley to the United States Senate, their powers of observation and rational thinking are far lower than anybody had imagined.

L. — R. — H.

AND—Arthur G. Rotch, Massachusetts WPA administrator, has ruled that if Governor Curley carries out his intention of putting 2700 men to work on non-WPA jobs with bond issue money voted by the last legislature to supplement WP grants, he will either have to go to the incoming legislature for additional funds to complete WPA projects or lose part of the \$4,000,000 federal grants for sidewalks.

L. — R. — H.

AUTO PROSPERITY—How big the auto industry bulks in present business activity of many sorts is suggested by some of its own most recent statistics.

Vice-President Reeves of the Automobile Manufacturers Association now puts this year's total of new cars and trucks at 4,150,000, surpassing last year by 45% and exceeding any year since '29. Hudson reports the best November shipments in a decade, Chevrolet the largest sales of used cars last month in its history. And Detroit says auto workers will get \$100,000,000 more in their 1935 pay envelopes than last year.

The ramifying effects of these figures in cars and dollars need no rehearsing, declares the Boston News Bureau.

L. — R. — H.

"MADE WORK"—The American Federation of Labor estimated unemployment as of October at 11,650,000 persons, compared with 15,470,000 in March, 1933. The October figure included 3,000,000 jobless now employed by New Deal emergency agencies. This looks as if "industry" was doing its share.

L. — R. — H.

BUYING CONVENTIONS—Philadelphia is out to "buy" the Democratic national convention. Cleveland is being generally picked as the Republican convention city, although the choice is still far from settled. As the Democratic Boston Globe remarks:

Eager go-getters down in Philadelphia are not content with a mere try for the Democratic convention, next June. Their convention committee announces that it will go after the Republican plum, likewise. By way of enticement, it is hinted that \$250,000 will be put up as a bait.

Unhappily this zest for conventions is not like to be satisfied in fact. Philadelphia, while it holds certain powerful inducements to the Democrats as a convention

city, does not offer the harassed Republicans anything ponderable enough to offset their need for making an impression on the West. Pennsylvania is on the hair-line of division as between going Republican next year and going Democratic. The recent elections showed that plainly enough. But unless the G. O. P. can open the West, the Presidential preferences of Pennsylvania will be of relative unimportance to them. If the West can be beguiled, chances are they will not need to worry about the Keystone State, and may reasonably

expect it to "go normal"—which is to go Republican.

L. — R. — H.

BUREAUCRACY — Possibility that the national capital may overflow into Baltimore or some other city near to Washington was foreseen by Secretary Ickes, who declared that with creation of more governmental agencies by the last Congress there was not sufficient space in Washington to house the government. Although the administration has acquired hotels and apartment houses for its agencies, creation of Social Security Board, Coal Commission and other agencies will bring a serious shortage of floor space.

L. — R. — H.

GOOD ADVICE—Speaking to the recent meeting of the National Manufacturers Association in New York, president Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., of General Motors offered very timely suggestions to industrial leaders when urged the importance of "telling and selling" the workers and the public the part industry plays in maintaining the national well being. He said:

We must promote an understanding on the part of the community as a whole of what industry consists; what it contributes; why it contributes; how it can contribute more, and why it may contribute less. We must do this in every possible way, not once, but continuously. . . . We must convince the organizations of industry as to the soundness or unsoundness of any particular proposal. This applies particularly to the workers within industry. Their welfare is at stake. We must inform our stockholders—those who own industry. We must do all this courageously.

. . . It is my firm conviction that any form of Government regulation of industry is bound to result in an ever-increasing interference with the broad exercise of initiative—the very foundation of the American system. That is the natural evolution of bureaucracy.

Because our economic yardstick is sure to be more or less in conflict with political policy, industry will be accused of injecting business into politics—of being non-cooperative—unpatriotic. We need not concern ourselves with such criticism. We must have confidence that a sound policy, honestly applied, must ultimately prevail. But it is important that we recognize that industry, as an institution, must not concern itself with promoting the fortunes of any political agency. It is solely concerned with establishing, in the public

Continued

mind, a broader knowledge, & greater understanding as to the influence of any particular policy.

L.—R.—H.

When you are doing your Christmas shopping, carry an overnight bag or a knitting bag to hold all the small purchases. You will be less burdened with bundles and will lose none by this method.

L.—R.—H.

We want a modest degree of security without having to buy a lot of things that look like investments but turn out not to be.—David Cushman Coyle in Harper's Magazine.

L.—R.—H.

NO STARVATION—Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury under President Hoover, asserted the federal government can finance relief adequately and still balance the national budget in the next fiscal year. He accused administration supporters of "malicious, deliberate misrepresentation" in claiming that opponents of excessive spending would "permit people to starve in order to balance the budget."

Concluded

TIMES

Beverly, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CURLEY "MONEY-MAN" WILL FACE COURT CHARGES

Treasurer of Boston When Governor Was Mayor Is Defendant

BOSTON, Dec. 14—(INS)—The City of Boston law department today unexpectedly brought a bill in equity in Supreme court in the case of Edmund R. Dolan, former city treasurer.

Other defendants named were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costella, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and Frederick J. Reardon. The action resulted from the probe into charges that Dolan while city treasurer under James M. Curley as mayor, formed the Legal Securities Corporation and through it sold bonds to the city at prices higher than the market prices.

TIMES

Beverly, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

VERITIES

**ABOUT PEOPLE
AND THINGS
in Current News**

The city election is over, and everybody is happy—or are they?

When the 1936 city government assumes office next month, there will be nine veteran and two new officials, elected Tuesday, sworn in. The political careers of these eleven men are interesting.

President Chandler Bigelow of the board of aldermen first entered the public view a year ago when he was given a tremendous number of votes electing him head of the board. Although the balloting was not as heavy this year as in 1934, he seems to have retained his popularity, being given an even better percentage of the total votes cast for the six nominees for alderman-at-large than he did in his initial campaign.

The veteran of the aldermanic "vets" is Alderman-at-large George W. Gates. He represented Ward Four for four years as ward alderman before he dropped out for a while, and last year he was elected to the office he retained in Tuesday's election. Throughout his terms in office he has been one of the more active members of the board.

I said that the real "veteran" of the aldermen is Gates, but Alderman-at-large Charles A. Baker should be rated almost the same. Although he did not enter the aldermanic board as early as did Gates, he has served in his present capacity for five years and was renamed for his sixth term this week. Besides his aldermanic experience, Baker was formerly on the school committee, of which he was chairman at one time, thus qualifying him for the presidency of the aldermen which he held in 1933.

Alderman Cornelius J. Murray of Ward Six holds the record for service as a ward alderman. His district is so well satisfied with the way he has conducted his share of city business that he had no opposition for his re-election for a fifth one-year term.

Next in line is ever-alert Alderman Daniel J. Keenan, who retained his office from Ward One for a fourth executive term, 1936. Victor A. Clare of Ward Two has served in the board for two years and will do so again in the coming twelve months. As a tribute to his popularity and aggressiveness, Alderman Perley P. Parker was unopposed for re-election for his second year.

The two new members of the board of aldermen are Freeborn W. Cressy of Ward Three and Fred L. True of Ward Four. Both men have qualifications which should prove beneficial in their tenures of office. Cressy,

grandson of the former mayor whose name he bears, succeeds Alderman Bernard F. Cheverie, who this month concludes three years of conscientious service to his ward and city. The Ward Four berth to be occupied by True, well known manager of Ropes Drug company's Beverly store, is being vacated this month by Alderman Robert W. Perrigo, completing three years in office. Perrigo will still be able to keep an eye on activities at City Hall from his new position at the Salem-Beverly Water Supply board's filtration plant in North Beverly.

Also unopposed for re-election were School Committeemen Russell P. Brown and C. Archie Herrick. Each has served on the school board for 12 years, Brown representing Ward Two and Herrick Ward Three. They are both well fitted for their duties, which they have carried out competently through their three previous, three-year terms.

The new sidewalk construction program of Governor Curley's looks a great deal like "work-and-wages" with its face lifted.

NOW THE TROUBLE BEGINS—Members of the incoming city government will have their troubles from now on until inauguration day—and after that, they'll still have plenty to think about.

Already candidates for the several salary-paying city offices have commenced their buttonholing and letter-writing. I have seen a letter from one of these candidates, written in identical style to four different aldermen, extending congratulations on their elections Tuesday and best wishes for success in the coming year. The only "catch" in the letter is that the writer concluded by expressing the hope that the alderman in January would vote him another year on a well-paid job.

If these candidates knew how the aldermen regard such 'phony well wishes, they could save pen, paper, ink and stamps and would probably be just as well off, if not better, had the letter never been written.

Mayor George J. Bates of Salem was not without opposition as at first understood, final returns from the recent election disclosed. Adolph Hitler was given one vote, and several others had their names written in on ballots.

NEW CHARTER—A committee, headed by Alderman-at-large Gates, has been working on a proposed new city charter, but little has been said about it all year.

If that new charter should go into effect next year, the aldermen elected this week may be "cheated" out of a year in office, as the charter revision will provide for two-year terms for aldermen, elected at the same time as the mayor, and therefore not going into effect until the 1936 city election.

Reports of heavy snowfall in Maine must suggest that the North Shore is not such a tough place in which to live during the winter months.

SUGGESTED CHANGE—Reference to the new charter calls to mind a situation which I found existed last Tuesday.

Continued

When I went to the polling place in Ward Two, I was given a ballot in the usual manner. I took it to a booth and on opening it was surprised to see that the names of both the Ward Two and Ward Three school committeemen were on it. This was the first time that I had had

to vote for a school board member in Beverly, and I was perplexed as to why I in Ward Two, should vote for a candidate from Ward Three.

Returning to the office, I immediately sought an explanation, which I readily received from some of my older associates. Before the day was over I had the pleasure of trying to explain the situation no less than a half dozen times to others, who have been in this city much longer than I have.

I wonder exactly how many people in Beverly understand why school committeemen are nominated in their own wards but elected by the voters of the entire city. The real reason is rather delicate to touch, but it is rather an absurd situation. The majority of the ballots in wards other than that from whence the committeeman candidate comes, I am informed, are never marked. People, as did I naturally suppose that they should vote for "school committeeman, Ward Two" the same as they do for "alderman, Ward Two," unless they are familiar with the provision of the existing city charter.

The general opinion seems to be that if ward nomination and ward election is good enough for ward aldermen, it is equally as good a policy for ward school committeemen. On the other hand, as was demonstrated in the latest election, the citizens are well satisfied with the work the present men are doing as there was no opposition offered. Committeemen Brown and Herrick, who each have served, as stated previously, in that capacity for 12 years already and would have been assured of re-election in their respective wards, anyway.

That is why it seems a logical suggestion to abolish that enigmatic idea of electing ward committeemen at-large, by providing in the new charter that they be elected in the wards they represent—and if there are to be biennial elections for mayor and aldermen, the members of the school board will also have to be elected for either two or four-year terms instead of three as is now the plan.

John Roosevelt has signed a pledge to drive more slowly and carefully. Now, if we could get his father to slow down and show a little more caution, the United States might be much safer.

CHRISTMAS FINERY—Beverly is now in the midst of the Christmas season, there being but 8 more full days for shopping, but Cabot street is not as bright and cheery as in former years.

Business is better, to be sure, but there is definitely something "missing" in the business section of Cabot street. City Hall is brilliant with its more than 2000 electric light bulbs glittering forth each evening until 9 o'clock, but that's not enough. The jewelry store, Des-

Jadines, located at the Railroad avenue end of the Times building, is the only other "Christmassy" spot on Beverly's main street.

On the other hand, Rantoul street is gay with its tiny Christmas trees and lights on alternate poles through one section. That is something that had not been expected this year, and it has caused considerable dissatisfaction among those who frequent the much larger business district along Cabot street. In announcing plans for Christmas decorations this year, Mayor Torrey said City Hall and Odell park, opposite the post office, would be decorated only. There is nothing in Odell park, and Rantoul street once again enjoys the ever simple and effective lighted tree decorations.

Explanation of this change in the original plans is given by the city electrician, who states that after he had finished City Hall, there wasn't wire enough to dress up Odell park; so more lights than ever were placed along Rantoul street, far below the picturesque post office and busy section from Broadway to Federal street.

To be sure, City Hall is unusually pretty, but there are few who will dispute the fact that the candle lights in each window would have been enough to make the building an impressive sight at night—and those colored lights, now strung all over City Hall, I firmly believe, next year will be back along Cabot street on small trees on the poles.

Enthusiasts of the great indoor sport, poker, could do well to observe the critical Italo-Ethiopian situation. Mussolini, Premier Laval and Sir Samuel Hoare all have the art of holding their cards close to the table and "bluffing" to perfection.

TOWNSEND PLAN—Although in its present form it is unquestionably impossible to ever be put into practice, the Townsend old age pension plan has become a paramount issue of the forthcoming 1936 elections.

The present outlook would indicate that the New Deal, from which it directly sprung, will be offered more danger by the plan than the Grand Old Party, because, it is generally conceded, neither President Roosevelt nor the Democratic party, in its National convention, will favor the \$200 a month pension. There will be, therefore, many more such candidates as the Republican Congressman elected by the Townsends in Michigan in the coming year. They will be from both major political parties, not necessarily endorsing the plan in its entirety, but being openly in sympathy with its fundamentals, in part, at least.

There are not only heavily enrolled Townsend clubs in Beverly and along the North Shore, but read what Oliver McKee, Jr., Washington correspondent for the Boston Evening Transcript, writes in pointing to the plan as a problem for all New England office-seekers:

"More than anything else, the Townsend old age pension plan, a direct offshoot of New Deal Utopianism, is a potential trouble maker for New England members of Congress. Though the prediction may safely be made that New England members, as a group, will refuse to vote half the national income for 9 per cent of the population, it is becoming increasingly evident that the growth of the Townsend plan movement, and the

political pressure that its promoters intend to apply, is causing real concern to New England members of Congress up for election next year.

"Under their present program, the Townsends will put candidates in the field in many, if not a majority of the congressional districts next year. In New England, as elsewhere, the injection of this new element in the political equation may upset the political equilibrium in close districts. It is this possibility that is causing a good deal of apprehension among veteran New England members on Capitol Hill.

"Dr. Francis E. Townsend and his lieutenants have been in Washington for some time, organizing their 1936 campaign plans. A Townsend pension bill will be introduced into Congress early in the session. This will provide for a 2 per cent transaction tax, through which it is proposed to make the Government expand national purchasing power each month by about \$1,800,000,000. Other probable provisions of the new bill include higher income, inheritance and gift taxes to supplement the transaction tax. Every effort will be made to force a vote in each chamber in order that every 1936 candidate for congressional office will be put on the spot—either as favorable or hostile to the old age pension plan."

President Roosevelt thinks that a platform is something on which to stand and debate. Can't help but recall that he discarded every plank of the Democratic platform of 1932 after he got into office.

"VERITIES" AGAIN "FIRST"—I harbored a feeling in distinct pleasure on Sunday morning when I read the "Local Politics" column of W. E. Mullins, one of Boston's foremost political commentators, in the Boston Herald.

Mr. Mullins characterized Governor Curley as much the same as the late Senator from Louisiana, Huey P. Long. I read the column throughout and was delighted to glean that it was no more than somewhat elaborated comment like that which appeared in this writer's weekly letter on Saturday, September 28, just ten weeks and one day before.

The theme of that September 28 "Verities" was that "Curleyism" policies must be given a defeat by the election of William H. McSweeney of Salem as the next Senator from the second Essex district. Curley was handed that defeat when the voters of this district elected "Billy" McSweeney their State Senator to succeed the late Albert Pierce of Salem. "Verities" predicted that Curley would become a candidate for the

continue 2

mind, a broader knowledge, & greater understanding as to the influence of any particular policy.

TIMES

grandson of the former mayor whose name he bears, succeeds Alderman

Democratic nomination for United States Senator and fore-told the inevitable consequences. The Mullins comment last Sunday was about Curley's announcement that he is a candidate for that nomination.

Except for the fact that the rapid change of the political outlook has led me to firmly believe that Curley could not be elected United States Senator as easily as it first appeared, the following excerpts from the September 28 "Verities" still stand:

"Is Massachusetts to be a second Louisiana?

"A startling question, perhaps; but the personal ambition of the Bay State's would-be dictator, Governor James M. Curley, is to have this Commonwealth become no less 'his empire' than was the Southern state to the late Senator Huey P. Long."

Election of a Republican Senator in the second Essex district was important, I continued. "Because, if the Democrat is elected, the Curley party will have control of the State Senate, which will be all the smooth-tongued governor needs to attain his political ambitions. If that is the case, Curley, who already has the executive council and House of Representatives—through the weak-minded submission of certain Republican legislators—under his thumb to do as he directs, will complete his plan for a real State dictatorship.

"The next natural move for Dictator Curley would be to seek the Democratic nomination for United States Senator; and it is not far from the truth to say that he would probably be elected—the only Democrat who would be able to win in 1936, when the Rooseveltian New Deal will bow to many defeats throughout the Nation. Like the late Louisiana Senator, Long, 'Senator' James M. would dictate from his seat in Washington just what his tool, the hand-picked governor who would be swept into office in the Curley net, and all branches of the State legislator would do."

Under the caption, "Next Step," of that same issue of "Verities" this paragraph, still bearing on the special Senatorial election, appeared:

"If Governor Curley SHOULD win the October 15th election here (he is the one whom it will affect most), he will become the Democratic candidate for the seat now occupied by Marcus Coolidge, the junior U. S. Senator from Massachusetts, who will be seeking re-election in the fall of 1936. That being so, Curley will engineer to the best of his ability the placing of present Lieutenant-Governor Joseph Hurley in the chief executive's berth, thereby. If he is elected U. S. Senator, having control of the State and governor's office as effectively as if he were still governor himself."

Now read what Mr. Mullins said, in part, in his weekly letter in the Boston Herald last Sunday and compare it with the "Verities" comment ten weeks and one day previously:

"The Huey Long theme is somewhat shopworn as a political topic, yet there is a striking analogy in many respects between the public career of the late Louisiana senator and Governor Curley's public career as he outlined it in retrospect last week.

"The Kingfish first became Governor of his state, transformed the Democratic party there into a personal machine and used the great power of his office to get himself elected to the U. S. Senate, whence he operated the state government by remote control.

"In the upbuilding of the Long party in Louisiana, Democrats like Mayor Walmsley of New Orleans, not parts of the great machine, were destroyed, and the state service was filled with Long satellites while Governor O. K. Allen became his chief marionette back home in the cane brakes.

"In Washington, Long's visions of establishing an empire with every man a king through the operation of his incredible share-the-wealth scheme of distributing property and money grew to such proportions as to strike fear into the heart of President Roosevelt as he viewed the mischievous possibilities.

"Massachusetts, once one of the great conservative states of the Union and a bulwark of Democracy, has a Governor now proceeding toward the construction of a Curley party from which are excluded even those lifelong Democrats who supported Brigadier-General Charles H. Cole against him only last year.

"With his numerous appointments thus far and with a full year to go, he has the opportunity of filling the state service with men of his own personal choice who have been under obligation to him rather than to a political party.

"As he prepares to drag Senator Marcus A. Coolidge out of his seat without so much as a by-your-leave, he also decides to name Lieutenant-Governor Joseph L. Hurley as his successor, undeniably with the intention of running Massachusetts from Washington."

"Verities" having proved that "first," it will be mighty interesting to note whether by nine weeks from now the Boston commentators have come to the same conclusion published in this letter a week ago—that Curley will be seeking re-election and that State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley will be the Democratic nominee for United States Senator.

A few college professors out of thousands of teachers in Massachusetts object to taking the oath of allegiance. Wonder what the percentage would be if the members of the Rooseveltian New Deal administration were asked to sign?

MORE OF THE SAME — In "Verities" last week I stated that Beverly's Henry Cabot Lodge Jr., would be the next United States Senator from Massachusetts.

Said Mr. Mullins in concluding his "Local Politics" column last Sunday:

"In the contest for the Senate Mr. Curley will be opposed probably by Mayor Sinclair Weeks of Newton or Representative Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., of Beverly. Without casting any reflections on the various men seeking the Republican nomination for Governor, this shift on Mr. Curley's part means that he will be given more vigorous opposi-

tion, because either Weeks or Lodge is equipped to make a stand-up fight.

"If the Governor has a better campaign issue as a candidate for senator, he also will have a sturdier opponent. The opponent, however, should be prepared to discuss the Townsend plan, old age pensions, a 30-hour work-week, unemployment insurance, and—possibly—work and wages again."

The A. A. U. and the A. A. A. have held the spotlight during the past week. The similarity is confusing. Amateurs usually are.

A RECORD OF SERVICE—The Beverly Female Charitable society is today informally observing the passing of its 125th anniversary.

The society is one of the oldest in the United States and has had a record notable for its service. Through the century and a quarter the names of many prominent Beverly women have been enrolled on the membership list, and today there is as much interest in carrying on the good work as in the days of the enthusiastic founders. It has done much in the name of charity and has carried on a noble work in a manner which has left those recipients of its aid feeling that it was well done.

If provisions in the United States Constitution hinder, get them out of the way, is the belief of "F. D. R." Racketeers have a similar code.

CHRISTMAS SPIRIT—Christmas is a time for giving—giving the best that we can with the idea of cheering someone else.

When the three wise men established the precedent for Christmas by journeying to Bethlehem to lay gold, incense and mur at the foot of the manger crib of the newborn King, they did so in expression of their joy that Christ had come to administer the teachings of His Father in Heaven.

Children have ever been taught that Christmas is a day of jubilation, and such a day it is for most of them. Down through the generations Christmas has been the greatest day of the year, when, as the story of our youth goes, Santa Claus and his reindeer come down from the North Pole to spread happiness everywhere. As children, we looked forward to Christmas from one December 25 to the next and thrilled at the approach of the morning when we would awaken early to find our stockings filled with oranges, apples and tiny presents.

Those of us who no longer enjoy that Christmas stocking ourselves know that many people have lost the true spirit of the Christmas season. Selfishness will never be rewarded. If you are familiar with anyone who thinks more about what he or she is going to get and, to be sure of getting at least some of those things, makes them known to all, you can do well by setting the example for them to follow by making your Christmas a day of giving and cheer.

Let us all recall that first Christmas story and, ahead of any personal desires, express our joy and gratitude at the opportunity of, in

continued

some way or other, making others happy and thereby assuring happiness for ourselves. That is the Christmas spirit — and it should prevail throughout each year.

Governor Curley denies that he is playing politics in office. We agree. There is nothing playful about high taxes, or having a capable man fired out of a job so that some incompetent can have it.

John Nance Garner sent encouraging reports from Japan. No, he isn't the promoter of a bunch of professional baseball players on a tour through old Nippon.

Have you bought that present for "him" or for "her?" Someone says that a good husband is one who knows what his wife really wants for Christmas.

Christmas Carnival sales in Beverly are booming. We learned this week never again to omit that list of lucky ticket numbers from the Tuesday Times.

—CARLETON B. HOVEY.

Concluded

Press Clipping Service

2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

Enterprise
Brockton, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

Date

Friday, the 13th, wasn't so terrible.

How many more days till Christmas? Darn few.

Cuba has a provisional president. That is, a temporary president, as usual.

The cheerful faces in a rising tide of shoppers are this town's Christmas decorations.

"O, the Town Owes Us a Living" seems to be the democratic theme song for the coming joint convention.

Republicans seem quite sure they can beat Curley or whoever the democrats put up next year for governor.

Retirement of the city auditor who served efficiently for 14 years does not make it easier for the mayor-elect.

RECORDER
Cambridge, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

★ EDITORIAL ★



CHARLES F. HURLEY

Circumstances in the political game of chess have maneuvered James M. Curley into the logical position as the Democratic candidate for the United States Senate. The move leaves blank the black square designated for the next Governor of Massachusetts.

Present conditions indicate another Democratic term in the Commonwealth's highest office despite spasmodic complaints about the old mule's tactics and resulting party turnabouts in several other states. Massachusetts is strongly democratic. However, there are still some months remaining before the sway of public opinion can really be determined. To insure the re-election of a Democrat to the governorship requires the foreseeing wisdom of putting forth the real persistent winner in the party.

State Treasurer Charles F. Hurley is the Democrat's man. He has long been the outstanding and respected "party favorite." For years he has been the consistent vote getter in the state. His selection secured by nomination next spring will bring forth the inevitable, another Democrat will move into the black square.

There is no candidate more deserving of the honor. None more willing to serve and better qualified.

As a scrupulous, sincere and time-honored politician State Treasurer Hurley's mere nomination means his election and another democratic year. It will be a pleasant transition Curley to Hurley, as easy to accomplish as the mere changing of a letter—and a splendid thing for the Bay State in the bargain.

SENTINEL
Cambridge, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

HARD TO ANSWER!

Mr. Editor:

I have no inside knowledge of party politics. I am merely a commonsense observer. Could you tell me why the Democratic state committee is silent about Gov. Curley removing from public place good followers in their places? I assume that the state committee, as well as city and town committees, are created to maintain party integrity. Is mayor-elect of Cambridge, John Lynch, the only Democrat in the state who has the courage to speak out when Democratic success is endangered? Is the Democratic state committee afraid to do its clear duty?

Yours,

E. L. M'M.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

SENTINEL
Cambridge, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

A LADY LIKES LYNCH!

Dear Editor:

I read your editorial praising Mayor-elect Lynch for his letter to the Governor's Council protesting the bad politics of removing so many competent officials at the State House. I voted for Mr. Curley for Governor and for Mr. Lynch for mayor. I belong to the independents in politics. It seems that I was wrong in my governor vote and right in the voting for Mr. Lynch. As a woman, I resent anything that smacks of crudity. As you rightly said, Massachusetts has no place for a Huey Long.

Sincerely,
INDEPENDENT.

DEC 14 1935

Polish Pastor Takes Up Fight to Re-open North Drawbridge for Traffic

DEMONSTRATION PLANNED MONDAY BY 4,000 HERE

Father Adamski Cites Handicaps Caused by Closing

Some 4000 residents of Wards 1 and 2 plan to make a public demonstration on Monday against the continued delay in the matter of opening the North drawbridge to traffic. Very Rev. Cyprian Adamski, O.M.C., pastor of St. Stanislaus church, will lead in the movement to bring pressure upon authorities to quit promising and open the bridge.

Fr. Adamski made a personal visit to the bridge this week and stated in an interview yesterday that from all appearances, the work is being delayed. He said he had sufficient reasons to believe that the promise of it being opened next week was just another promise and that if the bridge were opened the South draw will be closed.

The priest who has interested himself in the protest, is doing so surely from an unselfish motive. A large percentage of his parishioners reside in that section and the closing of the bridge has worked many hardships on them. It has resulted in loss of tenants and business in that section.

"It is a shame the way that officials have treated the people of Chelsea and the North Shore," said Fr. Adamski. "They have failed to make any real effort to open the bridge. All they have done is to make a lot of promises and then offer excuses. The time and money said to be involved in the work on the bridge should have been sufficient to do it in a much shorter time.

"I am going to personally take up the fight of the people in my district. I plan to appeal to Mayor Mansfield of Boston and if necessary to Gov. James M. Curley. There is no reason why the people of Chelsea should tolerate existing conditions any longer. We want action and no more promises. I visited the bridge this week and from all appearances there has been but little progress made in the repair work."

Leads Protest



VERY REV. CYPRIAN ADAMSKI, pastor of St. Stanislaus church, who is leading protest against continued closing of North drawbridge.

UNDER THE STATE HOUSE DOME

By THE BELL BOY

While the visualization of such a scene as may be expected were James M. Curley to acquire the title of United States Senator, is not hard to imagine it is extremely doubtful even in the minds of his now somewhat lukewarm supporters whether His Excellency's dream will be realized. It's really too bad, for dramatic purposes, that the Commonwealth must be shorn of the glory that must come when official Washington watched the parade of "Senator" Curley down the aisle to receive the oath, flanked on either side by some of his present day satellites in the State House. And one cannot but regret that the chances are remote that Dick-phoney will be there to accompany him on the trek into the Senate Chamber.

But the feeling grows that James M. has little chance of defeating either Sinclair Weeks or Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., whichever of the twain may be named as the Republican candidate. Curley has lost thousands of votes in the single year since last election and with each succeeding bye election that fact becomes more evident. That he will be able to win a victory over Senator Marcus Coolidge, should the latter decide to try for re-election, few doubt. But in the general election it will be a different story. For either Lodge or Weeks will give Curley plenty of things to think about. Each has a careful record of Curley's political deeds and misdeeds and each is a fighter, careful of his shots but firing with unerring aim and accuracy.

And if anyone believes that the Roosevelt administration would shoot with glee were Curley to become a near neighbor in Washington then that one is out of touch a bit with politics. It is probably true, on the contrary, that there would be little of grief in the White House were Curley to be defeated in the primaries.

That Victory dinner of the Republican Club made one blink his eyes a bit. For it hardly seemed possible there could be so much enthusiasm among members of a party which had been officially declared "dead" by Richard the First Grant less than a year ago. That there had been a complete resurrection was obvious. It was genuine enthusiasm, not alone over the victories in Worcester, Salem, Lowell and other points but over the outlook for the future. Fighting Bob Bushnell was at his best that night and his shafts of ridicule and his barbed thrusts at some

of the Governor's closest councillors—and councillors—must have caused the latter to writhe with pain when the remarks were reported to them.

One of the most able men in the Commonwealth today is Representative George G. Tarbell from Lincoln. Not an issue of importance but what Tarbell is able to closely analyze it and to state his stand without equivocation. In fact that's the way Tarbell works, without vacillation and with a directness which astounds his political adversaries. Tarbell handled the last campaign as beautifully and cleverly as one could, and against such tremendous odds that one knew the cards were stacked against him from the start. This man Tarbell is a real power in Massachusetts and few of the present day legislators are as alert and keen as is he. So far as one knows he is not a candidate for any State office but certainly the Commonwealth could do much worse than draft him for one of its most important posts.

There need be no fear so far as the Senatorial nomination is concerned that there are to be any sore spots after the convention or the primaries. The present avowed and potential candidates for the place are all putting up a clean battle, devoid of anything savoring of personal attacks and whoever is nominated will be given the unqualified support of the others. Lodge has the edge in that he has begun his campaign early and is making hay rapidly. It is doubtful whether any campaigner ever made a more pleasing impression. In the words of one of the town chairmen a few nights ago, following a speech made by Lodge, "That fellow has everything it takes."

Christian Herter is down South for a couple of weeks taking a much needed rest but if one believes that the likable and aggressive Chris has not his ear constantly attuned to his home State affairs, one is very wrong. Herter, Parkman, Tarbell, all of whom are at the moment vacationing for a brief period, form a triumvirate hard to equal for sheer ability and steadfastness of purpose.

FREE PRESS

East Boston, Mass.

Gov. James M. Curley For the Senate

The Hon. Whitfield Tuck, the live oak of the Abajona has sent the following letter to Governor James M. Curley.

ON THE ABAJONA
Winchester, Massachusetts,
December 9, 1935.

Honorable James M. Curley,
Governor of Massachusetts,
State House,
Boston, Massachusetts:

Dear Friend:

I am delighted that you are to be a candidate for United States Senator. My time and efforts are yours to the end. Only command me. When we meet I will say more.

You will win,—and then my desire and hope—you will be nominated for President of the United States in 1940.

Best wishes to you and yours,
WHITFIELD TUCK

DEC 14 1935

BARKER IN OFFICE

Former Representative William H. Barker Takes Up His Duties as Clerk of East Boston District Court on Thursday before Large Gathering of Officials—Many Flowers from Friends

Former Representative William H. Barker, appointed clerk of the East Boston District Court by Gov. James M. Curley, and confirmed by the Governor's Council, was inducted into office Thursday morning before a large crowd of officials, friends and relatives. The clerk's office was buried with flowers from friends. The occasion most unusual and highly pleasing to Clerk Barker. It was a propitious start.

Escorted by his predecessor clerk John S. C. Nicholls, Mr. Barker took his place at the clerk's desk just as Judge Joseph H. Barnes, chief justice, opened court. Assistant clerk Gus Loschi read Gov. Curley's commission of appointment and Judge Barnes administered the oath of office.

"I am pleased to welcome you to the East Boston Court," said Judge Barnes, "and I wish you every success in your official duties."

Clerk Barker, in response said, "Your Honor, Judge Barnes, I am indeed pleased to be a member of your official family, and I consider it a great honor to serve under such a sterling leader, a judge with such fine human qualities."

Later Mr. Barker received congratulations from a long line of friends in the Bar enclosure and later in the Clerk's office.

Among those present were Mayor James A. Roche of Everett, Finance Commissioner Philip H. Chapman, Attorney Gerald J. McCarthy, former Representative Thomas O. McEnaney, John McGee, Capt. Archibald Campbell, and James E. Maguire, former President of the East Boston and Winthrop Bar Associations.

Among friends who sent floral tributes to Clerk Barker were the following: Mr. and Mrs. William J. Alexander, Carl V. Bowman, Anthony Indrisano, Joseph Dunn and Jim Zito, Joseph Santarpio, Dr. E. L. Bishop, Louis H. Green, furniture dealer, Eddie McHugh, Bill Doherty, Mangini

Bros., Angelo Zito, Mr. and Mrs. J. O'Connell, Eddie McCarthy, East Boston Court Attaches, Mr. and Mrs. George Repucci, Mary Smith and family, James Coyle, Paving Dept., Thomas Murphy and Frank J. Johnston, Joseph Arena of the Otis Club, John Tringale, James Roche, Mayor of Everett, Timothy Cahalan and family, Station 7, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Celata, Chief William Pumphret, Winthrop Police, Fred Solari and J. Turvanan, The Morgue Club of Orient Heights.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

HERALD-NEWS
Fall River, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Curley Against Company Unions

Two hundred New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad employees have been advised by Governor Curley to vote against the proposal that they join a company union and cast their lot with the American Federation of Labor.

Assailing Carnegie and Frick as "the worst enemies of the workers in the history of America," the Governor credited the steel and coke kings with the creation of company unions. He referred to these organizations as "vicious creations" which "represent but one side in any industry and that is the employers' side." The Governor said: "For the best interests of America, the company union should be abolished."

HERALD-NEWS
Fall River, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Democrats Score Brady Statement

PITTSFIELD, Dec. 14, (AP)—Eugene T. Brady's political blast at Governor Curley today brought several Berkshire County Democrats to the Governor's defense.

Mr. Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, called on the Governor to "withdraw" from politics and scoffed at his United States senatorial ambitions in a statement from Washington Thursday night. A former Pittsfield bartender, Mr. Brady is employed in a Federal Bureau in Washington.

T. William Lewis, city councilman and former treasurer of the Young Democrats, wired the Governor:

"The Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges."

A telegram signed by James P. McAndrews voiced similar resentment at Mr. Brady's remarks and said:

"He is no longer recognized as president. I am writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and offer an apology to you."

The club has not been in existence actively, Pittsfield politicians said, since Jan. 1, 1933.

The Governor while in Fall River Thursday night said he did not know Mr. Brady.

DEC 14 1935

Boston Starts Suits As Result of Curley Regime Bond Deals

Dolan, Six Others Named in Actions
Seeking to Recover Profits on
Securities Sold to City.

PRICES EXCESSIVE, ALLEGATION

Firms Said to Have Been Controlled by
Former Treasurer Accused of "Frau-
dulent Scheme" in Complaints.

BOSTON, Dec. 14, (UP)—The City of Boston today brought suit to recover thousands of dollars in allegedly illegal profits made by Edmund L. Dolan and six others on bond transactions while Dolan was City Treasurer under Mayor James M. Curley, present Governor of Massachusetts.

Named with Dolan in a bill in equity filed in State Supreme court were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

All were said to be officials or employes of the E. L. Dolan company, the Legal Securities Corporation, or John F. Dever and Company, alleged to have handled the bulk of Boston's bond transactions during Mr. Dolan's term as City Treasurer.

Suit Charges \$250,000 Profit

The suit alleges that Dolan and the others profited to the extent of about \$250,000 by purchasing bonds at one price and selling them to the city at greatly increased prices.

"All," the charges state, "were fully aware of the fraudulent character of the scheme."

It states further that Dolan, "in anticipation of the election of Mayor Curley and Dolan's own appointment as City Treasurer, conceived and concocted the fraudulent and corrupt scheme."

City Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and his assistant, George R. Farnum, filed the suit.

A report last March by Mr. Farnum, former investigator for the Boston Finance Commission, complained that Mr. Dolan purchased for the city \$2,568,000 worth of bonds from brokerage houses allegedly under his control and that the city had paid \$61,952.59 more than the bonds could have been purchased for elsewhere. Dolan banked \$294,715 in cash for his brokerage firm while serving as City Treasurer, according to the Farnum report. It alleged that the Legal Securities Corporation was a dummy corporation dominated by Mr. Dolan.

The suit asks that Mr. Dolan be made to report gains and profits received from bond transactions with the city while he was treasurer.

It further asks that he render an accounting of such gains and profits.

Lastly, it asks the court to find that Mr. Dolan and his associates got the gains "illegally and in breach of his official duties to the city" and that he and the others be made to pay the money back to the city with interest.

DEC 14 1935

Jackson Denies Giving Governor Any Message About Finance Board

Former Chairman Complains That Curley, Hurley Refused to Talk with Him About Fall River Affairs. Not Opposed to Carven.

Denial that he wrote Governor Curley commending him for the appointment of Finance Commissioner Rupert S. Carven was made today by former Chairman James Jackson of the Board of Finance.

Mr. Jackson also said both Governor Curley and Lieutenant Governor Hurley have repeatedly refused to see him to discuss financial affairs relative to this city.

"I certainly would like to see this letter that I was supposed to have written the Governor," Mr. Jackson said. "I have no fault to find with the appointment of Mr. Carven, but I certainly did not write to Governor Curley to tell him so. In fact, I have not communicated with him in any matter pertaining to Fall River since he became Governor."

Mr. Curley told those in attendance at the Cote dinner in the Casino Thursday night that "one of the most gratifying letters" he has received as Governor "came from James Jackson, former chairman of the Board of Finance."

Curley's Claim

The Governor continued:

"Mr. Jackson said he regretted giving up his position as Finance Commissioner, but rejoiced in giving it up to an abler and better qualified man than himself, Rupert Carven."

Jackson Reply

This led Mr. Jackson to say:

"Governor Curley may be right in saying that I applaud the appointment of Mr. Carven. For all I know, Mr. Carven may be 10 times more able than I, but I wrote no letter to the Governor telling him so.

"As a matter of fact, I have never written to the Governor since the fire in Halifax a year ago this Fall. On the other hand, I have tried many times to confer with him relative to the finances of Fall River, but he has refused to admit me to his office.

"Lieut. Gov. Hurley has also refused to discuss the same subject with me."

Cote Got Jackson Job

The denial of Mr. Jackson that he wrote the Governor was not un-

expected, for it was pointed out by his friends that he had no occasion to compliment Mr. Curley for the choice of Mr. Carven as his successor.

Mr. Jackson's \$5,000-a-year position was not given to Mr. Carven, but to former Governor's Councillor Edmond Cote. Mr. Carven succeeded the late Joseph A. Wallace as a member of the Finance Commission at \$4,000 a year.

DEC 14 1935

Claims Conroy Should Resign

Boston Newspaper Attacks Dual Job Holding By Fall River Man.

Criticism of Senator Conroy's failure to resign from the Massachusetts Legislature and devote his attention to the duties of Industrial Accident Commissioner is voiced in an editorial appearing today in the Boston Herald, a Republican newspaper.

The paper asks how he justifies his continuance in both positions.

When Senator Conroy was named, he was expected to resign and several local men, including Representative William P. Grant, School Committeeman Peter F. Harrington and City Councillor Albert Bradbury were admittedly considering seeking his position.

The Senator, however, immediately after being named to the accident board, said he would not make a decision until he had conferred with Governor Curley.

At a political testimonial dinner here Sept. 26, Mr. Conroy said he would remain as Senator for another year, and added, "The newspapers may like to know that."

Editorial Comment

Today's Boston Herald editorial is entitled "Riding Two Horses" and reads as follows:

"How does William S. Conroy of Fall River justify his failure to resign his seat in the state Senate?"

"Gov. Curley appointed him last summer to the industrial accidents board, a position to which full-time devotion is necessary. Unquestionably his right to remain in the Senate will be challenged from the start, and if the challenge is proved legally sound, the people of Fall River will lack representation in the Senate for the remainder of the year.

"In its sad financial state, Fall River can hardly afford to be without a senator. Much of the legislation in the coming session is bound to touch in some way the textile workers who form so large a part of the city's population. The city, furthermore, is ruled by a state-controlled finance board. It is hardly fair that the citizens should be subjected to legislation which their spokesman was unable to support or oppose.

"Nor would Mr. Conroy's continuance in the Senate be fair to the other members of the industrial accidents board. It has much work to do, and if one member fails to perform his share of it, his associates are overloaded.

"Gov. Curley attempted back in January to remove Eugene C. Hultman from the chairmanship of the metropolitan district commission because he had held two state posts for the period of five minutes. Again, the Governor was charged in February with the activity which eventually prevented Representative Michael J. Ward from continuing as assistant United States marshal while he held his seat in the House. How does the case of Mr. Ward differ from the others?"

DEC 14 1935

When They Feed Together.

How the politicians do change their views of one another when they feed together on choice morsels out of the public crib at the expense of the taxpayers.

In the calm of last evening, after having read about the testimonial banquet tendered to Edmond Cote, chairman of the Fall River Board of Finance, at the Casino Thursday night, the reader's memory may have turned back to other days.

For example, former Mayor Edmond P. Talbot, who presided as toastmaster at the banquet, declared, according to the published report, that the appointment of Mr. Cote "enable us of the same race to rejoice in the fact that we have an American of French descent who is so qualified to fill this important appointment."

How was it before Messrs. Cote and Talbot joined hands to get as much of the getting as came within reach? Say, in 1926?

On September 13 of that year the newspapers carried the following remarks, made at a Democratic clambake at Lincoln Park.

Mr. Talbot speaking:

"We don't want Cote. He doesn't represent the Franco-American ideal. His Franco-American supporters were opposed to me last year. Cote never gave a man a square deal in his life."

At rallies reported on the same date, Mr. Cote, speaking:

"I see that Mayor Talbot, a Democrat, is doing the bulk of the fighting for Mark Duff." Mr. Duff was a Republican candidate for Governor's councillor. "At Lincoln Park," said Mr. Cote, "surrounded by his hangers-on and City Hall gang, he said, among other silly things that I have never been of any use to the city of Fall River, politically or otherwise."

Thereupon, Mr. Cote aimed this delicate thrust at Mr. Talbot's midrib: "A statement like this is very rich, coming from a man who has made a mess of things, both in business and city affairs. Without being personal as to various transactions, I can truthfully say that Fall River never had such a rocky period as during his term as mayor."

"Time hath a taming hand," says the sage, and never more so than when jobbers in politics have "got theirs," and no longer need to fight one another with verbal gas bombs.

Governor James M. Curley came down from Boston to join the festive gathering, and not a few will agree with him when he said that it was "a most unusual tribute to an ordinary American citizen."

"Unusual," indeed, when the method by which "an ordinary American citizen" became the chairman of the Fall River Board of Finance is recalled.

The wealth of words, drawn from the well of bombast at the command of Governor Curley, does not hide from dis-

Continued

cerning people the betrayal of all sound principles in politics perpetrated for the benefit of himself, believed to be the most sinister figure that has flitted across the pages of Massachusetts politics in the present generation, that won for Mr. Cote the "unusual tribute"—and a snug annual salary, on the side.

Mr. Curley chose the occasion to refer to what he proposed to do when, and if, he were afforded a wider field. The voters of Massachusetts, realizing what he has been doing in the narrower field of political office open to him in the past, may well read with misgiving of his plans for broader operations, and if they are wise they will shun the appeal to afford him such an opportunity.

SENTINEL Fitchburg, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

MR. CURLEY'S POSITION

Consider the peculiar position of Gov. Curley in his attempt to solve the employment problem, with incidentally a solution of his own political future. After announcing his candidacy for United States senator, he recounted his allegedly long battle for social security, his search for an answer to the question of unemployment, want, human need and suffering. He felt qualified, he said, to become a leader in the great movement of the day for a more abundant life because of his extended record of labor in behalf of the jobless and the unfortunate.

But he had concluded, he said, that the solution lay in federal government action, for the problem had gone beyond the point where it could be handled by the individual states. He wanted to go to Washington in order that he might have a hand in shaping a federal program that would insure a greater social security to the citizens of the future.

Yet within a few days after the announcement of his senatorial candidacy, his clash with Arthur G. Rotch, federal WPA administrator for Massachusetts, reached a new climax. The federal program of helping the jobless as developed by the present administration and administered locally by Mr. Rotch, Gov. Curley contended, had sadly broken down. Men were not receiving the "work and wages" which they had been led to expect. The fault, he felt, was with Washington and not with Beacon Hill.

This places Mr. Curley in a rather peculiar spot. As a strong advocate of centralized control and federal bureaucracy to solve economic ills, he finds himself in violent conflict with present methods of federal bureaucracy. As a candidate for United States senatorship who seeks to play his part in building up a federal machine to relieve the states of their autonomous control over economic problems, he becomes a highly vocal critic of the present federal machine designed for that very purpose.

What is the conclusion? Apparently, there is only one: Mr. Curley is badly needed in Washington to show the gentlemen there how to con-

struct a federal bureaucratic machine that will really work for the benefit of the jobless. This is either colossal conceit, or justified confidence in his own ability to give Washington the right answer—all according to the way you may choose to look at it.

But by the way Massachusetts is voting against the general policies of the New Deal, it would seem that the verdict of Bay State voters is clear: They have decided that federal bureaucracy is not the right answer. They reject the premise that our problems must be settled in Washington.

It is rather strange that while Massachusetts is making its decision against over-enlarged centralized bureaucracy, Mr. Curley decides to go to Washington to help swing the tide for centralization.

HERALD-NEWS

Fall River, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Belisle Supporters Confident He Can Get Commissioner Job

Supporters of the proposed appointment of Superintendent of Schools Belisle as State Commissioner of Education felt today that his chances were bright.

They based their opinion on reports from yesterday's press conference of Governor Curley.

Asked by a newspaperman if he had anything to say about the report Mr. Belisle would succeed Payson Smith, the Governor declared he was not ready to make a definite statement, and added:

"Well, what's the old saying? Fifty thousand Frenchmen can't be wrong."

City of Boston Files Suit Against Former Treas. Dolan Based on Bond Transactions

Settlement of Alleged Profits At Expense of Municipality Is Sought in Equity Action

**Six Other Persons Named With Former Official Who
Held Office While Governor Curley Was Mayor;
Bill of Complaint Signed by Mayor Mansfield;
"Fraudulent and Corrupt Scheme" Charged In-
volving Purchase of Millions of Dollars Worth of
Securities and Their Resale to City**

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (A. P.)—The city of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The city law department filed the bill in equity, bearing the personal signature of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, before the state supreme court.

Named with Dolan were six others.

They were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan, in breach of his duty as city treasurer, made profits in bond transactions at the city's expense. The bill asks that he be required to disclose and return to the city the alleged profits.

The other six are asked to account for any gains made by them through Dolan's alleged transactions. **\$250,000 Profits Alleged**

The bill alleged Dolan and the six others made profits of more than \$250,000 illegally through a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" involving the purchase of millions of dollars worth of bonds and their resale to the city.

The bill sets forth that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in October, 1929, in anticipation of his appointment to the post of city treasurer after the election of Cur-

ley as mayor. It alleges the formation of a corporation through which "large, secret and illicit gains and profits" were made by Dolan and the others by the resale of bonds to the city at "largely enhanced prices."

Henry E. Foley, city corporation counsel, and George R. Farnum, special corporation counsel, filed the bill.

Last year Farnum, while serving as special counsel for the Boston Finance Commission, sought to bring Dolan before that body in an investigation to determine whether or not he had any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation. The Legal Securities Corporation allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city.

Dolan was in Florida at that time and did not come before the commission.

After the election of Gov. Curley the personnel of the commission was changed through resignations and new appointments. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation.

NEWS**Gardner, Mass.**

DEC 14 1935

Christmas Remembrance

Gov. James M. Curley, Bayard Tuckerman, noted North Shore sportsman; Rev. Father Michael Ahearn, well known and popular Jesuit priest; Mary Young, famous actress and Brig. General Charles H. Cole, senior surviving officer of the overseas Yankee Division, will take the air Saturday night beginning at 9.30 to add their voices to the annual appeal of the Disabled Veterans Christmas Remembrance Committee. The organization hopes this year to provide the upwards of 4,000 Massachusetts men confined to Government hospitals in this state with a stocking containing a few inexpensive gifts from the people of Massachusetts on Christmas morning.

Taking part also in this most unusual program will be the well-known Ives Band and a number of the leading radio stars attached to the artists bureau of station WNAC. Roy Harlow, managing director of the station, will be master of ceremonies.

RECORDER
Greenfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

THE STATE

WORK Gov. Curley this week apparently decided he could not wait longer for the WPA to justify his campaign promise of "work and wages." Giving up whatever chance may have existed of obtaining supplemental federal funds, he ordered an immediate start of state highway sidewalk building with funds provided with the bond issue he crowded through the last legislature.

There are other PWA troubles. Several communities have found it impossible to construct contemplated works with the money allotted and supposed sufficient. There have been long payroll delays. Welfare agents of the western section of the state maintain there is much inefficiency in long range dealing with unemployment problems.

The Curley crowd contends much of the fault is with State Administrator Arthur P. Rotch but the Taxpayers association upholds him and some contend it is simply the rottenness of an artificial make-work system which is breaking out.

ECONOMY The Grange and the Taxpayers in separate state sessions this week adopted economy policies which should enable them to fight shoulder to shoulder in the coming political year.

OATH The teapot tempest of the teachers' allegiance oath continues to bubble, with Dr. Kirtley Mather agreeing to sign rather than embarrass Harvard and the heads of several institutions of learning and individualistic principles consulting the attorney general on how they can retain both their state charters and recalcitrant instructors who insist on oath reservations.

NEWS**Gardner, Mass.**

DEC 14 1935

EDITORIAL NOTES

Governor Curley is reducing privileges. His numerous secretaries and assistants have had the state seal on their personal cards which has helped more than once when a policeman asked where they thought they were going in such a hurry. It finally reached the knowledge of the governor that there were more such cards in use than could be accounted for by his staff and all their relatives. So he has ordered them all returned except one which his personal secretary is privileged to retain.

RECORDER**Greenfield, Mass.**

DEC 14 1935

**Says City Treas.
Was Profiteering**

BOSTON—(AP)—The city of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmund Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The city law department brought the bill, in the state supreme court, bearing the signature of Mayor Mansfield.

Six others were named with Dolan. The bill charges that Dolan in breach of his duty as city treasurer made profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The bill asks that he be required to disclose and return to the city the alleged profits. The others are asked to account for any gains resulting to them from Dolan's acts.

RECORDER
Greenfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935
**Start Wednesday
Building Guard
Cape Cod Camp**

**Curley Gets \$120,000
Toward Two-Million
Federal Share**

BOSTON (AP)—A \$3,600,000 program to line the state's highways with sidewalks appeared mired today in a morass of dispute between Gov. James M. Curley and State Administrator Arthur G. Rotch.

The latest development in the wordy war which has raged for nearly a week between the two executives was publication by the governor of a detailed report to support his charges Rotch had failed to give the state's sidewalk program proper cooperation.

Rotch, meanwhile, stood by his original position that he would fill quotas on the sidewalk projects as soon as labor was released from town projects now underway. He did not intend, he said, to have half-finished town projects merely to increase the number of state jobs.

Besides the sidewalk projects, a pet program of the governor, Rotch had other troubles, the principal one being complaint over delay in paying WPA workers in Lynn, Cambridge and other places.

In Lynn, delay in paying off 1200 workers caused them to storm the city hall. The city, to avoid distress, issued grocery orders involving expense of \$7500. Delays of payments for nearly three weeks to workers in Cambridge and Wakefield also were reported to be causing irritation there.

The governor also was in conflict with another federal agency over a public works project, but before yesterday was over the matter was smoothed over. Anxious that the state receive an agreed \$2,000,000 allotment for a national guard camp at Bourne, Curley declared that unless the money was forthcoming "the federal people would hear a blast from us."

Later in the day the state received \$120,000 toward the total grant. The governor said work would be started Wednesday on the project, on which from 100 to 700 men would be employed.

Work on the construction of state highway sidewalks on the French King highway, Greenfield, and from Whitney street to the cut-off, Orange, will start on Monday and will furnish employment for about 20 men on each project. It was originally planned to have the work started yesterday but the date was later changed by the highway department. These are the only two new highway sidewalk projects which have so far been ordered in Franklin county towns.

TIMES
Gloucester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

TIMELY TOPICS

Max Schmeling has signed to fight Joe Louis next June.

For a good slugging match, see Governor Curley and Mayor Mansfield.

The annual Oxford-Cambridge Rugby match this week was a tie, and 40,000 saw it.

What do you think of this? No more beano will be allowed in Nashua, N. H.

Now starts Chicopee's regular long school vacation, caused by its regular shortage of funds.

Under fierce factional opposition, President Carlos Mendieta of Cuba has resigned. He has held office two years.

Gaumont-British pictures has now lured eight major Hollywood stars to go over and work on its lot for a while.

The Charlestown prison has installed heavy steel gates to replace the wooden ones smashed by the truck in last week's break.

What more could Boston hockey fans want? Their first game against the Maroons on the home grounds brought them a fine riot and a nice victory.

Pan-American Airways says it can do the Atlantic as easily as the Pacific and will start trying it just as soon as landing fields abroad are provided.

Governor Curley, much in demand for next St. Patrick's day, has decided to speak then in Scranton, Pa., and decline his other invitation—to St. John, N. B.

Next week, Dr. Kagawa, Japan's famous Christian leader, arrives in this country to remain six months. He will speak in all sections, and be heard about here in April.

Each party demands that any city wanting its national convention next June shall raise a \$125,000 fund for its entertainment. St. Louis has already dropped out because it can't meet the ante.

The administration has built, rented, made over, some pretty big offices in Washington for its countless bureaus. But the latter grow so fast in number and size that all the preparations can't house them.

We know nothing whatever of the alleged sale of school teachers' jobs in Boston, over which there is such a scandal. We have heard, however, of conditions in other cities of the state which were very much like the "job selling" some Bostonians talk about.

There's a "Seven States" milk plan been approved by the authorities in Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Maryland, whereby they propose to give the federal AAA a limited power to control the wholesale milk price within their states.

A conspicuous figure whom we remember from three decades ago is Carter H. Harrison, who was then mayor of Chicago—and a good one. Mr. Harrison, it seems, is still vigorous at 80, and has just published his autobiography, "Stormy Years."

Tonight is that great Washington event to which newspaper men all over the country look forward—if they are only lucky enough to get a ticket. It's the Gridiron club dinner, which the President attends and talks confidentially. Mrs. Roosevelt doesn't like, by the way, to be left at home, so she is having a "Gridiron Widows' Party" at the White House at the same hour.

Times
Hartford, Ct.

DEC 14 1935

Date

**BOSTON IN SUIT
ON BOND PROFIT**

**Treasurer of City Under
Curley and 6 Others
Named in Action**

Boston—(UP)—The City of Boston today brought suit to recover thousands of dollars in allegedly illegal profits made by Edmund L. Dolan and six others on bond transactions while Dolan was city treasurer under Mayor James M. Curley, present Governor of Massachusetts.

Named with Dolan in a bill in equity were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

All were said to be officials or employees of the E. L. Dolan Company, the legal securities corporation, or John F. Dever and Company, alleged to have handled the bulk of Boston's bond transactions during Dolan's term as city treasurer.

Times
Hartford, Ct.
DEC 14 1935

Democrats Resentful Of Blast at Curley

Pittsfield, Mass.—(AP)—Eugene T. Brady's political blast at Governor James M. Curley today brought several Berkshire County Democrats to the governor's defense.

Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, called on Curley to "withdraw" from politics and scoffed at his U. S. Senatorial ambitions.

T. William Lewis, city councilman and former treasurer of the Young Democrats, wired the governor: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges."

Transcript
Holyoke, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

WESTINGHOUSE PAPER ATTACKS GOV. CURLEY

A signed article headed "Capitulation to the Democratic Party," assailing Gov. James M. Curley and urging support for a labor party is published on the front page of the Westinghouse union's weekly organ, which appeared yesterday.

The article, signed by George Searls Ensworth, begins "John F. Gatelee, president of the State Federation of Labor, has gone up and down this state boosting Mr. Curley to all the workers as the greatest governor labor ever had. . . . Told how organized labor has received more appointments at his hands than any other governor. But he forgets to mention they were 'political plums.' Practically every officer of every union is made to believe that he is on their side and such officer hand this line of bunk out to their members. . . ."

Transcript
Holyoke, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Holyoke Story In Envied By Some Other Cities

(Special to the Transcript)
BOSTON, Dec. 14 — Governor Curley will base his campaign for nomination and election to the United States Senate on advocacy of President Roosevelt's social security plan.

This was made perfectly apparent when, summoning the press to his side, the Governor said, "The next election will be a showdown between the social security plan of President Roosevelt and the Townsend plan and other plans of a similar nature."

"I admit that interest is growing in the Townsend plan in all parts of Massachusetts, but I am convinced that the social security plan of the President will receive the endorsement of the people at the polls. This is the greatest forward step in the history of our country." (The Governor says this at every possible opportunity.)

"I am daily receiving about 125 letters at my home and 1,200 letters at the State House. These letters have to do with the Townsend plan, the social security program and request for work."

These letters, of course, are not read by the Governor, but turned over to his office staff for perusal.

The most important thing is not what the Governor says, but what he does not say. He says nothing about his Work and Wages program, on which he was elected Governor. That is to give way to the new battle cry, social security.

MANSFIELD UNANSWERED

As yet the Governor has not answered the attacks made on him by Mayor Mansfield of Boston, who charged that Curley is a failure as Governor, and that he left the city of Boston in poor financial condition on the completion of his last term as mayor.

Day in, day out, during the past week, Curley has promised an answer to Mansfield. One day the answer was not forthcoming because, "although dictated, the stenographer, who took the notes was ill and could not type the statement." Now, Curley says that he has been bombarded with so many charges that answering them would leave him no time to do his routine work. He still promised that the Mansfield charges will be taken care of when he, the Governor, "get round to it."

ALSO THE ROTCH FIGHT

Governor Curley is also keeping up his controversy with the PWA Administrator, Arthur G. Rotch, in this case being on the offensive, rather than the defensive.

After releasing a lengthy statement showing how sidewalk work has been stopped, or delayed in Berkshire county, by the alleged non-co-operation of Federal Administrator Rotch's department, Curley put directly up to Rotch the

question of starting grading and swamp elimination work at the Boston state hospital. This work would cost \$679,041, of which the Federal Government would contribute \$651,050, and the State \$27,991. Curley told Rotch that he would ask his Council Wednesday to make an extraordinary appropriation for the work, if Rotch would proceed at once. The hospital job would give employment to 2700 men for six months.

Rotch is being hammered on all sides by the Governor and his cohorts, but there is no indication of his resigning or quitting office.

HOLYOKE BUILDING

Building conditions in Holyoke do not show an improvement in November, as compared with October, according to figures issued by the State Department of Labor and Industries.

Holyoke had one new residential building reported in November to cost \$4,750, and three new non-residential buildings to cost \$800. There were additions and repairs in Holyoke on buildings in November totalling \$1,200, which made the total cost of building operation in November, \$6,760. In October, the total building figures for Holyoke were \$21,475.

In Westfield, the total building figures for November were \$5,000, while during the preceding month they were \$30,600.

This lack of building enterprise is not reflected throughout the state as a whole. In fact, in November, building permits throughout the state, as reported to the department, were up 57.2 per cent. as compared with the previous month and up 144.13 per cent. when compared with November of last year.

AGAINST TAX PLAN

Meeting in Worcester, the Massachusetts Federations of Taxpayers' Associations declared that it would firmly oppose all new taxes in this state, until the Legislature takes definite steps to eliminate governmental waste and inefficiency. The association scored the special recess commission on taxation for its recent report advocating the imposition of \$17,000,000 additional taxation on the people of the state.

On the executive committee of the taxpayers' associations is George Pellissier of Holyoke.

HOLYOKE IS ENVIED

The city of Holyoke received wonderful free advertising when Governor Curley cited the business boom in progress in the city. Resumes of the story, which the Holyoke Transcript carried last evening, were carried in the Boston newspapers, in financial papers and through press services. Many a city father in other municipalities read with envy of the business conditions in Holyoke, which so delighted His Excellency, the Governor, that he saw them as a sign of the general business prosperity which will soon sweep the state and incidentally sweep him into the Senate of the United States.

Let's hope that the Governor's information as to Holyoke business is strictly accurate and that no one, the Governor's informant, nor the Governor himself, has fallen a victim to hyperbole.

Transcript
Holyoke, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

BOSTON SEEKS TO RECOVER MANY THOUSANDS OF DOLLARSON ALLEGEDLY ILLEGAL PROFITS OF DOLAN, OTHER PERSONS

BOSTON, Dec. 14—The city of Boston today brought suit to recover thousands of dollars in allegedly illegal profits made by Edmund L. Dolan and six others on bond transactions while Dolan was city treasurer under Mayor James M. Curley, present governor of Massachusetts.

Named with Dolan in a bill in equity filed in state supreme court were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

All were said to be officials or employees of the E. L. Dolan Co., the Legal Securities Corp., or John F. Dever & Co., alleged to have handled the bulk of Boston's bond transactions during Dolan's term as city treasurer.

The suit alleges that Dolan and the others profited to the extent of about \$250,000 by purchasing bonds at one price and selling them to the city at greatly increased prices. "All," the charges state, "were fully aware of the fraudulent character of the scheme. It states further that Dolan, 'in anticipation of the election of Mayor Curley and Dolan's own appointment as city treasurer, conceived and concocted the fraudulent and corrupt scheme.'"

City Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and his assistant, George R. Farnum, filed the suit.

Transcript
Holyoke, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Date

Walter Prichard Eaton of Sherfield and distinguished dramatic expert said this week at a meeting of the First New England conference on adult education in Boston that "he was ashamed of Governor Curley." Yesterday Prof. Kirtley F. Mather of Harvard, president of the group sponsoring that meeting, apologized to the Governor. That should satisfy him and clear Dr. Mather. But can you imagine what will happen to Prof. Eaton if he ever goes to Beacon Hill begging for political preferment.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM
Lawrence, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

SUE TO RECOVER "ILLEGAL PROFIT"

Edmund L. Dolan and Others
Are Defendants In
Boston Suit

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Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TRIBUNE
Lawrence, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

WANTS ELY TO QUIT DEMOCRATIC PARTY

NEW YORK, Dec. 13. (P)—Officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League," in a statement issued here tonight, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Gov. Joseph B. Ely, of Massachusetts.

In making the statement Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, Mass., said that their suggestion was a counter proposal to one made in Washington, D. C., last night by Eugene T. Brady, president of the Young Democratic club of Berkshire county, Mass.

Brady had demanded that Gov. James M. Curley, of Massachusetts, withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Governor Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

The National Support Roosevelt league, with branches in several states, has claimed credit for inspiring the American Bar Association investigation of the activities of the Lawyers committee of the American Liberty league.

Walsh and Kaplan, who conferred with members of the National Democratic committee in Washington yesterday on the possibility of securing the Democratic National convention for Boston, met other Democratic leaders here tonight. They said they were seeking to coordinate Roosevelt forces for the coming campaign.

News
Lawrence, Mass.

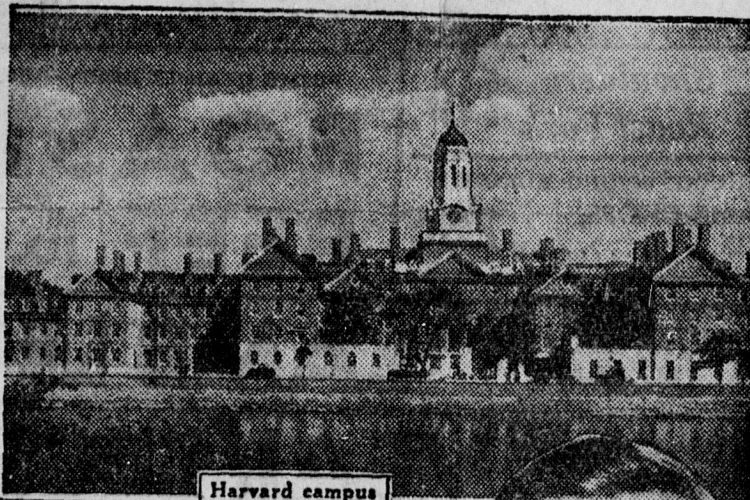
DEC 14 1935

Date

New England to Campaign for Tourist Trade



Historic church



Harvard campus



Daniel Webster's birthplace



Gov. Curley

One of the first concerted moves on the part of a group of states to promote their mutual welfare is underway in New England. At a recent conference in Boston, attended by governors of six states, plans were outlined for "selling" the scenic beauties and historic shrines of the section to American tourists and travelers from abroad. Improved

highways, co-ordinated air service, development of parks and nature reserves, and publicizing of New England's charms are some of the objectives set up by the New England council sponsoring the movement by which New Englanders hope to win new revenue. Gov. James Curley of Massachusetts is one of the backers of the plan.

DEC 14 1935

REPUDIATE ATTACK BY BRADY UPON GOV. CURLEY

**Young Democrats of Berkshire County De-
clare He Is Not President of Club—
Denounce Statement**

PITTSFIELD, Dec. 13. (AP)—A political blast at Gov. James M. Curley by Eugene T. Brady in Washington last night, drew fiery retorts to-night from some of his fellow Democrats in Berkshire county.

Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic club of Berkshire county, called on Curley to "withdraw" from politics at the end of his term and scoffed at Curley's ambitions to go to the U. S. Senate.

Brady, former bartender in Pittsfield, is now employed in a federal bureau in Washington.

T. William Lewis, city councilman of North Adams, and former treasurer of the Young Democrats, wired the governor tonight: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire county resent and publicly discredit the vic-

ious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges. Berkshire Democracy condemns this attack as a puny attempt to receive notoriety."

Another telegram, signed by James P. McAndrews, voiced similar resentment at Brady's remarks and added: "He is no longer recognized as president . . . Am writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and offer an apology to you."

The club to which Brady claimed to be president had not been in active existence, local politicians said, since Jan. 1, 1933.

Last night the governor said he did not know Brady and did not care to make his acquaintance.

EAGLE
Lawrence, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

WANTS ELY TO QUIT DEMOCRATIC PARTY

**National Support Roosevelt
League Urges Ex-Gov.
to Withdraw**

NEW YORK, Dec. 13. (AP)—Officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League," in a statement issued here tonight, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Gov. Joseph B. Ely, of Massachusetts.

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DEC 14 1935

ROW OVER HIGHWAY SIDEWALKS STILL ON

BOSTON, Dec. 13. (AP)—A \$3,600,000 program to line the state's highways with sidewalks appeared mired tonight in a morass of rows and disputes between Governor James M. Curley and State WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch.

The latest development today in the wordy war which has raged for nearly a week between the two executives, was publication by the governor of a detailed report to support his charges Rotch had failed to give the state's sidewalk program proper co-operation.

Rotch, meanwhile, stood by his original position that he would fill quotas on the sidewalk projects as soon as labor was released from town projects now underway. He did not intend, he said, to have half-finished town projects merely to increase the number of state jobs.

Besides the sidewalk projects, a pet program of the governor, Rotch had other troubles, the principal one being complaint over delay in paying WPA workers in Lynn, Cambridge and other places.

In Lynn, delay in paying of 1,200 workers caused them to storm the city hall. The city, to avoid distress, issued grocery orders involving expense of \$7,500. Delays of payments for nearly three weeks to workers in Cambridge and Wakefield also were reported to be causing irritation there.

The governor also was in conflict with another federal agency over a public works project, but before the day was over the matter was smoothed over.

Anxious that the state receive an agreed \$2,000,000 allotment for a National Guard camp at Bourne, Curley declared that unless the money was forthcoming "the federal people would hear a blast from us."

Later in the day the state received \$120,000 toward the total grant. The governor said work would be started Wednesday on the project, on which from 100 to 700 men would be employed.

Another WPA matter occupying the governor today was a \$679,000 project to employ 2,700 men for four months on land clearance and grading on grounds at the Boston State hospital.

He wrote Rotch, urging adoption of the proposal, and promising he would recommend to the executive council next week that it make available immediately the state's share of the project, \$27,991.

DEC 14 1935

ROW OVER HIGHWAY SIDEWALKS STILL ON

Gov. Curley Charges Rotch
Has Failed to Give
Cooperation

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DEC 14 1935

Boston Brings Bill In Equity Against Former Treasurer

Charge Dolan Participated in Bond-Selling
Scheme Which Allegedly Cost City \$250,000
--City Asks Accounting From Six
Alleged Associates

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP)—The city of Boston brought equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Governor James H. Curley was mayor, charging participation in a bond-selling scheme which allegedly cost the city \$250,000. The city seeks an accounting and reimbursement.

The bill, signed personally by Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, and filed with the State Supreme court asks an accounting from Dolan and return of alleged illicit profits made while he was city treasurer. It also seeks an accounting from six alleged associates of Dolan.

They included J. Walter Quinn, an electrical contractor, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, an employee in the State Public Utilities Department, all of Boston, Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge. The bill re-

served the right to add other names.

The bill charges Dolan, in breach of his duty, participated in a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" in which millions of dollars worth of bonds were sold to the city above their market value and profits of more than \$250,000 were made between 1930 and 1933.

Among the corporations mentioned in the bill of complaint were the Legal Securities Corporation, the John F. Dever Company, and the E. L. Dolan Company.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in the fall of 1929 in anticipation of his appointment as city treasurer after the election of Curley as mayor.

It charges that he established an office at 60 Congress street under the name of the E. L. Dolan Company and used his private brokerage office for "corrupt schemes." The bill alleges Dolan formed an independent corporation and, thru dummy and "straw" directors "made large, secret and illicit gains and profits thru the purchase at one price and reselling

them at a largely enhanced price."

The bill set forth that the Dolan Company was involved in the selection of straw and dummy incorporators, directors and officers and the issuance of stock certificates in dummy names, all at the procurement of Dolan.

Last year, George R. Farnum, then counsel for the Boston Finance Commission, sought to bring Dolan before that body in an investigation of the affairs of the legal Securities Corporation which allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city.

Dolan, in Florida at the time, did not appear.

After the election of Curley as Governor the personnel of the commission was altered thru resignations and new appointment by Governor Curley. Farnum resigned. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation. The newly-constituted commission then reported the charges had not been proved.

Farnum later joined the city's legal staff as special corporation counsel, and with corporation counsel Henry E. Foley filed the equity bill today.

The city charges, in the complaint, that Dolan and the other respondents "to cover their tracks and to avoid detection have either destroyed or concealed all the books of the Legal Securities Corporation and the E. L. Dolan Company."

Another specification alleges Dolan "as an intimate friend and associate of the then mayor, James M. Curley" and by reasons of his various offices enjoyed an exercised "controlling influence" and controlled the investment and management of trust funds of several city boards "and at all times exerted said power in the furtherance of said fraudulent and corrupt schemes."

ENTERPRISE
Leominster, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Equity Action Against Dolan Is Brought

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP)—The city of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmond L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. Curley was Mayor, for settlement of profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The law department brought the bill, bearing the signature of Mayor Frederic W. Mansfield, before the state Supreme Court. Six others were named with Dolan.

The bill of complaint charges Dolan, in breach of his duty as treasurer, made profits in bonds at the city's expense. The bill asks that he be required to divulge and return the alleged profits. The others are asked to account for gains made by them through Dolan's alleged transactions.

COURIER-CITIZEN

Lowell, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Governor Curley's contemptuous response to the demand that he quit politics is, "Who is this Br dy?" It is about as appropriate as his rejoinder to the demand of Mr. Bacon in the last campaign that Curley explain how he could afford to live as he did in such a splendid house, with no livelihood but political officeholding—the report was something like, "Shame on you!" Our belief is that the conduct of the present administration has operated to make it impossible for the governor to command a winning vote in any state-wide contest for any office—senator or other. If this state isn't heartily sick of Curleyism, it has a stronger stomach than we had ever supposed it had. It may seem rather cruel to ask Mr. Curley to give up politics altogether, for, so far as we recall, it has been his life work and we doubt that he could turn his hand to anything else at 60 which would yield so handsome a return. There's always the Boston mayoralty, of course. He seems to be able to recapture that as often as he likes.

SUN
Lowell, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

Safety Council's Death Is Decried

William A. Andrews, formerly of Governor Curley's abolished safety council, today while visiting in this city, stated that while in the course of conversation with many of his friends, he was asked what effect the safety education by police department had, and replied that in his opinion, the "safety council move-



WILLIAM A. ANDREWS

ment had received a severe blow when it was stopped by the governor."

Andrews, who was the original sponsor for sidewalks in rural communities, would be a delegate to the Republican convention and is also a candidate for the house of representative from Suffolk county.

He stated that in travelling throughout the state, "the sentiments of the rank and file is that business is more stable and progressive," and "that the people today want positions and not welfare, as the individual is subject to humiliating and

embarrassing situations before securing welfare."

LEADER
Lowell, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

BOSTON SUES EX-TREASURER, SEVEN OTHERS

E. L. Dolan Is Among Those Named in the Declaration.

BOSTON, Dec. 14. (UP)—The City of Boston today brought suit to recover thousands of dollars in allegedly illegal profits made by Edmond L. Dolan and six others on bond transactions while Dolan was city treasurer under Mayor James M. Curley, present governor of Massachusetts.

The suit asks that Dolan be made to report gains and profits received from bond transactions with the city while he was treasurer.

The suit alleges that Dolan and the others profited to the extent of about \$250,000 by purchasing bonds at one price and selling them to the city at greatly increased prices. "All," the charges state, "were fully aware of the fraudulent character of the scheme." It states further that Dolan, "in anticipation of the election of Mayor Curley and Dolan's own appointment as city treasurer, conceived and concocted the fraudulent and corrupt scheme."

City Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and his assistant, George R. Farnum, filed the suit.

Named with Dolan in a bill of equity filed in State Supreme court were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

All were said to be officials or employees of the E. L. Dolan Co., the Legal Securities Corporation, or John F. Decker & Co., alleged to have handled the bulk of Boston's bond transactions during Dolan's term as city treasurer.

A report last March by Attorney George R. Farnum, former investigator for the Boston Finance commission, complained that Dolan purchased for the city \$2,568,000 worth of bonds from brokerage houses allegedly under his control and that the city paid \$61,952.59 more than the bonds could have been purchased for elsewhere. Dolan banked \$294,715 in cash for his brokerage firm while serving as city treasurer, according to the Farnum report. It alleged that the Legal Securities Corporation was a dummy corporation dominated by Dolan.

Another Vacancy Looms in Local Fin. Com. Ranks

Rumored Nomination of A. J. Blazon as New City Treasurer Will Pave Way for Republican Appointment by Governor.

By WARREN M. POWER.

If Mayor-elect Dewey G. Archambault names Attorney Albert J.

Blazon to the post of city treasurer, as many believe he will, there will be a vacancy in the Finance commission which Governor Curley will be called upon to fill. The holding of the position of finance commissioner and city treasurer by one man being regarded as incompatible. The term of the members of the Lowell Finance

commission expires in June, 1936, and unless a new bill is introduced for another Finance commission and the bill meets the approval of the governor, of which there is some doubt, the commission will die a natural death. No one with authority to do so has been heard to hazard a guess as to just what attitude our Democratic legislators will take in the matter of extending the life of the Finance commission.

Originally emanating from Republican circles, passed by a Republican legislature, and approved by a Republican governor, the Finance commission idea was regarded as anathema among the Democrats. Strangely, however, during the incumbency of Governor Ely Democrats gained majority control of the board with the appointment of the late Edward J. Tierney, to succeed Arthur T. Safford, Republican. There are many Democrats who will tell you that the Finance commission has outlived its usefulness and that its maintenance is a useless expense. It is quite settled in the opinion of those in the know that the continuance of the commission in Lowell will depend very largely on the attitude of Governor Curley and the benefits that might accrue to him if it were kept on the statute books. In any event



if Finance Commissioner Blazon goes to the city treasurer's office, the governor will be called upon to appoint a Republican for the rest of the term.

A Few Figures on Vote-Getting Ability

The other night we heard a discussion over the vote-getting ability of certain prominent Democrats mentioned for the Democratic nomination for governor. The discussion was brought about by a statement in this column that a candidate like Judge John E. Swift who polled 750,000 votes against Gaspar Bacon would be a strong candidate. We pause to chalk up the official vote as taken from the official records at the State House in the 1934 election which may act as a guide in future discussions. Lt.-Gov. Hurley received a vote of 738,626 against the Republican, John W. Haigis, of 666,493. Hurley's plurality was 72,133.

State Treasurer Hurley against Oscar U. Dionne received 771,948 to the Republican's 593,465. The state treasurer's plurality was 178,483. In the state auditor's contest Hon. Thomas H. Buckley received a plurality of 143,395. His vote was 752,264. Alonzo B. Cook, his opponent, got 608,959. Paul A. Dever, present attorney general, received 706,442 against Joseph E. Warner's 659,494, giving Mr. Dever a margin of 106,442 votes.

May Name Mrs. Rogers Committee Chairman

Washington newspaper correspondents who indulge in the fanciful as to which of the major parties will rule the roost in the lower house in the 75th Congress have been figuring that in case of Republican control Representative Edith Norse Rogers would become the head of the powerful War Veterans' committee in the 1937 Congress and would also occupy a com-

manding position on the important committee on foreign affairs. All of these things, however, are contingent upon the ability of the Republicans to take over control from the Democrats, and one must wait future developments.

State Senator William F. McCarty is being talked of at the State House as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for secretary of state at the convention in June. This position, now held by Frederic W. Cook, was the only major political office gained by the Republicans at the 1934 election. Mr. Cook had the scant plurality of about 11,000 votes over the Democratic candidate Joseph Santosuosso, and Mr. McCarty's friends at the State House feel that his victory for senator in a Republican district would make him a strong candidate.

Once again it has been demonstrated that the sitting mayor cannot pick his successor in the defeat administered Gen. Daniel Needham by Edward O. Childs in Newton this week. Aside from the fact that it was a rebuff to Mayor Sinclair Weeks who was strong for Needham, the Newton election demonstrated that they do come back, for Mr. Childs returns to office as mayor after retiring from the place in 1929. As they say in the big baseball leagues, Mr. Childs must have something on the ball, for prior to 1929 he served 16 years as mayor and now goes in for two more.

For sheer vote getting ability the orchid and the roses, too, go to Mayor Walter Griffin of Lawrence who rolled up the unheard of majority of 18,000 votes against his competitor in the Lawrence election. There is no question that Mayor Griffin's availability as a candidate for Congress in the Lynn-Lawrence district, or for some major state office, will be put forth by his Democratic friends in Lawrence. Any man, Democrat or Republican, who can secure an 18,000 majority in a municipal election has something to offer the big-wigs of either party for promotion to higher office. Lowell friends of Mayor Griffin look for his advancement in the political arena.

Our Republican brethren made much of their ability to carry Lowell, Worcester and Somerville in the municipal elections. Very naturally, too, the Democrats can shout over their victories of Northampton, Brockton and North Adams, where they took control away from Republicans. To be fair, however, state or national issues do not figure very largely in city-wide contests and the comfort either party gets out of returns cut but very little ice in national elections.

The twists and turns that voting takes in our municipal elections operates to the advantage or disadvantage of some candidate who is seeking a place higher up. It was commonly reported at the Democratic convention in Worcester last June that Mayor John C. Mahoney of Worcester was being groomed for the Democratic nomination for lieutenant governor at a subsequent state primary. To the surprise of

Continued

his friends Mayor Mahoney was recently defeated for renomination in Worcester and by the same token Representative Kelley was defeated for election as mayor by the Republican, Mr. Cookson. We gathered from the comment heard at the time that Mayor Mahoney, if he secured his third election as mayor, would have entered the race for lieutenant governor this year. He may make the race anyway for they do say he has a rugged style of campaigning.

Politics are starting to warm up in Billerica with the announcement

that one of the town's best known residents, Bartholomew T. Hayes, has consented to become a candidate for the Board of Selectmen at the coming election. A vacancy now existing by reason of the untimely death of Dr. Maurice A. Buck has not been filled and will not be filled until the regular town election. Mr. Hayes, who is in business in Lowell, has long been regarded as one of the town's conservative yet forward-looking citizens and his announcement has created more than ordinary interest. He is a member of the Lowell Kiwanis Club, a director of the Lowell Chamber of Commerce, trustee of the Knights of Columbus and a member of the Lowell lodge of Elks.

Ex-Trooper Is Local Visitor

William A. Andrews Will Be Candidate for G. O. P. Office.

William A. Andrews jr., of Revere, former member of the governor's safety committee, who has ad-



WILLIAM A. ANDREWS.

dressed hundreds of persons here on safety measures, in recent years, was a visitor in Lowell today.

And, incidental to his visit, he stated that he is a candidate for delegate to the Republican convention and also for Republican representative from the Revere district. He is in the refrigeration business just at the present time.

Quite naturally the ex-sergeant of state troopers believes that the Republicans will elect all state officers at the next election in 1936.

Young married couples will find the most desirable and reasonably priced houses and apartments for rent—fully described in the Real Estate columns today.

The program will be held following the monthly business meeting, which will be in the charge of Mrs. William H. Sullivan, president. Reports will be submitted on the telephone bridge, which was held re-



MRS. WILLIAM H. SULLIVAN.

cently, and the membership drive, which closes at this meeting. Any one wishing to join may do so later in the year, but no solicitations will be made after tomorrow's meeting.

The Christmas pageant, which is under the general direction of Miss Mary E. Tobin, program chairman, assisted by Miss Gertrude F. O'Brien, includes the following scenes: The Annunciation, The Angel's Message and The Nativity.

The characters are as follows: "Virgin of the Annunciation," Eleanor M. Sullivan; "Virgin of the Nativity," Mary E. Highland; "Angel Gabriel," Louise Riordan; "St. Joseph," James F. Droney; "Angel Messenger," Alice McCann; "Boy," Robert Maguire; "Shepherd," Edward Quinn; "Jeanette," Edna May Roane; "Isabella," Mary Margaret Wood; "Kings of Orient," Raymond McDermott, Joseph Sharkey, Thomas Wholey; "Reader," Miss Barbara L. Morris.

The musical numbers will be as follows: Scene I, "Winds throu the Olive Trees," Glee Club; "Ave Maria," violin; "Oh Sanctissima," Louise Riordan; "Magnificat," St. Rita's quartet; "Softly the Echoes," Glee Club; Scene II, "The First Noel," Glee Club; "Fluete Obbligato," Gertrude Lequin; "Angels

We Have Heard," "Angels' Chorus; "Haste Ye Shepherds," Alice McCann; "It Came Upon the Midnight Clear," Glee Club; Scene III, "O Holy Night," Glee Club; "Silent Night," Glee Club; "Shepherds Cradle Song," Robert Maguire; "We Saw the Great Array," Edward Quinn; "We Three Kings of Orient Are," Raymond McDermott, Edward Sharkey, Thomas Wholey; "Torches Bring," Village Children; "Dear Little One," Glee Club; Finale, "Adeste Fideles," St. Rita's Trumpeters and Ensemble.

Miss Gertrude F. O'Brien is the accompanist and director.

The Shepherds are Raymond Foye, Robert Maguire, James Mark-

ITEM

Lynn, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Radio Waves

Gov. James M. Curley, Bayard Tuckerman, north shore sportsman; Rev. Michael Ahearn, Jesuit priest; Mary Young, actress, and Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole, will take the air tonight, beginning at 9.30 o'clock, to add their voices to the annual appeal of the Disabled Veterans' Christmas remembrance committee. This broadcast will be heard over WNAC. The organization hopes this year to provide upwards of 4000 Massachusetts men confined to government hospitals in this State with a stocking containing a few inexpensive gifts from the people of Massachusetts on Christmas morning. WEEI will stage a broadcast in the interests of the disabled veterans Sunday afternoon, at 1.30 o'clock, and station WBZ, Sunday, Dec. 22, at 10 PM.

A seldom heard song by the Polish pianist, Paderewski, and an aria from "Tannhauser" will be highlights of Elizabeth Rethberg's program as guest soloist with the Ford Symphony Orchestra and Chorus directed by Victor Kolar over WNAC, Sunday, at 9 PM.

Bishop Ralph Hayes, rector of the American College in Rome, will speak during a transatlantic program over WNAC, Sunday, at 12.45 PM. The broadcast is in commemoration of the 76th anniversary of the founding of the school by Pope Pius IX. It also will effect a radio reunion with thousands of alumni in the United States.

A chorus of 125 Drake University students, accompanied by a 40-piece symphony orchestra, will broadcast Handel's oratorio, "Messiah" over WBZ, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Capt. Edwin C. Musick, pilot of The China Clipper, trans-Pacific flying boat, will be interviewed by Wallace Beery on the Chateau broadcast from Hollywood at 9.30 o'clock tonight. Other headliners on the bill will be John Barrymore, who will co-star with Beery in a one-act play, "Napoleon's Barber"; also George Moran, surviving member of the Moran and Mack team, with his new partner, Rex Van, Lola Lane, songstress and Victor Young's orchestra.

*Among the Special Feature
Articles Which Will Appear in
TONIGHT'S*

EVENING LEADER

Will Be the Following:—

Benevolent Uncle Sam Helping to Keep Needy Lowell Students in School

Government offers \$6 a month to high school and ninth-grade students who otherwise would have to drop studies. Adults interested in improving their education also entitled to aid. By MICHAEL LARGAY.

—o—o—o—o—

"Mad Trapper" of Far North Flies Own Plane Over Regions Which Dismay Hardened Aviators

Here is the unusual story of a youth who went alone into Arctic wilds and became the most expert hunter of this modern age. Illustrated.

—o—o—o—o—

Another Vacancy Looms in Ranks of Lowell's Finance Commission

Reported appointment of Albert J. Blazon to city treasurer's post will pave way for Republican nomination by Governor Curley to board which has become storm centre of local municipal activities. By WARREN M. POWER. Illustrated.

—o—o—o—o—

Christmas Toys Reflect Modern Trends

These are the days when kiddies and grown-up children haunt the toy shops in Lowell stores. All have fingers itching to try out the latest in mechanical toys or to fondle the beautiful dolls. This Christmas season finds Lowell stores well stocked to meet the desires of every child, if reporter can believe his own eyes. By PHILIP A. RICHARDSON.

—o—o—o—o—

*continued
on page 2*

Going Back Over the Sports Trail

How good are you at remembering the names and achievements of the great athletes of yesteryear? Test your memory with this list of outstanding runners, wrestlers, boxers, bowlers, fencers and other sports-page luminaries of 10, 20, 30, 40 and 50 years ago. Read of Ronald Paquette's interesting collection of pictures and records of those men. By GEORGE H. PARENT.

o-o-o-o

Mayor-Elect Has Numerous Opportunities to Build Up Record of Worthwhile Service

Modernization of Lowell's public safety department one of paramount problems which Dewey G. Archambault will face in next two years. By JOSEPH N. CASEY.

o-o-o-o

The Volunteer Fireman Is No Longer a Subject for the Comic Pages

Expert training of part-time men, particularly in smaller communities, has produced excellent results, according to state officials, who cite the Lowell training school as an example of what can be done in this direction. By OLIVIER A. PAGE. Illustrated.

Plus copious illustrations, up-to-the-minute spot news coverage, two women's pages, theatre section and the finest sport pages in Middlesex County. No wonder they're calling the

EVENING LEADER

"The BETTER Evening Paper."

concluded

ITEM

Lynn, Mass.

SENATOR COLE ATTEMPTS TO CURB GOVERNOR

Files Bill Prohibiting Council Members From Being Appointed to Paid Jobs.

POWER NEVER INTENDED

Resignation and Filling of Vacancies By Supporting Friends, Criticized.

Senator Albert Cole (R) of the Lynn-Nahant-Swampscott district, created a political sensation Friday at the State House when he filed a bill to prohibit the Governor from appointing a member of the executive council who resigns, to any post, the salary of which is payable out of the State treasury.

Senator Cole's move is made to checkmate in the future "the kind of political football" that various members of the General court and others high up in Republican and other politics of the State have criticized the past few months because of Gov. Curley, as alleged, securing political control of his executive council by appointing two councillors elected as Republicans to important salaried posts, including a judgeship, after these councillors supported the Governor in the council. They resigned after the legislature had adjourned when it was known the Governor would have the right to fill the councillor vacancies with Democrats.

Senator Cole said: "Any one who has followed the doings of the council chamber the past 10 months will know at once why I am filing this bill." The bill reads:

The Bill.

"No member of the Council shall, during the term for which he was elected, be eligible for appointment to or service in any office or position created by statute whereof the salary is payable from the State Treasury."

It proposes one of the most drastic curbs on the political powers of

a governor that has been suggested in the State House in some years.

The places on the present council that were occupied by Edmund Cote of Fall River and Joshua A. Baker of Pittsfield, were filled by Democrats named by Gov. Curley as soon as the legislature adjourned and after the governor named Cote to the Fall River finance commission and Baker to be a superior court judge.

As elected by the people, the executive council stood Republican, five to four. After the governor named two Democrats to succeed Cote and Baker, he succeeded for the first time in the history of the State in securing a Democratic majority to the council.

Senator Cole holds that the course of the governor aimed at and succeeded in overturning the expressed will of the people at the polls as to the makeup of the executive council and that such drastic political power was never intended for any governor.

NEWS
Milford, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

City of Boston Law Dept. In Action Against Dolan

Bill In Equity Follows Probe Into Charges of Sale of Bonds.

By International News Service
Boston, Dec. 14—The city of Boston Law department today unexpectedly brought a bill in equity in Supreme court in the case of Edmund R. Dolan, former city treasurer.

Other defendants named were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and Frederick J. Reardon.

The action resulted from the probe into charges that Dolan, while city treasurer under James M. Curley as mayor, formed the Legal Securities Corporation and through it sold bonds to the city at prices higher than the market prices.

C. S. Monitor
Boston, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

Dolan Sued by Boston On Charges of Fraud

Former Treasurer and Others Declared to Have
Cleaned Up \$250,000 in Bond Deals Through
Use of a 'Dummy' Corporation

Boston Today—also
sees—Frank Hawks fly in appeal for Rogers memorial fund—Teacher job-selling revelation expected Monday—Warm water fish caught off Cape considered sign of mild winter—Coast guard rescue disabled steam trawler.

Dolan—Boston Sues Former City Treasurer

Embers of graft charges smouldering in Boston for more than 13 months burst into sudden flame today when the City of Boston filed suit in equity with the Massachusetts Supreme Judicial Court, complaining of fraud on the part of Edmund L. Dolan and six others in connection with city bond deals.

It is charged that during Mr. Dolan's incumbency of the city treasurer's office—to which he was appointed by James M. Curley—the city bought \$9,759,197 worth of bonds. It is also alleged that \$7,223,197 of these were bought from the Legal Securities Corporation and John F. Dever & Co. The former concern, the bill charges, was a "dummy" corporation, controlled by Dolan.

The city seeks a true accounting

from Dolan of \$250,000 in purported profits from selling city bonds at one price and then selling them back at a higher figure. Restitution of these gains with interest is also sought from Dolan and those named with him in the bill. Those named include John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, J. Walter Quinn, Harold B. Simpson, Robert F. Emerson, and Frederic J. Reardon. The bill specifies that the city reserves the right to name others in the bill at a latter date.

Observers noted today that political aspects are closely woven into the Dolan case. It stands in bold relief against the background of reported political differences existing between Mayor Mansfield and Governor Curley. Also members of the Republican Party, notably Farnum and City Councillor Henry L. Shattuck, have persistently pushed the Dolan investigation.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

C. S. Monitor
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

State House—Workers Are Having a Day Off

Gov. James M. Curley played Santa to State House workers today, gave them a half-day off to do their Christmas shopping. Since Saturday is only a half day anyway, this meant the whole day off. This has never been done in the State House before. But it is a practice that is growing fast among business houses not directly concerned with the retailing of Christmas merchandise. Coupled with the plan of convenience to employees is the desire to encourage business recovery. The practice promises, however, to become permanently established with the State setting the ball rolling.

W.S. Monitor
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Filing of Dolan Suit by City Marks New Step in Mayor's Drive to Break Curley Grip

Pushing relentlessly ahead with his drive to end Governor Curley's political career, Mayor Mansfield today caused a bill in equity to be filed with the Supreme Court complaining of fraud on the part of Edmund L. Dolan, former city treasurer, and six others in city bond deals. The bill was presented by Henry E. Foley, corporation counsel for Boston, and by George R. Farnum, special counsel assisting the city legal department in preparing the case. It was signed personally by Mayor Mansfield.

The bill names Edmund L. Dolan, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, J. Walter Quinn, Harold B. Simpson, Robert F. Emerson, and Frederick J. Reardon.

Accounting Asked

It asks that Dolan make a true accounting to the court of all gains and profits received by him in connection with the bond transactions with Boston. It is charged that Dolan obtained this gain illegally, and that he should be ordered to pay to Boston the amount of said gains with interest. Those reputedly associated with him, the bill asks, should be made to account for their profits.

Reviewing history of the Legal Securities Corporation, the bill states that in anticipation of the election of James Michael Curley as Mayor of Boston and with the assurance of his own elevation to be treasurer of Boston, Mr. Dolan conceived a fraudulent scheme.

Alleged Scheme

"The plan," states the bill, "was to organize a company for the purpose of dealing in stocks and bonds. It was actually a corporation in which the defendant, Dolan, owned entire interest and exercised complete control. To conceal such power over the said corporation, 'straw' officers were elected by Dolan."

For the purpose of selling the bonds of the city's sinking fund, Dolan was to use political power to force their sale and to control them, says the bill. The idea was to purchase bonds at one price and sell at another. "The scheme was to make large and illicit gains for Dolan," the bill charges.

Formed in 1930

Edward J. Supple and Edward Donovan, the bill alleges, were elected officers. This was the Legal Securities Corporation, licensed to do business Jan. 22, 1930.

At a later date, the bill states, the title of the firm was changed to R. L. Emerson & Co. and J. Walter Quinn succeeded Supple as president, but control still remained in the hands of Dolan.

Fraud Alleged

"The purpose of the change," says the bill, "was to conceal fraud. Although the officers were changed they were still contiguous to E. L. Dolan & Co. All associates and confidantes knew of the fraudulent schemes."

The bill points out that Mr. Dolan, because of the prestige he enjoyed with Curley, was able to control the various boards of which he was a member. One such board was the board of sinking fund commissioners. He was able to control, as city treasurer, all municipal and trust funds of the city and "used said control," the bill charges, "for fraudulent purposes."

Bond Purchases

From 1930 to 1933, the bill asserts, the City of Boston purchased \$9,759,197 worth of bonds. Of these \$7,223,398 were acquired from the Legal Securities Corporation or from John F. Dever & Co.

Filing of the suit evolves from the employment in November, 1934, by the Boston Finance Commission of George R. Farnum, a Republican leader and former Assistant Attorney General of the United States. He was to investigate rumors then

current that excessive profits had been made in land taken for the Sumner Traffic Tunnel.

Commission Shake-Up

During his investigation he reported suspicious circumstances in bond purchases made by the city. Public speculation regarding his discoveries were at their height on Jan. 2, when James M. Curley was inaugurated Governor. One of his first official acts was to alter membership of the Boston Finance Commission. This privilege came under his prerogatives as the state's chief executive.

This aroused a storm of protest. It was pointed out that Governor Curley had appointed Mr. Dolan as treasurer and that the two men were boon companions. Despite all protests, Governor Curley continued to change members of the Finance Commission. This resulted, in the middle of January, with the Finance Commission ordering Mr. Farnum to drop a petition filed with the Supreme Judicial Court. This petition sought an order compelling Mr. Dolan to return from Florida and testify before the Finance Commission. Mr. Farnum promptly resigned when the commission voted this order.

City Starts Inquiry

The City Council then started an investigation of the matter, but dropped it after a few weeks.

Most persons then supposed that the matter was to be forgotten. This fall, however, Mayor Mansfield suddenly exploded a bombshell in local political circles by charging that 13 reports of the Curley-reorganized Finance Commission, all adverse to his administration of Boston, had been inspired by Governor Curley in an attempt to halt an investigation of the Dolan affair which the city legal department had been secretly carrying on.

The Mayor became incensed at what he termed obstructionist tactics and employed Mr. Farnum to assist the city legal department in bringing the case into court.

Today's filing of the case in equity resulted.

of Monitor
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Principals in Dolan Bond Case



by a Staff Photographer

Henry E. Foley
Corporation Counsel

George R. Farnum
Special Counsel

Frederick L. Quinlan
Assistant Clerk of Court

Scene in Supreme Court as Counsel for the City of Boston Filed Bill in Equity Against Mr. Dolan, Charging Fraud in Connection With Bond Deals



Edmund L. Dolan
Former City Treasurer

Chronology of Dolan Case

For the past 13 months the so-called "Dolan Case" has played a dominant role in local politics. It has been credited with causing the revamping of investigating commissions and with precipitating a serious schism in local Democratic ranks. Path of the case from obscure rumors to actual court action is traced below:

Nov. 24, 1934. Boston Finance Commission appoints George R. Farnum, former Assistant United States Attorney General, to investigate reports of irregularities in municipal affairs, principally in connection with land-takings for the Sumner Tunnel.

Jan. 4, 1935. Petition filed in Supreme Court by Finance Commission for order requiring Mr. Dolan to appear and testify in connection with "certain bond purchases."

Jan. 5, 1935. Governor Curley, just inaugurated, makes alteration of Finance Commission membership one of his first orders of business.

Jan. 18, 1935. Mr. Farnum promises that report on Dolan bond case is nearing completion and will be submitted within a week. Governor Curley continues Finance Commission changes. Mr. Dolan is in Florida, will not appear before commission.

Jan. 25, 1935. New Finance Commission orders Mr. Farnum to drop Supreme Court move to compel Mr. Dolan to testify. Mr. Farnum resigns as Finance Commission special counsel.

Feb. 5, 1935. City Council of Boston votes to start probe. Councillor Henry L. Shattuck leads move.

Feb. 6, 1935. The Curley reorganized Finance Commission announces it will look into Dolan affair.

Feb. 12, 1935. The City Council is informed by Mayor Mansfield that more than half of the bonds purchased by Boston during the treasurership of Edmund L. Dolan were bought through two companies controlled by Mr. Dolan. (The city is reported to have bought \$9,759,000 worth of bonds in that period.)

Feb. 20, 1935. Reorganized Finance Commission clears Dolan in report.

Feb. 21, 1935. Mr. Farnum says Finance Commission report is "distortion."

March 5, 1935. City Council declines to ask Finance Commission to probe Dolan deals further.

March 18, 1935. House Rules Committee hears Farnum report on Dolan case as a part of its consideration of ordering an investigation of the Curley regime in Boston. Report charges fraud in bond purchases.

Sept. 13, 1935. Mayor Mansfield charges that reorganized Finance Commission has issued some 19 unfavorable reports concerning his administration in an effort to stop his continued investigation of the Dolan bond sales.

Sept. 14, 1935. Mansfield-Curley strife flares into open. Governor Curley admits he "might have asked Mayor why he was spending so much money investigating Dolan when he had been vindicated so many times."

Sept. 15, 1935. Mayor Mansfield pledges himself to end Governor Curley's political career, as outgrowth of Dolan affair.

Sept. 26, 1935. Mr. Farnum employed by Mayor Mansfield to assist city legal department in pushing Dolan case.

Oct. 12, 1935. Reorganized Finance Commission refuses to let Mayor have its records in Dolan case.

Oct. 31, 1935. Finance Commission grants access to some Dolan data.

Dec. 14, 1935. Henry E. Foley, corporation counsel, and Mr. Farnum file bill of Equity against Dolan and six others, charging fraud in bond purchases.

C. S. Monitor
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Mayor and Governor Urge Boston Be One Terminus Of Transatlantic Air-Mail Line

Despite their many differences over state and city politics, Governor Curley, Mayor Mansfield, the Boston Chamber of Commerce and other civic organizations today dropped them when Boston's aviation future was concerned and indulged in a bit of wishful thinking.

Governor Curley started the drive to induce transatlantic air service to base in Boston when he dispatched a telegram yesterday to R. Walton Moore, assistant Secretary of State, who sat in on the aviation conference of British, Irish and Canadian officials in Washington which settled some of the major problems of the transoceanic air service.

Already Partly Prepared

Said the Governor: "The City of Boston has already granted a permit for a hydroplane service between the state (Commonwealth) pier at South Boston and East Thirty-first Street (proposed American Airlines marine base), New York, the running time to be about one hour between the two points.

The Governor revealed thus to local aviation circles where the embarkation and debarkation point of American Airlines proposed amphibion service to New York would be located, a fact not definitely known previously.

Continued the Governor: "The East Boston Airport, which is the largest and most accessible in the United States, was designed with a view to the adoption at some time of a transatlantic air service and a coastal service between New England and South America. In the event that a transatlantic port is to be established in the United States, Boston has more to offer than any other section of the nation, and I believe that the port is entitled to first consideration in the establishment of an American terminus."

Aviation Circles Agree

Local aviation circles agreed that this estimate of East Boston airport's location, size and facilities was correct.

Said Mayor Mansfield:

"Boston ought to be one of the terminal ports. . . . It's not only nearer to Europe itself than any other large city but it's on the direct line of the northern course followed up to now by every transatlantic flier."

M. D. Liming, general secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, confirmed points made by Mayor Mansfield in his statement. Robert Fulton, Pan American Airways official in New York, because it was the easiest thing evidently to do, agreed with most of the points made by these various officials.

Facts in the case of Boston versus

other cities seemed to resolve into certain conclusions. Transatlantic service, which in all probability will be operating in 1937, must go through New York, Montreal and Harbor Grace, N. F., to satisfy demands made by the two operating nations, the United States and Great Britain, for the northern route.

If there was any way in which Boston could be cut into the transatlantic service, which may go up the Hudson Valley and Lake Champlain, by way of a segment service between New York and Boston and Boston to Montreal, conceivably Boston might be one of the calling points.

The southbound transatlantic service from Montreal might pass conversely through Burlington, Vt., to Boston and New York thence to Bermuda, the Azores and Spain to London.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

GAZETTE
Northampton, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Motor Registry for Holyoke

Boston — Mayor-elect William P. Yeorg of Holyoke was assured yesterday afternoon by Gov. Curley, that a branch office of the registry of motor vehicles would be established in Holyoke soon. The governor also assured Yeorg of his support of the proposed construction of a fourlane highway between West Springfield and Holyoke.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM
Nashua, N. H.

DEC 14 1935

CURLEY'S TREASURER DEFENDANT

City of Boston in Equity Action in Bond Case

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP)—The City of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The city law department brought the bill in equity, bearing the personal signature of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, before the State Supreme court.

Named with Dolan were six others.

They are J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan, in breach of his duty as city treasurer, made profits in bond transactions at the city's expense. The bill asks that he be required to disclose and return to the city the alleged profits.

The other six are asked to account for any gains made by them through Dolan's alleged transactions.

STANDARD
New Bedford, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CITY OF BOSTON ACCUSES DOLAN OF BOND FRAUD

Alleges that Treasurer in
Curley Regime as Mayor
Took Thousands

SIX OTHERS ARE NAMED

Suit for \$250,000 Asks for
Return of Alleged
Illegal Profits

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (UP)—The City of Boston today brought suit to recover thousands of dollars in allegedly illegal profits made by Edmund L. Dolan and six others on bond transactions while Dolan was city treasurer under Mayor James M. Curley, present governor of Massachusetts.

Named with Dolan in a bill in equity filed in State Supreme Court were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline; and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

All were said to be officials or employees of the E. L. Dolan Company, the Legal Securities Corporation, or John F. Dever and Company, alleged to have handled the bulk of Boston's bond transactions during Dolan's term as city treasurer.

Allege Bond Prices Raised

The suit alleges that Dolan and the others profited to the extent of about \$250,000 by purchasing bonds at one price and selling them to the city at greatly increased prices.

"All," the charges state, "were fully aware of the fraudulent character of the scheme." It states further that Dolan, "in anticipation of the election of Mayor Curley and Dolan's own appointment as city treasurer, conceived and concocted the fraudulent and corrupt scheme."

City Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and his assistant, George R. Farnum, filed the suit.

COURIER CITIZEN

Asks an Accounting

A report last March by Farnum, former investigator for the Boston Finance Commission, complained that Dolan purchased for the city \$2,568,000 worth of bonds from brokerage houses allegedly under his control and that the city had paid \$61,952.59 more than the bonds could have been purchased for elsewhere.

Dolan banked \$294,715 in cash for his brokerage firm while serving as city treasurer, according to the Farnum report. It alleged that the Legal Securities Corporation was a dummy corporation dominated by Dolan.

The suit asks that Dolan be made to report gains and profits received from bond transactions with the city while he was treasurer.

It further asks that he render an accounting of such gains and profits.

Lastly, it asks the court to find that Dolan and his alleged associates got the gains "illegally and in breach of his official duties to the city" and that he and the others be made to pay the money back to the city with interest.

MERCURY

New Bedford, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Roosevelt Friends Demand Ely Quit Democratic Party

Berkshire Democrats De-
plore Brady Attack
on Curley

NEW YORK, Dec. 13 (AP)—Officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League," in a statement issued here tonight, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Governor Joseph B. Ely, of Massachusetts.

In making the statement Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, Mass., said that their suggestion was a counter proposal to one made in Washington, D. C., last night by Eugene T. Brady, president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, Mass.

Brady had demanded that Governor James M. Curley, of Massachusetts, withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the Senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Governor Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

The National Support Roosevelt League, with branches in several states, has claimed credit for inspiring the American Bar Association

investigation of the activities of the lawyers' committee of the American Liberty League.

Walsh and Kaplan, who conferred with members of the National Democratic Committee in Washington yesterday on the possibility of securing the Democratic national convention for Boston, met other Democratic leaders here tonight. They said they were seeking to coordinate Roosevelt forces for the coming campaign.

BRADY CONDEMNED FOR CURLEY ATTACK

PITTSFIELD, Dec. 13 (AP)—A political blast at Governor James M. Curley by Eugene T. Brady in Washington last night, drew fiery retorts tonight from some of his fellow Democrats in Berkshire County.

Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, called on Curley to "withdraw" from politics at the end of his term and scoffed at Curley's ambitions to go to the U. S. Senate.

Brady, former bartender in Pittsfield, is now employed in a Federal bureau in Washington.

T. William Lewis, city councilman, of North Adams, and former treasurer of the Young Democrats wired the governor tonight: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pre-

GAZETTE

Northampton, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

two of Major Bowes' star acts will be present to assist in the program this week, a coloratura soprano and Kenneth Broadhurst, Northampton boy, called "The Fastest Banjo Player."

Gov. Curley yesterday afternoon indicated that he will ask the incoming legislature, which convenes New Year's day, to provide funds for construction of additional buildings to house 4000 more persons suffering from mental disorders. He said he would include the recommendation in his annual message to the legislature because he has been advised that the commonwealth is 18 per cent behind in required beds for the mentally ill of the state and that the 1933 building program was of little help in increasing the number of beds. There were 1831 patients at Northampton State hospital on Nov. 30.

The first showing of the special motion picture, "Glimpses of Secondary Education in Western Massachusetts," was held at the

REGISTER
New Haven, Ct.

DEC 14 1935

JEWS HONOR NEW HAVENERS

Two Residents Recognized
for Notable Achievements
By American Hebrew;
Greenburg Tribute Also

In a list of 263 Jews and 16 non-Jews in this country listed for notable achievement in their professions, by The American Hebrew in its latest issue of "Who's Who," are included Rollin G. Osterweis, of 106 Livingston Street, Beatrice R. Hahn of 72 Cottage Street, and Dr. Leonard Greenburg, former city health officer in New Haven.

Mr. Osterweis, son of the late Gustav Osterweis, is known as the author of "Rebecca Gratz" a biography. Miss Hahn is president of the national council of Junior Jewish Women, and Dr. Greenburg, widely known as an expert in health and sanitation matters, is now connected with the Health Administration of the State of New York.

Others on the honor roll are Edward A. Filene, Boston merchant and Philanthropist; Fannie Hurst, novelist; Walter Lippmann, editorial writer and columnist; David Sarnoff, radio executive; Lucius N. Littauer of New York who has just given Harvard \$2,000,000 to found a school of business administration, and Felix Frankfurter, Harvard professor.

Non-Jews listed because of their efforts toward better understanding between Christian and Jew are: Heywood Brown, columnist; Newton D. Baker, former Secretary of War; President James B. Conant of Harvard; Gov. James M. Curley of Massachusetts and Cardinal William O'Connell of Boston.

TRANSCRIPT

North Adams, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

DOLAN IS NAMED IN COURT ACTION

Boston, Dec. 14—(A.P.)—The city of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The city law department brought the bill in equity, bearing the personal signature of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, before the State Supreme court.

Named with Dolan were six others.

They were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Deyer, Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan, in breach of his duty as city treasurer, made profits in bond transactions at the city's expense. The bill asks that he be required to disclose and return to the city the alleged profits.

TRANSCRIPT

North Adams, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

RESENTS REMARKS VOICED BY BRADY

James P. McAndrews
Sends Message to Gov-
ernor James M. Curley
at Boston.

James P. McAndrews of East street, a prominent member of the Adams Democratic club, was among leading Democrats in Berkshire county who yesterday sent messages to Governor James M. Curley expressing resentment at criticism of the governor's administration as voiced by Eugene T. Brady of Pittsfield and Washington on Thursday.

Mr. McAndrews in his message to Governor Curley said of Brady, "He is no longer recognized as president (of the Young Democratic club of Berkshire county). Writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and to send an apology to you."

TRANSCRIPT

North Adams, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CALL ON ELY TO QUIT HIS PARTY

Counter Proposal to
Brady's Suggestion
That Curley Retire to
Private Life.

New York, Dec. 14—(A.P.)—Officers of the National Support Roosevelt league, in a statement issued here last night, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Gov. Joseph B. Ely of Massachusetts.

In making the statement Leo D. Walsh, president and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, said that their suggestion was a counter proposal to one made at Washington Thursday night by Eugene T. Brady, former president of the Young Democratic club of Berkshire county, Mass.

Brady had demanded that Gov. James M. Curley of Massachusetts withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the Senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Gov. Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

The National Support Roosevelt league, with branches in several states, has taken credit for inspiring the American Bar association investigation of the activities of the lawyers' committee of the American Liberty league.

Walsh and Kaplan, who conferred with members of the national Democratic committee at Washington Thursday on the possibility of securing the Democratic national convention for Boston, met other Democratic leaders here last night. They said they were seeking to coordinate Roosevelt forces for the coming campaign.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

GAZETTE
Northampton, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

CHRONICLE
No. Attleboro, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

TRANSCRIPT
North Adams, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CURLEY TO SEEK MORE HOSPITALS

Will Ask Legislature to
Provide Funds to House
4,000 Suffering From
Mental Diseases.

Boston, Dec. 14—Governor Curley yesterday afternoon indicated that he will ask the incoming Legislature, which convenes New Year's day, to provide funds for construction of additional buildings to house 4,000 more persons suffering from mental disorders.

He said he would include the recommendation in his annual message to the Legislature because he has been advised that the commonwealth is 18% behind in required beds for the mentally ill of the state. He said he has no way of knowing what action the Legislature may take on the recommendation, but added he would put the problem on its doorstep. He added also that the 1933 building program was of little help in increasing the number of beds.

CURLEY EXPECTED AT MILITARY BALL HERE

Brig. Gen. Slate and Others In-
vited to Event Dec. 19 at
the Armory

The military ball to be held at the state armory, Dec. 19, promises to be a successful one. More than 200 couples have already purchased their tickets.

It is announced that Gov. James M. Curley, National Guard staff of Boston, Brig. Gen. Slate of Holyoke, Brig. Gen. Kelley of Greenfield, the county commissioners, Mayor Charles L. Dunn, City Clerk John P. Foley, State Rep. Edwin L. Olander, the sergeants of Easthampton, Lt. Col. Aplington of M. S. C., Col. William J. Collins, Col. George A. Taylor, the commanders of veterans' organizations, reserve officers of this vicinity and the entire officers' personnel of the 104 Inf. are expected to attend the ball.

Lieut. Raymond J. Lane is general chairman of the committee making arrangements. The individual committees are as follows: Reception, Sergt. R. Benoit; checking, Sergt. F. O'Connor and Privates Montena, Kocot and Benoit; refreshments, Capt. J. Wariner and Capt. H. Hicks; tickets, Capt. N. Martell and Privates Miller and Challet, and decorations, Capt. J. Tobin.

URGÉ GOVERNOR TO NAME PAYSON SMITH

The Bank Street Parent-Teacher Association has sent the following letter to Governor James M. Curley:

"James M. Curley,

"His Excellency, The

Governor of Massachusetts,

"Boston, Massachusetts.

"Sir:

"The Bank Street Parent-Teacher Association, representing two hundred and fifty homes in this community, at its regular meeting on December 10, voted to request that Your Excellency re-appoint Dr. Payson Smith as Commissioner of Education of this Commonwealth. Dr. Smith's unexcelled qualifications for the responsibilities and duties of this office, his reputation as an educator and the splendid educational achievements of Massachusetts under his leadership form an asset which the members of this Association are very anxious to have continued.

"Very truly yours,

"RUTH L. KEYES

(Mrs. G. Raymond)

"Secretary."

TRANSCRIPT
North Adams, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CURLEY EXPECTS SECURITY TEST

Says it Has Come to At-
tention Interest is
Growing in Townsend
Plan.

Boston, Dec. 14—Gov. Curley yesterday afternoon expressed the opin-

ion that there will be a showdown at the next election on "a sane social security program" and the Townsend plan.

He said that it has come to his attention that interest in the Townsend plan is growing in Boston and other Massachusetts municipalities and he believes a "showdown" may be expected at the 1936 election. He maintained the people will stand behind a sound social security program prepared by President Roosevelt as an alternative to the Townsend or any other plan because it makes provision for protecting the aged, unemployed, the women and children of the country.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

TIMES
Pawtucket, R. I.

DEC 14 1935

Boston To Sue Curley's Aide

City Opens Fight to Re-
cover 'Thousands' in
Bond 'Profits.'

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (UP)—The City of Boston today brought suit to recover thousands of dollars in allegedly illegal profits made by Edmund L. Dolan and six others on bond transactions while Dolan was city treasurer under Mayor James M. Curley, present Governor of Massachusetts.

Named with Dolan in a bill in equity filed in State Supreme Court were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

All were said to be officials or employees of the E. L. Dolan Co., the Legal Securities Corporation, or John F. Dever & Co., alleged to have handled the bulk of Boston's bond transactions during Dolan's term as city treasurer.

A report last March by Attorney George R. Farnum, former investigator for the Boston finance commission, complained that Dolan purchased for the city \$2,568,000 worth of bonds from brokerage houses allegedly under his control and that the city had paid \$61,952.59 more than the bonds could have been purchased for elsewhere. Dolan banked \$294,715 in cash for his brokerage firm while serving as city treasurer, according to the Farnum report. It alleged that the Legal Securities Corporation was a dummy corporation dominated by Dolan.

The suit asks that Dolan be made to report gains and profits received from bond transactions with the city while he was treasurer.

It further asks that he render an accounting of such gains and profits.

Lastly, it asks the court to find that Dolan and his alleged associates got the gains "illegally and in breach of his official duties to the city" and that he and the others be made to pay the money back to the city with interest.

EAGLE
Pittsfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

News of Stockbridge

STATE SIDEWALKS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

STOCKBRIDGE, Dec. 14.—Construction of two sidewalks under provisions of the Curley bond issue was started on the upper end of Main Street this week. One walk will extend from in front of the Dr. Robert Hiden property to the Malumphy property. The other will be constructed on the northern side of the road from in front of the Berkshire Playhouse to Mellon's corner, so-called, at the foot of East Main Street.

EAGLE
Pittsfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

ROTCH STANDS BY ORIGINAL POSITION

Not To Leave Projects Un-
finished Merely To In-
crease State Jobs

State WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch, who is involved in a dispute with Gov. James M. Curley relative to the responsibility for the holdup of work on the State highway sidewalk program, said today he does not intend to have town projects left half finished merely to increase the number of State jobs. He said he will continue to stand on his original position and fill quotas on sidewalk projects as soon as necessary labor is released from town projects now under way.

Besides the sidewalk projects, a pet program of the Governor, Rotch has other troubles, the principal one being complaint over delay in paying WPA workers in Lynn, Cambridge and other places.

In Lynn, delay in paying off 1200 workers caused them to storm the City Hall. The city, to avoid distress, issued grocery orders involving expense of \$7500. Delays of payments for nearly three weeks to workers in Cambridge and Wakefield also were reported to be causing irritation there.

EAGLE
Pittsfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

STATE EMPLOYEES GET HALF-HOLIDAY FOR SHOPPING TOUR

Rush of emergency relief projects, which has kept the State Department of Public Works engineers at the district office here on toes day and night, was not serious enough to prevent a majority taking the half-holiday declared by Governor James M. Curley for all State employees this morning, to enable them to do their Christmas shopping. Only four of some 20 men currently assigned to the office were on duty at mid-morning. Several went home to the eastern part of the State. Some other State offices with small personnel were enjoying the same privilege, but the whole staff of the State Employment Service at the Postoffice Building were on duty as usual. A letter received by them from State headquarters advised that, while Governor Curley had granted a half-holiday, the office should be kept open with a full staff today owing to pressure of work and half-days given individual staff members separately at convenient times between now and Christmas.

EAGLE
Pittsfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Former Boston Treasurer While Curley Was Mayor Sued for Profit on City

Law Department at Mansfield's Direction Asks Court To Act on Dolan's Activities

**SIX OTHERS ARE
NAMED IN ACTION**

**Treasurer Charged With
Profiting From Resale
of Bond Issues to City
Treasury**

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP).—The City of Boston brought an equity action against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense. The city law department brought the bill in equity bearing the personal signature of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, before the State Supreme Court.

Named with Dolan were six others. They were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

Charge Breach of Duty

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan, in breach of his duty as City Treasurer, made profits in bond transactions at the city's expense. The bill asks that he be required to disclose and return to the city the alleged profits. The other six are asked to account for any gains made by them through Dolan's alleged transactions.

The bill alleged Dolan and the six others made profits of more than \$250,000 illegally through a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" involving the purchase of millions

of dollars worth of bonds and their resale to the city.

Planned Scheme in 1929

The bill sets forth that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in October, 1929, in anticipation of his appointment to the post of City Treasurer after the election of Curley as Mayor. It alleges the formation of a corporation through which "large, secret and illicit gains and profits" were made by Dolan and the others by the resale of bonds to the city at "largely enhanced prices."

Henry E. Foley, City Corporation Counsel and George R. Farnum, Special Corporation Counsel, filed the bill.

Last year Farnum, while serving as special counsel for the Boston Finance Commission, sought to bring Dolan before that body in an investigation to determine whether or not he had any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation. The Legal Securities Corporation allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city. Dolan was in Florida at that time and did not come before the commission.

After the election on Governor Curley, the personnel of the commission was changed through resignations and new appointments. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation.

EAGLE
Pittsfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

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DEC 14 1935

YOUNG DEMOCRATS PLAN TO ELECT PRESIDENT IN PLACE OF EUGENE BRADY

**Gerald Sullivan of Adams Mentioned as Successor to
Local Young Man Who Told Curley To Withdraw
From Politics—National Support Roosevelt League
Officials Ask That Former Governor Joseph B. Ely
Get Out of Party.**

Re-organization of the Young Democratic League of Berkshire County for the avowed purpose of eliminating Eugene T. Brady, president, from office was announced today by Leland G. Spencer of this city, a member of the executive committee. Brady's blast at Governor Curley demanding that he withdraw from politics aroused the ire of local and county Democrats yesterday and also elicited a counter proposal from the National Support Roosevelt League that former Governor Joseph B. Ely of Westfield withdraw from the party.

"Legally, there are no officers of the Young Democratic League of Berkshire County," said Mr. Spencer in announcing re-organization plans. "The league hasn't functioned since the State campaign of 1934, and there was no annual meeting the first of the year as required by the by-laws. The leagues should be re-organized to avoid a recurrence of what happened yesterday when Mr. Brady issued his statement. A meeting will be held in the near future here in Pittsfield, and new officers will be elected."

Officers Listed

Officers of the league during the 1934 campaign were Mr. Brady, president; Margaret E. Kelley, Williamstown, vice president; Thomas P. Fielding Jr., Lenox, secretary; and William F. Lewis, North Adams, treasurer. Mr. Lewis sent a

telegram to Governor Curley yesterday informing him that "Brady's pretense of being president of this organization is as false as were his charges."

Gerald Sullivan of Adams who has been prominent in the ranks of the young Democrats is being mentioned as new president of the league to succeed Brady.

Ely Silent

The statement of the National

Support Roosevelt League was made by Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston.

Mr. Ely when reached last night at his Westfield home, declined to discuss the proposal, beyond saying that he did not know either Leo Walsh or Joseph Kaplan.

The National Support Roosevelt League, with branches in several States, has taken credit for inspiring the American Bar Association investigation of the activities of the lawyers' committee of the American Liberty League.

Walsh and Kaplan, who conferred with members of the National Democratic Committee at Washington yesterday on the possibility of securing the Democratic national convention for Boston, met other Democratic leaders here last night. They said they were seeking to coordinate Roosevelt forces for the coming campaign.

DEC 14 1935

COMMENT

"WORK AND WAGES"

(Boston Transcript)

In this latest controversy between Mr. Curley and Mr. Mansfield, the governor is operating under the disadvantage inevitably suffered by any man whose past promises rise to plague him. The result is that no matter how much talking he does or how earnestly he tries to becloud the issue with irrelevant comment, he can make no forward progress with the people until he is able to explain away the simple truth that pledges definitely given in the campaign remain entirely unfulfilled. So long as the Mayor of Boston keeps this fact before the public he will continue to have all the best of the argument.

Before the 1934 election Mr. Curley gave as one reason for making him Governor the assurance that he would be able to secure unconditional grants from the Federal Treasury to put a great work and wages program into effect. It was a silly promise, was so described by the opposition but unfortunately not enough voters could be convinced. When the Legislature met and the Governor was forced to face the realities of the situation, Massachusetts discovered that in spite of Mr. Curley's election, it was no better off than any other State. The only way it could obtain Government money for public works was by paying something like one-half the bills itself. This was no more than intelligent citizens actually expected would be the case, but they were scarcely prepared for the latest disclosure—on the Governor's own admission—that in order to get anything done the State would have to go ahead alone and with no financial help whatever from Washington.

This, reduced to its lowest terms, is the story of "work and wages" as shouted from the house tops in the 1934 campaign and as used to secure high public office. It is a story of political mischief-making and of deluded voters. If the people of Massachusetts see fit to forget it and, in 1936, promote Mr. Curley to the United States Senate, their powers of observation and rational thinking are far lower than anybody had imagined.

DEC 14 1935

That reminds me...

GOVERNOR CURLEY repeats an historical question when he asks: "Who's Brady?"

It used to be the custom, when some unknown suddenly was projected into the limelight through mention of him as a Presidential possibility, for example, for some irreverent, pretending ignorance, to ask: "Who's Patterson?" It was John L. Sullivan's way of saying "Go out and get a reputation."

Here in Berkshire Gene Brady is pretty well known. He obtained his oratorical training at the F. M. T. A. He took part in numerous debates, often was heard on the public platform in prize speaking contests, or political campaigns. He ran for the school committee in Ward Five a few years ago. He thought of making the try for State Senator. He was president of the Young Men's Democratic Club here before it folded up.

As for the shove-off, Mr. Brady received a political appointment in Washington through Senator Walsh—like Brady, anti-Curley. Both of these men were for General Cole when Mr. Curley won the gubernatorial nomination over him. Senator Walsh is none to keen over the announcement that the Governor may run for the Senate.

DR. FRED ROBERTS, who recently died, was wont to confess, in his frank way, that he knew little about the technical side of an automobile. He knew it "took him there and got him back"—the rest was silence.

One night, at St. Luke's Hospital, he heard a rattle and, looking around, saw on the ground a piece of metal which he assumed had rolled out of his car. He picked it up and put it inside. A few days afterwards, he had occasion to head the automobile into Sisson's garage. Irving looked it over, said that, so far as he could see, there was a part missing.

"Here it is," said the doctor directing attention to the metal he had picked up at the hospital a few nights before. And he was perfectly serious about it. Irving disillusioned him. Dr. Fred used to tell with relish the amusing story.

He was the most considerate of men, and frequently expressed fear that he might disturb the neighbors when he started his car so early in the morning. He arose around six and upon going to town devoted a couple of hours to the newspapers, especially the financial news.

AT ONE time there was a report that Dr. Fred was going to leave the Pender block and go to the Butler block on East Street, but the plan never assumed definite form. Within a short time after the report got around there were a half dozen applications for the location which the Drs. Roberts had made locally famous. Dr. Fred said he realized the value of

the tradition and decided to stick—and stick he did. Many thought of Dr. O. S. Roberts and Dr. Fred as brothers, but they were uncle and nephew. Edwin I. Cole, now with the General Electric company, was connected with the Roberts office for years, was known to intimates as "Doc" and "Ike." To him, Dr. Fred confided many of the incidents of his early life. Another man in that environment in the earlier years was Harry E. Jeffers who drove the pioneer Roberts automobile. A friend of those earlier times, too, was E. E. Wilkins who had a drugstore in what was then the Welden block. Afterwards, he clerked for Dr. C. H. Waite, in the store near the Berkshire Life.

AMONG Dr. Fred's intimates in the medical profession were Dr. I. S. F. Dood, who formerly lived on Commonwealth Avenue, where Dr. Fred made his home after the American house days, and Dr. John B. Thoms. These three were among the oldest physicians and surgeons in the city in point of service.

HERBERT P. WARD, whose daughter was married in Springfield today, enlisted with M Company of Adams in the Spanish American War. He went with Franklin Washburn Manning, whose youngest sister, charming Anna Manning, a belle of the town, he married. Frank died on the transport on the way home. Herb was very close to him in those trying days. It was a dramatic hour in Pittsfield when news came that the young soldier, who had a noteworthy ancestry in the Colonial and later Bay State life, had perished in the service of his country.

One of the brightest and best letters of the war was written by Ward to his friend, Dr. William S. Walkley, who had an office in Central Block and wrote editorials for The Journal. Herb began: "When the true history of the war with Spain is written" ... and went on from there with many intimate details

about General Shafter and the rest. Herbert was middle-named for an old Pittsfield family (Parker).

John H. Manning told me once about the circumstances under which his son went to the front. Frank was a popular Pittsfield boy, a member of the Bicycle Club, well liked by everybody. His father talked it over with him, discouraged him, parent-like, saying that the war was over-volunteered then, but if there were genuine need, later he might go. Frank said:

"Father, you have always told me of the patriotic part the members of our family have played in the life of our country, of your pride in them and of the importance of devotion to the flag. Did you mean it?"

"I didn't have any answer to that," commented the father.

A picture of Frank Manning is at the Y.

Press Clipping Service

2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

Bulletin
Providence, R. I.

DEC 14 1935

PRO-ROOSEVELT GROUP ASKS ELY'S WITHDRAWAL

Suggestion Counters One That Curley Abandon Politics.

New York, Dec. 13.—(AP)—Officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League," in a statement issued here tonight, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Governor Joseph B. Ely, of Massachusetts.

In making the statement, Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, Mass., said that their suggestion was a counter-proposal to one made in Washington, D. C., last night by Eugene T. Brady, president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire county, Mass.

Brady had demanded that Governor James M. Curley, of Massachusetts, withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the Senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Governor Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

DEC 14 1935

BOSTON SUES FOR RETURN OF BOND PROFITS

**Treasurer in Curley Term
Accused of Private
Gain on Sales**

Boston, Dec. 14.—(AP)—The City of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer, when Gov. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The city law department brought the bill in equity, bearing the personal signature of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, before the State Supreme Court.

Six others were named with Dolan. They were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan, in breach of his duty as city treasurer, made profits in bond transactions at the city's expense. The bill asks that he be required to discontinue and return to the city the alleged profits.

The others are asked to account for any gains made by them through Dolan's alleged transactions.

PROFITS ALLEGED

The bill alleged Dolan and the six others made profits of more than \$250,000 illegally through a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" involving the purchase of millions of dollars worth of bonds and their re-sale to the city.

The bill sets forth that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in October, 1929, in anticipation of his appointment to the post of city treasurer after the election of Curley as mayor. It alleges the formation of a corporation through which "large, secret and illicit gains and profits" were made by Dolan and the others by the re-sale of bonds to the city at "largely enhanced prices."

Henry E. Foley, city corporation counsel, and George R. Farnum, special corporation counsel, filed the bill.

CORPORATION PROBE

Last year Farnum, while serving as special counsel for the Boston finance commission, sought to bring Dolan before that body in an investigation to determine whether he had any connection with the Legal Securities Corp. The Legal Securities Corp. allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city.

Dolan was in Florida at that time and did not come before the commission.

After the election of Gov. Curley the personnel of the commission was changed through resignations and new appointments. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corp.

Press Clipping Service

2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

Press Herald
Portland, Me.

DEC 14 1935

Ely's Withdrawal From Democratic Ranks Called For

**Boston Men, Officers Of Support
Roosevelt League, Is-
sue Statements**

New York, Dec. 13.—(AP)—Officers of the "national support Roosevelt League," in a statement issued here tonight, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Governor Joseph B. Ely, of Massachusetts.

In making the statement Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, Mass., said that their suggestion was a counter proposal to one made in Washington, D. C., last night by Eugene T. Brady, president of the young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, Mass.

Brady had demanded that Governor James M. Curley, of Massachusetts, withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Governor Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

The National Support Roosevelt League, with branches in several states, has claimed credit for inspiring the American Bar Association investigation of the activities of the lawyers committee of the American Liberty League.

Walsh and Kaplan conferred with members of the National Democratic Committee in Washington Thursday on the possibility of securing the Democratic National Convention for Boston.

Press Clipping Service 2 Park Square

Boston Mass.

PATRIOT-LEDGER
Quincy, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

DORLEY IS PRAISED BY GOVERNOR FOR DONATING BLOOD

In recognition for his services in donating blood to the Quincy infantile paralysis clinic, Fred Dorley, 17, of 2 Thompson street, Quincy Point, today received a letter of commendation signed by Gov. James M. Curley.

The youth, son of Mrs. Annie L. Dorley, has several times given his blood at the Quincy dispensary, the last occasion being in September. The governor expressed thanks to the boy for doing his part in combating the dreaded disease.

POLITICIANS SCAN REPORTS OF NEW THIRD PARTY THREAT

Some Concern Is Noted by
Chiefs at Announcement
Of Townsend Clubs

Election in Michigan May
Provide Clue to Trend of
Voters

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—(P)—
Some politicians of both major
parties showed obvious, if silent,
concern today as leaders of the
Townsend old age pension move-
ment developed their strategy for
the 1936 election.

MOVEMENT STUDIED

This strategy now includes a third
party threat. Dr. F. E. Townsend, a
leader in pushing the idea of pay-
ing every one over sixty a pension
of \$200 a month by means of a uni-
versal tax on all business trans-
actions, announced the Townsends
would enter candidates for presi-
dent and congress.

One Democratic spokesman said
the movement would have little or
no effect on the presidential race,
but others in that party asserted it
might display strength in various
congressional contests.

One prominent Republican said it
held "very serious possibilities." An-
other political figure called it the
"most popular issue" in his state.

Although orthodox economists and
others have denounced the pension
plan as an impossibility, many po-
litical figures show a marked re-
luctance to comment on it for publi-
cation. This is especially true of
some congressmen, who are watch-
ing to gauge its effects in their dis-
tricts.

EYE MICHIGAN

All are watching the coming spe-
cial election in the third Michigan
district. There Verner W. Main, a
"dark horse," won the Republican
nomination easily after endorsing
the Townsend plan. His Democratic
opponent, Howard W. Cavanagh, is
denouncing the plan as "fairly tale
finance."

After making the third party an-
nouncement, Dr. Townsend added
today a prediction that the move-

ment would obtain support from sev-
eral minor groups—the Farmer-
Laborites, Progressives, the Ameri-
can Commonwealth Federation and
the Non-Partisan League.

"They'll come with us," he said.
Asked about the attitude of the Re-
publicans and Democrats, he said:
"I haven't a bit of faith in them."

Soon after Townsend's announce-
ment, Alfred Bingham, executive
secretary of the American Common-
wealth Federation and a son of for-
mer Senator Hiram Bingham of
Connecticut, hurried to Townsend
headquarters for a conference. He
declined to discuss his visit with re-
porters.

SEES LABOR SUPPORT

The Townsend plan is not on the
agenda for discussion at a meeting
the Republican national committee
will hold here next Monday, though
it appeared to be one of the sub-
jects at the back of the minds of
some leaders.

The committee will select a city
and date for the Republican na-
tional convention next year. It also
will elect a vice chairman to suc-
ceed Mrs. Alvin T. Hert of Ken-
tucky, resigned, and fill committee
vacancies in eight states.

Dr. Townsend, talking about the
support he said he would receive
from various groups, conceded that
labor organizations customarily have
combated sales taxes, but said:

"They'll come with us anyway be-
cause our plan would make their
burden lighter."

Discussing the third party, he said
the platform would consist solely of
the pension plan and that neither
he, or his co-worker, R. B. Clem-
ents, would run for the presidential
nomination.

The capital awaited with interest
the promised publication on Monday
of the names of thirty-one congress-
men Townsend said had responded
favorably to a questionnaire asking
their views on the \$200 a month
plan.

CURLEY COMMENTS

One who commented on the plan
last night was Gov. James M. Curley
of Massachusetts. He said the next
election would be a showdown be-
tween "a sane social security plan"
and the Townsend idea. He declar-
ed he believed his state would stand
behind the Roosevelt security pro-
gram.

HOLD BALANCE OF POWER

CHICAGO, Dec. 14.—(P)—R. E.
Clements, national secretary, as-
serted in an interview tonight that
"Townsend plan" followers already
hold the balance of power in the
1936 elections.

The slender, well groomed Cali-
fornian, hailed by Townsends as
"co-founder" of their pension plan,
made these claims to political terri-
tory:

"We will elect eighty per cent of
the congressmen in eleven western
states.

"We will elect fifty per cent of
the congressmen in Ohio.

"Before the primaries, we will be
able to show the decisive votes in
Indiana, in Wisconsin, Iowa and in
downstate Illinois."

The coming week brings the first
test at the polls of the movement
based on Dr. Townsend's plan of
\$200-a-month pensions for all per-
sons over sixty. In Michigan's third
district Verner W. Main, Republi-
can, seeks election to congress as a
Townsend supporter.

FILE PETITIONS

Clements, just back from taking
the stump for Main, said he would
win "two to one." The forty-six
year old director of Townsend po-
litical strategy said he welcomed the
Michigan test as a "straight pro
and con Townsend vote, with no
other issue involved."

Clements said he believed Dr. F.
E. Townsend's statement that the
Townsends would launch a third
party had been misinterpreted.

"We will file petitions in every
state," Clements said, "but only for
our own protection. I think we will
set up our own candidates only
where those of both parties agree
to soft-pedal the Townsend issue."

Clements, a Democrat, made it
clear that Townsend leaders have
no reluctance toward tangling party
lines, but would back candidates of
either fold supporting their credo.

Should their efforts in this re-
spect engineer upsets, hinder Presi-
dent Roosevelt's campaign for re-
election or interfere with Republi-
can comeback attempts, it would
not be the Townsends worry
Clements said.

They probably will battle Senator
William E. Borah, he added, al-
though the senator has said prin-
ciples of the plan seemed sound.
"Borah," said Clements, "is just a
good fence walker."

NEWS

Salem, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Sen. Pierce's Widow Thankful to State in Payment of Salary

Gov. James M. Curley yesterday re-
ceived a letter from Mrs. Albert
Pierce, widow of the former senator
from this district, expressing her
thanks for the action of the state
in presenting her with part of her
husband's salary which death pre-
vented him from earning. The gov-
ernor did everything legally within
his power to prevent award of the
money which the legislature wanted
the widow to have. The legislature
passed the measure over the gov-
ernor's veto.

Mrs. Pierce explains that she was
not noticing who was in favor or
against the measure at the time be-
cause she was so troubled over the
passing of the senator. She felt that
in thanking the state that the mes-
sage should be sent through the gov-
ernor. "Your thoughtfulness and gen-
erosity is most sincerely appreciated,"
wrote the senator's widow, in a let-
ter to the chief executive of the state.

DEC 14 1935

Oust Ely From Party As Foe Of President, Roosevelt Unit Urges

REQUEST TERMED REPLY TO BLAST AGAINST CURLEY

Support Roosevelt Leaguers
Call Attack On Curley
Made by Ely Spokesman

BERKSHIRE DEMOCRATS HIT BRADY'S ATTACK

Tell Former Bartender to
Apologize for Tirade On
Curley — Presidency of
Club Hit as 'Pretense'

New York, Dec. 13—(AP)—Officers of the National Support Roosevelt league, in a statement issued here tonight, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Gov Joseph B. Ely of Massachusetts.

In making the statement Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, said that their suggestion was a counter proposal to one made at Washington last night by Eugene T. Brady, president of the Young Democratic club of Berkshire county, Mass.

Brady Called Ely's Spokesman

Brady had demanded that Gov James M. Curley of Massachusetts withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the Senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Gov Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

The National Support Roosevelt league, with branches in several states, has taken credit for inspiring the American Bar association investigation of the activities of the lawyers' committee of the American Liberty league.

Walsh and Kaplan, who conferred with members of the national Democratic committee at Washington yesterday on the possibility of securing the Democratic national convention for Boston, met other Democratic leaders here tonight. They said they were seeking to coordinate Roosevelt forces for the coming campaign.

Ely Declines Comment

Mr Ely last night, when reached at his Westfield home, declined to discuss the proposal, beyond saying that he did not know either Leo Walsh or Joseph Kaplan.

Berkshire Democrats

Hit Brady's Attack

Pittsfield, Dec. 13—(AP)—A political blast at Gov James M. Curley by Eugene T. Brady at Washington last night, drew fiery retorts tonight from some of his fellow Democrats in Berkshire county.

Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic club of Berkshire county, called on Curley to "withdraw" from politics at the end of his term and scoffed at Curley's ambitions to go to the Senate.

Brady, former bartender at Pitts-

field, is now employed in a federal bureau at Washington.

T. William Lewis, city councilman of North Adams and former treasurer of the Young Democrats, wired the governor tonight: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire county resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship."

"Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges. Berkshire democracy condemns this attack as a puny attempt to receive notoriety." Another telegram, signed by James P. McAndrews, voiced similar resentment at Brady's remarks and added: "He is no longer recognized as president. Writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and offer an apology to you."

The club of which Brady claimed to be president had not been in active existence, local politicians said, since January 1, 1933.

Last night the governor said he did not know Brady and did not care to make his acquaintance.

UNION

Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

BACON REGARDED
AS LOOKING FOR
SEAT IN SENATEFormer Lieutenant Governor
Possible Candidate for
Republican Nomi-
nation in 1936

(Special to the Springfield Union)
BOSTON, Dec. 13—Former Lieut. Gov. Gaspar G. Bacon, according to reports today, is regarded as a possible candidate for the Republican nomination for U. S. senator.

Already in the Republican fight for this nomination is Rep. Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., of Beverly, whose grandfather, of the same name, held the office for many years, and former State Senator James Cavanagh of Everett. Mayor Sinclair Weeks of Newton, whose candidate to succeed to the office of executive of the Garden City, Brig. Gen. Daniel Needham, took a terrific licking in the city's mayoralty contest this week, is another who is interested in the senatorial race. Weeks is expected to announce his candidacy after the first of the year.

Mr. Bacon, when interviewed today on his prospective candidacy, said that his plans were up in the air and that he had no definite announcement to make at this time. He did commit himself, however, to the extent that he has made no secret for some time of the fact that he would rather be in the United States Senate than be governor of Massachusetts. Mr. Bacon was the unsuccessful opponent last year against Gov. James M. Curley.

It was disclosed in the course of the interview that the former lieutenant governor had visited Kansas City on Nov. 9 and 10 and had talked to Gov.

Alf Landon. There were two objectives in his trip to confer with Gov. Landon, he said. One was to discuss the national situation and the other was to size up the Kansas governor, who is regarded as a highly probable contender for the Republican nomination for President next year.

"I like Gov. Landon's style and I like his philosophy," Mr. Bacon said. "The next six years will be an important period in our national life," Mr. Bacon remarked with reference to the senatorial situation. "It will be a great opportunity for service. Interest in the national situation is tremendous."

Mr. Bacon made it plain that he was not formally committing himself to the senatorial or any other candidacy just now.

"My plans are in the air," he said. "I have no announcement. Of course, I have a normal desire not to be put on the shelf. My main object will be to help my party as much as possible and in any way I can. I don't want to be selfish. I want the party to win."

It would be one thing, the former lieutenant governor said, if there were to be a free-for-all for the major party nominations, and another if an effort were to be made to put forward

one candidate. On this point he had no suggestions to make, evidently preferring to let the situation adjust itself along normal lines without any interference or suggestion of such on his part.

If there were to be a free-for-all on the several contests for nominations, Mr. Bacon intimated rather broadly that he saw no reason why he should not be in the fracas; but he left it entirely in the dark as to the nature of his participation.

There is a movement on foot among certain admirers of Mr. Bacon and anti-Hooverites in Massachusetts to get rid of John Richardson as national committeeman from this State and put Mr. Bacon in as his successor. Mr. Bacon is not committing himself for the present on his probable receptiveness for the national committeemanship.

Turning again to the general situation, Mr. Bacon continued: "Let this be understood. I don't want to be selfish. I want to help. I want to do it in a manner that will be most effective. It may be in a personal capacity as a party worker. I want to see Massachusetts redeemed."

The last reference, namely, that to being "a party worker," might be construed to indicate a willingness to shoulder the job of national committeeman. At least it indicates that he is not turning a deaf ear to the suggestion.

UNION

Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

State House Briefs

By DONAL F. MacPHEE

Tax Change Asked

BOSTON, Dec. 13—Rep. Raymond F. O'Connell today filed his promised measure seeking a constitutional change so that a graduated income tax law can be enacted in Massachusetts. Rep. O'Connell, a member of the special recess commission on taxation is opposed to one of that body's recommendations; namely, a lowering in income tax exemptions. He feels that heavier taxes in the upper brackets is a better solution to the State's tax problem.

Passes Exam

Paul E. Reynolds, 32 Myrtle Street, Springfield, is one of seven to pass a civil service examination for the position of junior industrial sanitary engineer in the Department of Labor and Industries. There is only one vacancy and Mr. Reynolds probably won't get appointed because he is sixth down on the list, but his eligibility holds good for the next two years in the event that there are other vacancies.

Money for Camp

Gov. James M. Curley announces that Massachusetts has received \$120,000 from Washington as the first contribution for the construction of the new National Guard camp at Bourne. Road building will start next Wednesday. The allotment is only 10 per cent of what is expected to be allocated before next June.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CURLEY SEES SHOWDOWN
ON SOCIAL SECURITY

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Dec. 13—Gov. Curley this afternoon expressed the opinion that there will be a showdown at the next election on "a sane social security program" and the Townsend plan.

He said that it has come to his attention that interest in the Townsend plan is growing in Boston and other Massachusetts municipalities and he believes a "showdown" may be expected at the 1936 election. He maintained the people will stand behind a sound social security program prepared by President Roosevelt as an alternative to the Townsend or any other plan because it makes provision for protecting the aged, unemployed, the women and children of the country.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

MATHER APOLOGIZES
TO GOV CURLEY

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Dec. 13—Prof Kirtley F. Mather of Harvard, who first said he would refuse to sign the teachers' oath, then signed it with reservations, and finally resigned it without reservations, sent a letter of apology to Gov. Curley relative to remarks made by the toastmaster at a banquet Tuesday night of the Adult Education council, of which Mather is president. The governor made the letter public.

Expressing the council's appreciation of the governor's telegram of good wishes to it, Prof Mather added: "May I also express to you our deep regret for the unfortunate incident which occurred at the banquet. The toastmaster, in whose good judgment we thought we had every reason to place complete confidence, injected into his remarks quite unnecessarily an unpleasant reference to you. We are sorry he did this. Please rest assured that he was speaking for himself alone, and was not presenting the opinion of the Adult Education council."

UNION
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

ELY WITHDRAWAL FROM DEMOCRAT PARTY DEMANDED

Support Roosevelt League
Makes Counter Proposal
to Suggestion That
Curley Leave Ranks

NEW YORK, Dec. 13 (AP)—Officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League" in a statement issued here tonight called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Gov. Joseph B. Ely of Massachusetts.

In making the statement, Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, Mass., said that this suggestion was a counter-proposal to one made in Washington, D. C., last night by Eugene T. Brady, former president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, Mass.

Brady had demanded that Gov. James M. Curley of Massachusetts withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the Senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Gov. Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

The National Support Roosevelt League, with branches in several States, has claimed credit for inspiring the American Bar Association investigation of the activities of the lawyers' committee of the American Liberty League.

Walsh and Kaplan, who conferred with members of the National Democratic Committee in Washington yesterday on the possibility of securing the Democratic National Convention for Boston, met other Democratic leaders here tonight. They said they were seeking to coordinate Roosevelt forces for the coming campaign.

Brady's Attack on Curley Denounced

PITTSFIELD, Dec. 13 — Eugene T. Brady, one-time president of the Young Democratic League of Berkshire County, demanding that Gov. Curley withdraw from politics, has been subjected to bitter denunciation by T. William Lewis of North Adams, former treasurer, who sent a telegram to the Governor today. He states the league went out of existence Jan. 1 and has held no meetings since that time.

His telegrams to the Governor follow: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene T. Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of this organization is as false as were his charges. Berkshire Democracy condemns this attack as a puny attempt to elicit notoriety."

Lewis is member of the City Council in North Adams. Brady's statement was issued in Washington

Thursday night and was carried on front pages of this morning's papers. He has a clerical position in the Federal Housing Administration in Washington.

Asst. Dist. Atty. Harold R. Goewey, an active Democrat, said he knew "Mr. Brady is not speaking for the Democrats of the county." He said he congratulated Gov. Curley on his administration and added he could say more regarding Brady "but this is the Christmas season, and I will refrain."

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

STATE HOUSE NOTES

Curley Approves Projects

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Dec. 13—Gov. Curley today approved six municipal PWA projects involving total outlay of \$927,000. The projects previously had received approval of state emergency finance board. The federal government contributes 45 per cent of cost of the projects.

No Minors Where Liquor Is Served

A bill was filed in the House clerk's office today to prohibit the admission of minors to that part of a restaurant where liquor is served. It would make it possible for anyone under 21 to sit at a table or lunch counter where liquor or beer is being served only when accompanied by a parent, guardian or adult member of the family of the minor. Restaurant-owners would be required to set off a section of their premises to serve food to minors.

Statistical Association to Meet

Boston chapter of the American Statistical association will hold its annual meeting Monday at Boston Chamber of Commerce. Judge Emil E. Fuchs, chairman of the Massachusetts commission on unemployment compensation, will speak at the dinner at night on "The social security program, with special reference to unemployment compensation in Massachusetts."

Veterans' Preference Bill

A bill filed with the House clerk this afternoon would give preference in employment to veterans and citizens who are residents of counties where temporary relief and maintenance work is being done by the state.

Betting "Breaks" for the State

The so-called "breaks" in parimutuel betting on horses and dogs would go to the commonwealth instead of to the track-owners, under terms of a bill filed in the House this afternoon.

Income Tax Amendment

Representative Raymond F. O'Connell of Springfield this afternoon filed in the House clerk's office a proposal to amend the state constitution to allow the Legislature to enact a graduated income tax law for Massachusetts. Such is now prohibited.

UNION
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Scores Facilities For Mental Cases

Gov. Curley Says Many
New Beds Are Needed
in Institutions

(Special to The Springfield Union)

BOSTON, Dec. 13—Lack of institutional facilities for mental cases, creating what amount to "an atrocious situation" in Massachusetts, was announced today by Gov. Curley. He said that there is pressing need for 4000 new beds in mental institutions, and that there are 3000 applications for beds for mentally defective children. He declared that in his annual message, to be delivered to the Legislature when it reconvenes on New Year's Day, he will incorporate recommendations for correcting this sad situation. He added that he would place the blame for the existing condition on the Republican Party.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

MOTOR REGISTRY FOR HOLYOKE

Gov. Curley Assures Mayor-
Elect Yoerg One Will Be
Established — Also Sup-
ports New Four-Lane High-
way

From Our Special Reporter.

Boston, Dec. 13—Mayor-elect William P. Yoerg of Holyoke was assured this afternoon by Gov. Curley, that a branch office of the registry of motor vehicles would be established in Holyoke soon.

The governor also assured Yoerg of his support of the proposed construction of a four-lane highway between West Springfield and Holyoke.

The governor this afternoon announced that the commonwealth had received \$120,000 from the federal government as the first contribution toward the cost of constructing a new National guard camp at Bourne on Cape Cod. He said Adjt.-Gen. William I. Rose will start the necessary road work on Wednesday of next week, using this contribution and that between 100 and 700 men will be employed.

DEC 14 1935

Sidewalk Plans Halted As Officials Dispute

Curley Charges Rotch With Failure to Cooperate — State Engineer Reports Lack of Men and Materials On Jobs in Western Massachusetts

Boston, Dec. 13—(AP)—A \$3,600,000 program to line the state's highways with sidewalks appeared mired tonight in a morass of dispute between Gov. James M. Curley and State WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch.

The latest development today in the wordy war which has raged for nearly a week between the two executives was publication by the governor of a detailed report to support his charges Rotch had failed to give the state's sidewalk program proper cooperation.

Rotch's Declaration

Rotch, meanwhile, stood by his original position that he would fill quotas on the sidewalk projects as soon as labor was released from town projects now underway. He did not intend, he said, to have half-finished town projects merely to increase the number of state jobs.

Besides the sidewalk projects, a pet program of the governor, Rotch had other troubles, the principal one being complaint over delay in paying WPA workers in Lynn, Cambridge and other places.

Payments Delayed

In Lynn, delay in paying off 1200 workers caused them to storm the city hall. The city, to avoid distress, issued grocery orders involving expense of \$7500. Delays of payments for nearly three weeks to workers in Cambridge and Wakefield also were reported to be causing irritation there.

The governor also was in conflict with another federal agency over a public works project, but before the day was over the matter was smoothed over. Anxious that the state receive an agreed \$2,000,000 allotment for a National guard camp at Bourne, Curley declared that unless the money was forthcoming "the

federal people would hear a blast from us."

Later in the day the state received \$120,000 toward the total grant. The governor said work would be started Wednesday on the project, on which from 100 to 700 men would be employed.

Another WPA matter occupying the governor today was a \$679,000 project to employ 2700 men for four months on land clearance and grading on grounds at the Boston State hospital.

He wrote Rotch, urging adoption of the proposal, and promising he would recommend to the executive council next week it make available immediately the state's share of the project, \$27,991.

Reports Men or Materials Lacking in Many Towns

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Dec. 13—Chief Engineer Joseph M. McCarthy of the state public works department today made public photostat copies of a letter received from District Engineer George A. Curtis to his department, who has supervision of sidewalk and highway work in Western Massachusetts, to dispute the contention of WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch that so far as his office was concerned, there was no reason why the commonwealth could not have gone ahead on the sidewalk projects.

One photostat states that on the 10th, the WPA sidewalks in Chester and Lenox were closed down, "the reason being that the projects have not been supplied with materials and trucks and because of this condition, there is no work for the men." Engineer McCarthy, speaking of Curtis's report, calls the "conditions deplorable" in the western end of the state and adds: "In general, progress on all sidewalk projects in all districts has been very slow and I believe drastic action should be taken immediately in this very important matter."

Engineer Curtis's Report

Engineer Curtis in his report says: "The reason for the following lengthy report is to give reasons why we may be unable to finish the actual grading for sidewalks, due to forces beyond our control."

Curtis's letter follows, in part:—"Cheshire. Due to the failure of the WPA to furnish trucks to cart the material excavated on this Cheshire, North street, sidewalk project, it was necessary to rehandle 100 per cent—275 cubic yards—of the material excavated. This material had to be rehandled after the frost had set in to such an extent that the entire amount rehandled was of frozen material. The rehandling of this frozen material has added considerably to the cost of excavation. No allowance was made for this in our 301 project proposal and it may be necessary to get an additional allotment to carry out the work as we had planned.

"We have been in communication with the WPA authorities at their Springfield office attempting to have materials for which we have requisitioned on November 19 made available for use so as to carry on the project in a businesslike manner. The WPA has been unable to date to furnish us with any material for this job. As a result, we will have to close this job down Tuesday, December 10.

"Inability to furnish this material will add considerably to the cost of

this project as material will have to be handled when weather conditions will be much more unfavorable than they have to date.

"Chester. The conditions in Chester are similar to those encountered in Cheshire excepting that only 38 per cent—115 cubic yards—of the excavation had to be rehandled after it had become frozen, due to lack of trucks. We will also have to shut this job down on Tuesday, December 10, due to the inability of the WPA to furnish gravel borrow which was requisitioned on November 21.

"It was found unnecessary to do some of the proposed excavation as the material encountered was a good gravel. This will cut down the amount of gravel needed for this project.

Clarksburg Conditions

"Clarksburg. No trouble was encountered in rehandling excavation due to lack of trucks. The WPA as yet are unable to furnish any of the materials which we called for delivery on November 25. This will inconvenience construction of drainage only as we have obtained a source of free borrow a short distance from the job of which we had no information when we made out our requisition for materials. We also have obtained a source of free stone for rubble masonry since requesting this material from the WPA.

"We requisitioned for 25 unskilled laborers to report to work on this job on November 18. We were unable to obtain any laborers until November 20 at which time but four laborers were assigned to the job. Since then this number has increased to seven.

Only Eight Men Appear

"Dalton. In Dalton it was necessary to rehandle 95 per cent—230 cubic yards—of the excavation for the Dalton, North street, project, most of which had become frozen. The WPA has as yet been unable to furnish any materials for this North street project. This has not inconvenienced us as we have moved the men from North street to the Main street project.

"Hinsdale. We have had no trouble with the Hinsdale project in rehandling excavation due to lack of trucks. We requisitioned for 35 unskilled laborers for this project for November 19. This job got under way on November 20 with only eight out of the 35 laborers asked for, certified for work on the project. The inability of the WPA to furnish the complement of men called for will add materially to the cost of this project as the past three weeks represent what will probably be the most favorable work period for this job during the winter.

Trucks and Laborers Short

"Huntington. In Huntington on Worthington street, it has been necessary to rehandle 35 per cent—140 cubic yards—of excavation after it had frozen, due to lack of trucks. We have also had to handle a large amount of excavation by wheelbarrows which we would have handled with trucks if we had the trucks. We have avoided starting excavation for curbing or for surfacing on Russell street, due to the inability of the WPA to furnish us with gravel which would be necessary to carry Russell street along in a workmanlike manner.

"We requisitioned for 30 laborers to report on November 21. To date we have had 16 laborers certified for this job.

"To date, the only materials O. K'd by the WPA authorities for this project were brick, cement, coarse and fine aggregate. We have not received definite information from whom these materials are coming.

Continued

Work at Lee

"Lee. Most of the work in Lee has been concentrated on Chapel street, due partly to the inability of the WPA to furnish the full complement of workers requested. We requisitioned for 38 unskilled laborers. To date we have received a total of 22 unskilled.

Chapel street. We have had to rehandle 43 per cent—160 cubic yards—of excavation which had become frozen, due to lack of trucks. This will add considerably to the cost of this project.

Frozen Excavation Rehandled

"Lenox. In Lenox, on Pittsfield road, we have had to rehandle 60 per cent—120 cubic yards—of the excavation due to lack of trucks. This excavation had to be rehandled after it had become frozen.

"We have been unable to obtain the full number of unskilled laborers requisitioned for this project. We requisitioned for 24 and have obtained 10 to date. The WPA also has been unable to furnish materials for this project to date. Due to lack of materials, especially gravel borrow, it will be necessary to shut this job down today—December 10—as there is no excavation left to be done after tonight.

"Russell. In Russell, it has been necessary to rehandle 55 per cent—180 cubic yards—of excavation as it had become frozen. This was caused by lack of trucks. We have also handled a large amount of excavation with wheelbarrows which we would have handled by truck if we had had the trucks.

"We requisitioned for 20 unskilled laborers but to date have but 15 working. We have received a notice from the WPA authorities in Springfield that they will be able to furnish us with gravel for this project but to date we have not received any notice from where the material is coming.

"Williamstown. In Williamstown it has been necessary to rehandle 46 per cent—250 cubic yards—of excavation after it had become frozen. This was due in part to the fact that but one truck was requisitioned for this job. We had three trucks report for work on December 9 but were unable to use them due to the inability of the WPA to furnish us with a source of gravel borrow. We requisitioned for materials for this job on November 13 for delivery on November 16 but to date have received a notice of requisition only for brick and cement.

"Blandford. In Blandford we requisitioned for 25 unskilled laborers to report on November 19. The WPA were unable to furnish any workers for this job until December 5 at which time but seven workers were furnished to this project."

Similar reports late to Great Barrington, Lanesboro and Stockbridge.

Callahan Submits Report

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Dec. 13—Public Works Commissioner William F. Callahan this afternoon submitted a detailed report to Gov. Curley substantiating further the governor's claim that the federal relief administration has not cooperated with the commonwealth in its efforts to place men to work rapidly. The commissioner's report read, in part:—

"District 1. Conditions are extremely poor.

"Clarksburg. Seven men, one foreman. We requested 30 men and six trucks. At the present rate of progress, the project will not be completed before September, 1936, because frost will set in very soon and the work will be impossible here. Our plans call for completion of this project by January 1.

"Becket. WPA asks our engineer to start a project here with three men, one foreman, one timekeeper. Emphatically no!

"District 2. "Hadley project should be shut down; no trucks, no material. Men are trying to give the appearance of working. No useful work being done.

"Cummington project. Conditions very bad. Twenty men with an occasional truck once in a while.

"District 3. "East Brookfield. Eight men, no foreman, no engineer. Material needed now. Men are waiting.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

UNION
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Bigelow Predicts Deficit Increase

BOSTON, Dec. 13 (AP)—A \$5,000,000 increase in the State deficit is predicted for 1936 by State Rep. Albert F. Bigelow of Brookline.

He said he feared that while expenditures of the State government would increase from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000 next year, there would be no material increase in revenue.

At a taxation conference of the Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce at the City Club yesterday, Bigelow said all state departments excepting the executive department had lived within their appropriations this year.

He ridiculed two recent statements of Gov. James M. Curley in which the chief executive was quoted as "extremely gratified" that the 48-hour work week in state institutions would "involve no additional burden on the State for bond issues," and the Governor's "jubilation at the surplus with which he said the State closed the last fiscal year."

Rodney W. Long, president of the Massachusetts Real Estate Exchange, advocated "a definite limitation placed on real estate not to exceed \$25 per thousand of sound warranted valuation."

UNION
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CURLEY PREDICTS SHOWDOWN ON TOWNSEND PLAN

Will Be Issue Along With
Social Security Legislation
at Next Election,
Says Governor

(Special to The Springfield Union)

BOSTON, Dec. 13—Gov. James M. Curley today expressed the opinion that there will be a showdown at the next State election on a sane social security program and the Townsend plan for old age pensions. The Governor said that it has come to his attention that interest in the Townsend plan is growing in many Massachusetts cities and towns and he believed that the next election will bring a showdown on this issue.

He maintained the conviction that the people would stand behind President Roosevelt's social security program as an alternative to the Townsend or any other plan, because it makes provision for the protection of the aged, the unemployed and the women and the children of the country.

The discussion of social security legislation followed an announcement by Gov. Curley that he is getting many letters of inquiry concerning the Townsend plan and social security legislation. The Governor said that he is receiving 122 letters a day at his home and approximately 1200 at the State House. Seventy per cent of the letters are written by job seekers and applicants for Christmas baskets. The Governor added that he had received more than 3000 requests for holiday baskets.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

DEMOCRATS UNMOVED BY BRADY'S TIRADE

Pittsfield, Dec. 13—Leading Pittsfield Democrats were disinclined to pay any attention to the statement made at Washington yesterday "demanding" that Gov. James M. Curley withdraw as a candidate for the United States Senate. Former members of the Young Democrats club say it has not existed for a year. Michael E. Troy of West Stockbridge, a leading county Democrat, said that Eugene T. Brady must have been speaking for himself alone.

DEC 14 1935

SEEK \$250,000 PROFITS ON SALE OF BONDS

Equity Action Against Boston City Treasurer

Curley's Leading Official and Six Others Alleged To Have Plotted

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP)—The city of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The city law department brought the bill in equity, bearing the personal signature of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, before the State Supreme Court.

Named with Dolan were six others.

They were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan, in breach of his duty as city treasurer, made profits in bond transactions at the city's expense. The bill asks that he be required to disclose and return to the city the alleged profits.

The other six are asked to ac-

count for any gains made by them through Dolan's alleged transactions.

The bill alleged Dolan and the six others made profits of more than \$250,000 illegally through a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" involving the purchase of millions of dollars worth of bonds and their resale to the city.

The bill sets forth that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in October, 1929, in anticipation of his appointment to the post of city treasurer after the election of Curley as mayor. It alleges the formation of a corporation through which "large, secret and illicit gains and profits" were made by Dolan and the others by the resale of bonds to the city at "largely enhanced prices."

Henry E. Foley, city corporation counsel and George R. Farnum, special corporation counsel, filed the bill.

Last year Farnum, while serving as special counsel for the Boston finance commission, sought to bring Dolan before that body in an investigation to determine whether or not he had any connection with the legal securities corporation. The legal securities corporation allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city.

Dolan was in Florida at that time and did not come before the commission.

After the election of Governor Curley, the personnel of the commission was changed through resignations and new appointments. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the legal securities corporation.

EVENING UNION
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

BOSTON SUING CURLEY FRIEND ON BOND PROFIT

Former City Treasurer
Charged With Making \$250,-
000 in Alleged Deals at
City's Expense.

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP)—The City of Boston brought an equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, seeking settlement of alleged profits in bond transactions at the city's expense.

The city law department brought the bill inequity, bearing the personal signature of Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield before the state supreme court.

Six others were named with Dolan. They were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

BAGG AND FARNHAM DEFEND A. G. ROTCH

Pittsfield, Dec. 13—Mayor Allen H. Bagg and Arthur B. Farnham today came to the defense of Arthur G. Rotch, state WPA administrator, who has been assailed by Gov. James M. Curley. "Mr. Rotch has been doing the very best he can under the circumstances," said the mayor. "The delay in payrolls has hurt us, but the fault was with Washington, not with Mr. Rotch."

DEC 14 1935

Gov Curley Still Expected To Name His Successor in 1936 Gubernatorial Battle

**Lieut-Gov Hurley Expected to Be Taken Care of and
Thus Withdrawn From Race; Believed Governor's
Indication of Man He Favors Will Carry Considerable Weight at Convention**

By HENRY G. LOGAN

State House, Boston, Dec. 14—Confirmation of the prediction, made in this column earlier this week, that Lieut-Gov Joseph L. Hurley of Fall River may be taken care of and thus withdrawn from the Democratic gubernatorial fight of 1936 was had, in part, in developments in connection with the testimonial dinner given to ex-Councilor Edmond Cote at Fall River Thursday night.

Lieut-Gov Hurley was scheduled to appear at that dinner to his fellow-townsmen and, according to reliable information, was going to make formal announcement of his candidacy for the Democratic indorsement for governor. Gov Curley was there, and the plan was for Gov Curley to reiterate that he would "go through" for his second-in-command. Instead, Lieut-Gov Hurley found a previous engagement necessitated that he talk to a gathering of the Catholic Order of Foresters in Boston, and he kept that engagement. Gov Curley talked about a fine appointment he had made of Rupert Carven of Boston to the Fall River Finance commission.

It will be recalled that at a clamor-bake of Bristol county Democrats at Lincoln park, between Fall River and New Bedford, last summer, Gov Curley stated he was to run for senator and would give Lieut-Gov Hurley his support for governor in 1936. The senatorial announcement was not taken too seriously at that time, but the governor has since made it plain he meant what he said. Lieut-Gov Hurley has been biding his time, saying nothing to incur the governor's wrath, well knowing that to oppose him would be to sacrifice that support when it were needed.

But, developments of the past week have been such that it seems as though the governor and the lieutenant-governor thought it inadvisable for both of the to appear on the Cote dinner program. So the second-in-command absented himself to go to the Boston dinner to speak, while the chief graced the Cote festive board with his presence and eloquence.

Which leads to further conjectured as to what Gov Curley's part will be in the approaching Democratic scramble for office. Without a

doubt, as indicated by that Fall River clamor-bake utterance, and by others since then, the governor intended to name the man he favored for his successor, and he intended to reward the lieutenant-governor for his acquiescence and silence, by throwing the purple mantle over Hurley's shoulders. But the Democratic stalwarts, who have developed a lot and have much to say about Democratic practices and policies, began to see the

light about three or four weeks ago, and that light made things appear different.

The light that glowed with increasing brilliance was cast by the energetic Charles F. Hurley, none other than state treasurer and receiver-general. His seemingly unlimited energy has gradually brought about a following of the strength that impresses other Democratic leaders. That strength, without a doubt, is directed toward making its object the next governor of Massachusetts. And that strength is such that the more sane Democratic leaders have accepted as a fact that it must be reckoned with. So, they balanced the scales of strength and came to the conclusion that Treasurer Hurley is a man to be coddled, not scratched.

Accordingly, the governor was visited by a leader or more in his own party and the hint was conveyed in a manner that left little doubt in the governor's mind, so it would seem, that it would be advantageous for him to tend to his own tanning, i.e., the senatorial candidacy. That little doubt was left is indicated by the bust-up of the Cote dinner plans of Messrs Curley and Hurley. The latter said when Curley made known he seeks a senatorial toga, that the "natural step" was for him to run for governor, and "due time" he would make formal announcement. Considerable time has elapsed since that statement, but apparently it isn't "due" yet. It may never come due.

For there isn't any doubt that those who have been working tooth and nail throughout this year to build up the Democratic strength in the state do not intend to let the governorship matter wreck their well-laid plans. They are building in a confident way—confident that they will sweep the state next year if someone doesn't throw sand in the gear-box.

Here's what would happen if the governor persisted in inserting in Lieut-Gov Hurley for governor. The legion of friends and admirers of Treasurer Hurley would resent this action. Resenting it, they would take the most natural method of showing their feelings, namely, by opposing Curley for senator. And Gov Curley is shrewd enough to realize that while he may corral votes for himself, he would be sticking his fingers in a vice if he attempted to force the party to accept Lieut-Gov Hurley for its standard-bearer. Chances are he won't try to.

As a result of the suggestion made a round-table conference of the constitutional officers—Democratic—of the commonwealth lock themselves in a room and lay their cards on their table, such a meeting will be called soon by one of them, and an attempt will be made to reach an understand-

ing for the best interests of the party. And, without doubt, that understanding will be: Charles F. Hurley for governor; Paul A. Dever for reelection as attorney-general; Thomas H. Buckley for reelection as state auditor; and Lieut-Gov Hurley to be given an appointive position, or to run for reelection. The idea of a Hurley-Hurley ticket doesn't sound enticing, so it seems more likely the lieutenant-governor will get an appointment. Whether Gov Curley will be asked to sit in at this peace conference is not known at this writing.

There is an element that must be given passing consideration—in the gubernatorial field. He is Judge John E. Swift of superior court, who ran for lieutenant-governor with Joseph B. Ely, was defeated, and later was named to the superior bench by Ely. Swift is said not to be satisfied to grace the bench. He has been conferring with Democrats for the past three months in connection with his ambition to be governor. He doesn't want to resign from the bench to make the try, and claims he has found a precedent of 100 or more years ago, justifying his proposal to hold one job while he seeks another.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

TO ASK ADDITIONAL HOSPITAL BUILDINGS

**Gov Curley Says State 18
Per Cent Behind in Housing
Mentally Ill**

From Our Special Reporter

Boston, Dec. 13—Gov Curley this afternoon indicated that he will ask the incoming Legislature, which convenes New Year's day, to provide funds for construction of additional buildings to house 4000 more persons suffering from mental disorders.

He said he would include the recommendation in his annual message to the Legislature because he has been advised that the commonwealth is 18 per cent behind in required beds for the mentally-ill of the state. He said he has no way of knowing what action the Legislature may take on the recommendation, but added he would put the problem on its doorstep. He added also that the 1933 building program was of little help in increasing the number of beds.

RECORD
St. Johnsbury, Vt.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

WESTINGHOUSE PAPER ATTACKS GOV CURLEY

A signed article headed "Capitulation to the Democratic Party," assailing Gov James M. Curley and urging support for a labor party is published on the front page of the Westinghouse union's weekly organ, which appeared yesterday.

The article, signed by George Searles Emsworth, begins "John F. Gatelee, president of the state federation of labor has gone up and down this state boosting Mr Curley to all the workers as the greatest governor labor ever had... Told how organized labor has received more appointments at his hands than any other governor. But he forgets to mention they were 'political plums.' Practically every officer of every union is made to believe that he is on their side and such officers hand this line of bunk out to their members..."

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

GAZETTE
Taunton, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

Wants More Funds for Hospitals

BOSTON, Dec. 14—Governor Curley indicated yesterday that he would request the incoming Legislature to provide funds for the construction of additional buildings to house 4000 or more persons suffering from mental diseases.

The governor said he would include the recommendation in his annual message to the general court because he has been advised that the Commonwealth is 18 per cent behind in the number of necessary beds for the mentally ill of the State. He said he had no way of knowing what action the Legislature might take on the recommendation but added that the matter would be placed on the Legislature's "doorstep." The governor further said that the 1931 building program had proved of little help in increasing the number of beds.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

REPUBLICAN
Springfield, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

Airplane Company Leases State Land
Gov Curley was informed this afternoon by the public works department of the approval of a lease of state-owned land at Commonwealth pier in Boston to the Marine Airplane Co. of New York city, which plans to operate fast hydroairplanes between South Boston and East 31st street in New York city, starting early in the spring, and making one-hour runs. "It will be very handy when I'm in the Senate," Gov Curley commented.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

GAZETTE
Taunton, Mass.
DEC 14 1935

Board Votes to Cut Own Expenses

FALL RIVER, Dec. 14—A report made public Friday at the office of City Auditor Ernest A. Floyd indicated that the wave of economy in municipal expenses has entered the office of the Board of Finance since its reorganization with the appointment by Gov. Curley of Chairman Edmond Cote and Rupert S. Carven a former Boston city official. The report indicated a sharp decrease in the total telephone, travel and meal bills submitted by the commissioners during October and November.

The total expense incurred by the three members for the two months was \$49.75.

The report showed that Commissioner Carven who comes to this city six days a week, does not submit any bill for his expenses. Commissioner Sawyer submitted an expense bill for travel to the amount of \$10.80, and one of \$2.10 for telephone calls from his office.

Chairman Cote did not submit any bill for his trips to Boston on official business for the city.

TELEGRAM
Worcester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CURLEY QUESTIONS TOWNSEND PLAN

Says People Will Prefer President's Program

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Dec. 13.—The next election will bring a showdown between the Townsend plan and the President's social security program, Governor Curley predicted today. He praised the social security program and expressed the opinion that the majority of people would accept it in preference to the Townsend plan or any other plan.

Interest in the Townsend plan is increasing in Massachusetts, the Governor said, adding that he has received many letters concerning both the Townsend idea and the social security program. "The showdown," he said, "is between a sane social security program and the Townsend plan."

The social security program, the Governor claimed, provided not only for the aged, but for the unemployed, the women and the children.

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM

Worcester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Curley's Mail Is Largely For Jobs and Relief

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Dec. 13.—The question of what people write the Governor about was answered by Governor Curley today.

Seventy per cent of the letters received by the Governor ask for jobs or Christmas baskets, he said. One-hundred and twenty-five letters a day are received at his home and about 1200 a day come to the executive office.

DEC 14 1935

FORMER BOSTON TREASURER SUED Mansfield Action Against Dolan

City of Boston Charges Curley's Treasurer Made Profits in Bond Transactions at City's Expense

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP).—The city of Boston brought equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, charging participation in a bond-selling scheme which allegedly cost the city \$250,000. The city seeks an accounting and reimbursement.

The bill, signed by Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield and filed with the State Supreme Court asks an accounting from Dolan and return of alleged illicit profits made while he was city treasurer. It also seeks an accounting from six alleged associates of Dolan.

They included J. Walter Quinn, an electrical contractor; John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, an employee in the State Public Utilities Department, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge. The bill reserved the right to add other names.

The bill charges Dolan, in breach of his duty, participated in a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" in which millions of dollars worth of bonds were sold to the city above their market value and profits of more than \$250,000 were made between 1930 and 1933.

Among the corporations mentioned in the bill of complaint were the Legal Securities Corporation, the John F. Dever Co. and the E. L. Dolan Co.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in the fall of 1929 in anticipation of his appointment as city treasurer after the election of Curley as mayor.

It charges that he established an office under the name of the E. L. Dolan Company and used his private brokerage office for "corrupt schemes." The bill alleges Dolan formed an independent corporation and, through dummy and "straw" directors "made large, secret and illicit gains and profits through the purchase at one price and reselling them

at a largely enhanced price."

The bill set forth that the Dolan company was involved in the selection of straw and dummy incorporators, directors and officers and the issuance of stock certificates in dummy names, all at the procurement of Dolan.

Last year, George R. Farnum, then counsel for the Boston Finance Commission, sought to bring Dolan before that body in an investigation of the affairs of the Legal Securities Corporation, which allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city.

Dolan, in Florida at the time, did not appear.

After the election of Curley as Governor the personnel of the commission was altered through resignations and new appointments by Governor Curley. Farnum resigned. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation. The newly-constituted commission then reported the charges had not been proved.

Farnum later joined the city's legal staff as special corporation counsel and with Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley filed the equity bill today.

The complaint further alleges that of the \$9,000,000 transactions in bonds by the city, Dolan handled \$7,000,000 during the three-year period.

Of \$3,300,000 sinking and trust fund bonds sold, the complaint charges Dolan purchased \$1,300,000 worth.

The action was made returnable the first week in January. Subpoenas were issued by the clerk of the Supreme Court for all the respondents and turned over to the sheriff for service.

Early Shopper



The woman pictured above is to have \$5 more Christmas shopping money if she will call at the office of The Post and prove that she is the woman about whose head The Post photographer has drawn the circle.

She is one of the great army of early morning, early Christmas shoppers and was avoiding the afternoon Christmas rush by getting downtown early.

The lucky early morning, early Christmas shopper yesterday was Mrs. Mary Amello, whose home is near Woodland Street, West Boylston.

DEC 14 1935

Republican Leaders



Mrs. Mabel C. Batchelder, Massachusetts national committeewoman and president of the Women's Republican Club of Worcester County with Col. Frank Knox, Chicago publisher, and a potential presidential candidate just before the dinner meeting of the county club in Hotel Bancroft last night. Mrs. Batchelder was toastmistress and Col. Knox the guest speaker of the evening.

Knox Would Have Aid Administered by State

Republican "Candidate" Would Allow Federal Government to Put Up Cash, However

By WILLIAM H. MURPHY, Evening Post Staff Writer

"The administration of relief is solely a neighborly function and should be returned to local communities," according to Frank Knox, publisher of the Chicago Daily News and a potential presidential candidate. In an interview he declared that relief should be administered on a cash basis and the Federal government should contribute directly to local authorities.

The Chicago publisher who takes issue with President Roosevelt on the administration's accomplishments during the past three years, was non-committal on his own presidential aspirations. Asked if he was to be a presidential candidate, Col. Knox said: "I have nothing to say on that subject at this time."

Col. Knox differs sharply with Gov. James M. Curley as to the paramount issue of the next presidential campaign. Gov. Curley has predicted that there will be a "showdown" on a "sane social security plan" and the "Townsend Plan." Col. Knox states that the big issues of the campaign will be taxes and expenses, which he said, have choked private enterprise and the multiplicity of bureaus in Washington.

He declares that local self government and liberty go up and down together and that the people of this country are tired of being dictated to from Washington.

Col. Knox took time off during the interview to greet several prominent Republicans who visited his suite at the Bancroft Hotel. He laughed as news photographers snapped his picture, inquiring what newspapers did with all the pictures they took.

Getting back to his interview, he said: "There are certain reasons, however, in the present setup, and I am looking at the thing objectively and, I hope, without partisan spirit. A mere promise such as we read just a few days ago in the papers attributed to the Chief Executive, is not sufficient to restore that degree of confidence which is essential to the restoration of normal prosperity.

"Pay-As-You-Go"

"A man who comes into office speaking almost precisely in the terms which I have just employed in telling you, who speaks with great assurance of his devotion to the principals of a pay-as-you-go policy, who declares that he has no intention whatever of disturbing our currency, who promises without qualification a sharp reduction in the cost of Federal administration, who pledges anew his faith to the policy of competition in business and who finally declares to what he describes as the unsound policy of agricultural restriction of production and then in actual administration does the reverse, which grouped together, is a covenant with the American people, an additional promise from that source needs real, actual substantiation.

Asked if he thought that the coming Republican national convention would be a long drawn out affair, Col. Knox said that he did not think so in that the Republicans were pretty well united on the issues of the coming campaign.

Asked how the Works Administration Program was working out in Illinois, Col. Knox said that it was an utter failure, due in part, he said to the failure of those employed on the projects to do a just day's work. This is well known to the man who has to pay the bills and it has hurt him materially to see these men employed on projects not doing anything.

"It would be far better," Col. Knox said, to administer relief locally, where those in charge would know the persons they were dealing with and would be able to weed out the fakirs and give those deserving of aid the benefits of the dole program.

"I believe that the relief problem is a neighborly matter and should be administered locally."

Asked if he thought that the government should play any part in aiding local communities to care for the needy, Col. Knox said that he thought that the Federal Government should aid the local authorities with appropriations made direct to the communities and that the "cash" system should be employed instead of the works program. The taxpayer, he said, would benefit in the end.

Col. Knox did not arrive until a late hour in the afternoon for the dinner meeting of the Women's Republican Club of Worcester County and was forced to cut his interview short as the time drew near for him to dress for the festivities.

"I am glad to meet newspapermen," Col. Knox said, "as I only see about 100 a day."

Urges Lower Costs In Federal Government

Declaring that improvement in American life could come only through work and through lower costs in government, Col. Frank Knox, Chicago publisher and frequently mentioned as a Republican presidential possibility, told several hundred Republicans here last night at the dinner meeting of the Women's Republican Club of Worcester County, that the country must return to a balanced budget, return to the gold standard and stop the government's entrance into competition with its taxpayers and elimination of coercion of business and agriculture. Col. Knox said that the United

Continued

States will have a \$35,000,000,000 public debt at the end of the fiscal year and that taxes will be higher next year.

The publisher attacked President Roosevelt's recent speech at Atlanta, Ga. He quoted the President as saying, "We are once more in the black. In 1933 we were insolvent. Today we are solvent."

"Then," Col. Knox, "in the same address he went on to say that in 1933 we had a debt of \$21,000,000,000 and he further admitted that on the day of his speech the debt had increased to more than \$29,000,000,000."

Mrs. Mabel C. Batchelder, national committee woman from Massachusetts and president of the county club, was toastmistress. Prior to the talk of Col. Knox, Miss Batchelder presented the guests at the head table to the gathering. Among the guests at the head table were many persons prominent in the Republican party.

Before turning to his prepared speech Col. Knox said that he was not surprised at the big turnout and the enthusiasm shown by the women of today.

He declared that in every section of the country the women are displaying the same interest in the Republican party. He said that the women hold not only 80 percent of the wealth of the country but spend 80 percent of the national income.

Col. Knox paid tribute to the late Theodore Ellis, of this city, who was associated with Col. Knox in the publication of the Chicago Daily News.

Concluded

Press Clipping Service

2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

Pawtuxet Valley Times
West Warwick, R. I.

DEC 14 1935

NEWS-TRIBUNE

Waltham, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Boston Brings Suit Against Seven Persons

Ex City Treasurer And Others Are Accused

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 14 (U.P.)—The city of Boston today brought suit to recover thousands of dollars in allegedly illegal profits made by Edmund L. Dolan and six others on bond transactions while Dolan was city treasurer under Mayor James M. Curley, present governor of Massachusetts.

Named with Dolan in a bill in equity filed in state supreme court were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever, and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold P. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

The suit alleges that Dolan and three others profited to the extent of about \$250,000 by purchasing bonds at one price and selling them to the city at greatly increased prices. "All" the charges state, "were fully aware of the fraudulent character of the scheme." It states further that Dolan "in anticipation of the election of Mayor Curley and Dolan's own appointment as city treasurer conceived and concocted the fraudulent and corrupt scheme."

City Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and his assistants, George R. Farnum, filed the suit.

Press Clipping Service

2 Park Square
BOSTON MASS.

POST

Worcester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Brady's Attack on Curley Resented

Berkshire Democrats Go To Governor's Defense

PITTSFIELD, Dec. 14 (AP)—Eugene T. Brady's political blast at Gov. James M. Curley (D) today brought several Berkshire County Democrats to the Governor's defense.

Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, called on Curley to "withdraw" from politics and scoffed at his U. S. senatorial ambitions in a statement from Washington Thursday night.

A former Pittsfield bartender, he is employed in a Federal bureau in Washington.

T. William Lewis, city councilman and former treasurer of the Young Democrats, wired the Governor: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges."

A telegram signed by James P. McAndrews voiced similar resentment at Brady's remarks and said: "He is no longer recognized as president. I am writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and offer an apology to you."

The club has not been in existence actively, Pittsfield politicians said since Jan. 1, 1933.

The Governor on Thursday night said he did not know Brady.

CITY OF BOSTON FILES SUIT IN EQUITY AGAINST FORMER CITY TREASURER DOLAN

Boston, Mass., Dec. 14 (INS)—The City of Boston through its law department today unexpectedly filed a bill in equity in Supreme Court against Edmund R. Dolan, former City Treasurer and six other defendants. The action resulted from an investigation into charges that while City Treasurer under James M. Curley's administration as Mayor, Dolan formed the Legal Securities Corporation and through it sold bonds to the city at prices higher than the market prices. The bill of complaint alleged that Dolan made profits at the expense of the city. It demanded he return all such profits. The other defendants were asked to account for money made by them as a result of Dolan's alleged transactions. Among the other defendants were J. Walter Quinn and Robert L. Emerson, both of Brookline, Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

GAZETTE

Worcester, Mass.
DEC 14 1935FORMER BOSTON CITY
TREASURER IS SUEDEdmund L. Dolan, Official When Governor
Curley Was Mayor, Accused of Participating in Bond-Selling Scheme Which
Allegedly Cost Hub \$250,000

BOSTON, Dec. 14 (AP)—The city of Boston brought equity action today against Edmund L. Dolan, city treasurer when Gov. James M. Curley was mayor, charging participation in a bond-selling scheme which allegedly cost the city two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The city seeks an accounting and reimbursement.

Accused at Hub

EDMUND L. DOLAN
Former Boston City Treasurer

POST

Worcester, Mass.

DEC 13 1935

State Receives Funds
For Cape Cod Camps

BOSTON, Dec. 13 (AP)—Gov. James M. Curley announced today \$120,000 had been received by the state as the first contribution by the Federal government toward construction of a national guard camp at Bourne.

Between 100 to 700 men, the Governor said, would be employed on the project. He said work would be started on Wednesday.

The bill, signed by Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, and filed with the State Supreme Court asks an accounting from Dolan and return of alleged illicit profits made while he was city treasurer. It also seeks an accounting from six alleged associates of Dolan.

They included J. Walter Quinn, an electrical contractor; John F. Dever, Lawrence Costello, an employee in the State Public Utilities Department, all of Boston, Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge. The bill reserved the right to add other names.

The bill charges Dolan, in breach of his duty, participated in a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme" in which millions of dollars worth of

bonds were sold to the city above their market value and profits of more than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars were made between 1930 and 1933.

Among the corporations mentioned in the bill of complaint were the Legal Securities Corporation, the John F. Dever Company, and the E. L. Dolan Company.

The bill of complaint charges that Dolan planned the alleged scheme in the Fall of 1929 in anticipation of his appointment as city treasurer after the election of Curley as mayor.

It charges that he established an office under the name of the E. L. Dolan Company and used his private brokerage office for "corrupt schemes." The bill alleges Dolan formed an independent corporation and, through dummy and "straw" directors "made large, secret and illicit gains and profits through the purchase at one price and reselling them at a largely enhanced price."

Claim Dummy Directors

The bill set forth that the Dolan Company was involved in the selection of straw and dummy incorporators, directors and officers and the issuance of stock certificates in dummy names, all at the procurement of Dolan.

Last year, George R. Farnum, then counsel for the Boston Finance Commission, sought to bring

Dolan before that body in an investigation of the affairs of the Legal Securities Corporation which allegedly was involved in bond transactions with the city. Dolan, in Florida at the time, did not appear.

After the election of Curley as Governor, the personnel of the commission was altered through resignations and new appointments by Governor Curley. Farnum resigned. Dolan subsequently went before the commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation. The newly-constituted commission then reported the charges had not been proved.

Farnum later joined the city's legal staff as special corporation counsel and with Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley filed the equity bill today.

The complaint further alleges that of the nine million dollar transactions in bonds by the city, Dolan handled seven million dollars during the three-year period.

Of three million, three hundred thousand dollar sinking and trust fund bonds sold, the complaint charges Dolan purchased one million, three hundred thousand dollars worth.

The action was made returnable the first week in January. Subpoenas were issued by the clerk of the Supreme Court for all the respondents and turned over to the sheriff for service.

Press Clipping Service

2 Park Square
Boston Mass.

Sentinel

Waterville, Me.

DEC 14 1935

Date

One reason for the popularity of Governor Curley in Massachusetts is found in a recent act by him relating to employment. A plan had been developed in that state for employing several thousands of men in building sidewalks alongside the state highways. This plan was submitted to the government and while it was given tentative approval, the days dragged on without any men being put to work. The Governor announced last week that he was all through waiting for the federal officials to move and that the men were going to be put to work at once. This has been done and as a result Massachusetts men

who would ordinarily be still waiting for the bureaucrats at Washington to unwind a few more yards of red tape are out earning money for themselves and their families.

It is a peculiar thing that the

Wakefield Runaround

By R. E. PORTER

The inside story could have been told here three or four weeks ago, but was withheld because it never does any good to drag religion into public questions, but in the past week it leaked out and became a matter of published information in the Boston press that Catholic educators and other Catholic friends of Dr. Payson Smith had found it necessary to petition Gov. Curley to re-appoint him as state commissioner of education. It was reported some time ago to the Massachusetts and New England school superintendents' associations that Gov. Curley was offering as an excuse for not reappointing Dr. Smith the alleged fact that "pressure was being brought to bear" on him (the governor) by "the Catholic laity". This was doubted so much that a delegation of school officials of that faith immediately went to the governor's office to defend Dr. Smith against the "charges of bias". In other words, among the commissioner's chief defenders right now are those whom the governor pretends would have justifiable cause to be his enemy. The appointment is still in the air. It is generally regarded that the frequently published rumors that the governor will replace Dr. Smith with this one and that are efforts to smoke out Mr. Curley and get him to commit himself one way or another. Even with the statewide petitions for Dr. Smith's reappointment, it is really doubtful if he gets it.

We can tell 'em, even when they're on us. We went to a High School assembly, yesterday morning, to acquaint the pupils with the new and drastic regulations of the School Committee, designed to check stealing in the building. While we were holding forth in the auditorium someone stole half a dollar from a pocketbook in a teacher's desk across the hall!

And speaking of juvenile dishonesty, the Teachers' Club, in presenting its arguments for restoration of pay noted that "The teacher's task is tremendously increased by the widespread disregard for authority, the rapid increase in gambling among minors, and ***** failure of some parents to assume their duties as fathers and mothers." A boy was arraigned in court this week for an amazing series of confessed thefts, running into hundreds of dollars in money and merchandise. As it was his first appearance in court, he was given a suspended sentence. How much the punishment or the enormity of his crime impressed him

and his fellows is illustrated by the fact that he was a sort of hero and center of attraction in the High School lunchroom the next day and nonchalantly observed that "they only gave me a talking to."

'Twas ever thus! Just one reader of the Item called up after it was announced that through the efforts of this paper a five-cent fare between Wakefield Square and Oak st, Greenwood, would be given a trial, and he was kicking because it wasn't extended to cover all of Greenwood! And the Selectmen decided to ask the Eastern Massachusetts system if it would extend the zone line farther south. For their benefit it may be said that the Selectmen needn't ask the Eastern Massachusetts for even the time of day as long as a certain member is on the board.

Expect Gov. Curley to be advocating a bond issue of something around ten million dollars for improvements to state institutions next year. He tried to get \$7,500,000 for construction of more public buildings this year, but even the Legislature that for the most part did his bidding didn't quite dare to saddle that onto the taxpayers with the other inroads into the public treasury.

Those who have called Wakefield's \$34 tax rate a black eye for the town may get some consolation out of the fact that it is only 62 cents higher than the average tax rate for the whole state, \$33.88, on which the new automobile excise tax for 1936 is to be based.

According to the Consumers' League the revised version of a well-known nursery rhyme is now:

Jack Spratt can eat no fat,
His wife can eat no lean;
Because the price of pork is at
The highest ever seen.

And with a five-cent fare now in effect between Wakefield and Greenwood, maybe we can make it read:

Mary had a little lamb,
Its fleece was white as snow;
And everywhere that Mary went
She took a bus.

One of the Boston papers, supported by some clergy-men and others, is working itself into a lather over the right of a judge to advise a man on relief to limit the size of his family—all of them forgetting in their righteous indignation that the man is being supported by other taxpayers with other children to whom, if things keep on, educational and other advantages may be denied. It is true that many great men and women were born and

raised in poverty—but that was before the alphabetical style of government. Even a tax-payer has a right to say how many guests he shall entertain.

With Warren L. Bishop an avowed candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, George Stanley Harvey's candidacy for Middlesex district attorney may be expected any time now. He is well-known here, especially among the Elks and as owner of his hobby, the Red Wing Orchards in Lynnfield. He ran for "D. A." years ago and has just achieved new notice and praise for turning over his fee in the Millen-Faber case to the widows of his clients' victims. He was appointed defense counsel and it is said that performing that duty wasn't such an asset to him as many suppose.

Unless the Selectmen put more of their votes on record, some of their acts are coming back to haunt them before next election. It isn't easy to answer questions six or eight months later, and a lot of these "informal" liquor and other votes are going to be subjects of questioning between now and March.

It's been bothering us to hear that news reel announcer call it Addis AB-abba, when the best authority says it should be Ahdis Ah-wa-wa, but AHdis AH-wa-wa is understood to be the correct pronunciation of the Ethiopian capital. Maybe that's where Amos of Amos 'n' Andy got his famous "Ah, wa! Ah, wa!"

We have built a lot of nice, new concrete sidewalks and if projects are approved and the town can find the money for materials, about five miles more of such walks are in prospect. The question now is, will they be plowed this Winter, or will the pedestrians walk in the streets?

Even the Republicans admit that Joe Ely is the ablest Democrat who has sat in the governor's chair since the days of David I. Walsh and William L. Douglas, so it is significant to have Mr. Ely say that "The New Deal has absorbed every plank of the Socialist platform."

Wednesday headline: "200 Go to Curley Home in Search of Jobs." Those two chickens, "Work" and "Wages", are coming home to roost.

There are increasing signs that there may be a revival next Winter of the "Slate" for Board of Selectmen.

RECORD

TELEGRAM

Worcester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Rift Among Tewksbury Trustees Rumored, Denied

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Dec. 13.—Stories of dissension among trustees of the Tewksbury State Infirmary that reportedly may lead to an inquiry by order of Governor Curley were current tonight.

Commissioner of Public Welfare

Walter V. McCarthy said he had heard nothing official regarding the situation. One group of trustees was reported arrayed against another because of alleged interference in administration. Commissioner McCarthy admitted he had heard "gossip," however.

"On my recommendation the board interviewed about 200 patients in regards to unfounded rumors that they were complaining about the food. Only a few complained of food. Many complained about buildings and housing conditions. The institution does need two new buildings.

Dr. John McNamara of Lowell, a member of the board, said "There was no vote taken to replace Dr. Kelley."

"I heard, as gossip," he said, "that there was a special meeting Wednesday and that there was some discussion of dissension among trustees." He said nothing had reached him concerning a reported development that unsuccessful effort had been made to remove Dr. Lawrence F. Kelley, superintendent, by a minority of the trustees.

Will Not Intervene

Commissioner McCarthy, saying he would not intervene in the case until in possession of more official information or until ordered to do so, added he believed that trustees of an institution should elect a superintendent and "let him run the institution."

"If they are not satisfied," he said, "there should be an opportunity for the superintendent to sift out any charges there may be against him or any dissatisfaction."

There was a report tonight that the case had been, or would be, called to the attention of Governor Curley.

Dr. Kelley denied firmly that there had been any action Wednesday involving him. He declined comment on a report that Chairman Frederick W. Enwright of Lynn and Mrs. Theresa V. McDermott of Lowell, trustees, had interfered with his administration of the hospital.

According to stories, Mrs. Margaret M. O'Riordan of Cambridge, a trustee, and Democratic national committee woman, attended the supposed meeting, challenged a move against Dr. Kelley and demanded that if there were charges they be made in his presence. It was said the move to call Dr. Kelley before the board was beaten by a tie vote, 2 to 2, and that another to replace him lost, 3 to 2.

Denies Knowledge

Dr. Kelley denied knowledge of any such incident.

Two members of the board of trustees denied the reported move to oust Dr. Kelley.

Mrs. Teresa M. McDermott of Lowell, secretary of the board said, "The special meeting was called to arrange for a happy Christmas for patients of the hospital. No motion was made or voted upon concerning Dr. Kelley's removal.

Press Clipping Service

2 Park Square

BOSTON MASS.

TELEGRAM

Worcester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

GOV. CURLEY FIRM ON REFUSAL TO RETIRE

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Dec. 13. — Governor Curley was standing firm today in his refusal to retire from politics on the demand of Eugene T. Brady, president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County.

The Governor gave out two telegrams he had received. In one of them, James P. McAndrews wired that Brady, an employee of the Federal Housing Commission, "is no longer recognized as president by you."

T. Williams Lewis, former treasurer of the club, wired that the club resents Brady's "vicious" remarks and said his "pretense of being president of the organization is false."

TELEGRAM

Worcester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

BACON IS EYEING SEAT IN SENATE

Indicates He Would Rather Be Senator Than Hold Office of Governor

BUT VEILS HIS PLANS

Former G. O. P. Candidate Likes Landon—Tells of Visit With Landon

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Dec. 13.—Indicating a strong preference for the United States Senate, but asserting his plans were indefinite and that he had no immediate announcement to make, Gaspar G. Bacon, Republican candidate for Governor last year, today expressed a desire to help his party in whatever capacity might prove the most effective.

Expressing an opinion that the next six years will be a most important period in the country's history, Mr. Bacon disclosed that on Nov. 9 and 10 he met Governor Alfred Landon of Kansas at Kansas City. He said one object of the visit was to discuss the national situation and another was to size up Governor Landon, regarded as a probable candidate for the Republican presidential nomination.

"I like Mr. Landon's style and I like his philosophy," Mr. Bacon remarked.

Mr. Bacon, discussing a report that he would be a candidate for Senator, said he had made no secret of the fact, that he would rather serve in the United States Senate than as Governor. But as for his actual candidacy for either post, he would not definitely commit himself. If, however, there were to be a free for all, he asked "Why shouldn't I be in it?"

"My plans are in the air," Mr. Bacon said. "I have no announcement to make. Of course, I have the normal desire not to be put on the shelf.

State House

Briefs

By Telegram State House Reporter

BOSTON, Dec. 13.—Rep. Thomas Dorgan of Boston filed a bill in the Legislature today to prohibit minors from that part of a res-

Continued

restaurant where liquor is served. Restaurant owners would be required to reserve a section for serving food to minors.

A lease on state-owned land at Commonwealth Pier to the Marine Airlines of New York has been approved by Commissioner of Public Works William F. Callahan. He said the line would have one-hour runs between New York and Boston.

"Very handy when I'm in the Senate," said Governor Curley when he received the report.

In the event trans-Atlantic service is established he asked the state department at Washington to make Boston the Atlantic terminus.

A bill for amendment to the state constitution to allow a graduated income tax was filed with the Legislature today by Rep. Raymond F. O'Connell of Fitchburg. He is a member of the special taxation commission which recently recommended seventeen million dollars in new taxes. He was an objector to that part of the commission report favoring lowered exemptions.

"Breaks" under the pari-mutuel betting law would go entirely to the state under a bill filed today by Reps. Lawrence P. McHugh and George F. Kilgoar of Boston.

Concluded

TELEGRAM

Worcester, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

DELAY ON WPA LAID TO ROTCH

**Curley Says He Planned to
Load Worcester Labor
On Holden Project**

CANCELCATION ASKED

**Charges East Brookfield
Job Also Held Up by
Administrator**

By CLINTON P. ROWE

Telegram State House Reporter
BOSTON, Dec. 13.—The work and wages battle between Governor Curley and WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch raged today from the Berkshires to Cape Cod. It included a charge, according to a Department of Public Works report to the Governor, that a Holden project would be "loaded with Worcester labor" on Monday while "Holden residents stood by in idleness."

The Holden charge, one of the many sided developments of the day, was contained in a report by Commissioner of Public Works

William F. Callahan to the Governor. It said that Daniel Harrington, Holden selectman, had asked cancelation of a town project because "the WPA will load the town with Worcester labor on Monday while Holden residents stand by in idleness."

The report also charged delay on an East Brookfield project.

Blue print and white paper reports were barraged from the Governor's office alleging a general breakdown of the sidewalk program under the WPA.

Other Developments

Included in the day's developments was a demand by a representative for legislation to stem a flood of Boston men into his area, where, he alleged, they took jobs while residents stood by jobless. There were hints of a big public buildings bond issue by the Governor, talk of putting men to work on the Cape Cod National Guard campsite and a gesture toward doing something for the Boston jobless, left out of the Governor's 100 per cent state sidewalk building program.

In the midst of it all, the Governor refused comment on his current

tussle with Mayor Mansfield over the sidewalk program that omits Boston. He said he had about six persons to answer and remarked, somewhat grimly, they would be "taken care of when I have time."

East Brookfield Report

Reports submitted to the Governor by Commissioner of Public Works William F. Callahan in connection with the sidewalk program which the Governor says he was forced to take over on account of WPA delay, charged that on an East Brookfield project eight men were employed, but without either foreman or engineer, that material was needed and "men are waiting."

"Mr. Harrington, chairman of selectmen (Holden), just called and asked to have Holden project cancelled because WPA will load the town with Worcester labor on Monday while Holden residents stand by in idleness," one of the Callahan reports said.

A previous complaint by Chairman Daniel Harrington of the Holden selectmen had been that he asked for 35 men from the Worcester WPA assignment office and received eight, watched over by two foreman and a timekeeper. If it took three weeks to build 300 yards of sidewalk, Mr. Harrington said, the whole job would take two years.

Asks Vets' Preference

Rep. Frederick H. Tarr of Rockport filed a bill in the Legislature to give preference to veterans and citizens of counties where temporary relief and maintenance work is carried on by the state. His district, he said, was flooded with Boston and Suffolk county men. He refused to say who sent them.

With reports indicating, according to the Department of Public Works, that jobs are lagging in practically every part of the state, Governor Curley, whose work and wages problem has been a source of continuing trouble, said he would recommend to the incoming Legislature money enough to furnish accommodations for four thousand beds in state hospitals.

The Governor said one hundred and fifty thousand dollars had been received for road building on the National Guard campsite and that Adj. Gen. William I. Rose of Worcester would begin work Wednesday, employing from one hundred to seven hundred men.

The Governor said the state was 18 per cent behind in the matter of state hospital accommodations and that while he didn't know what action the Legislature would take, he intended to place the matter on its doorstep. He didn't specify the amount of money that would be asked. The legislative committee on ways and means, now completing a tour of state institutions will, it is said, call attention to the need of additional accommodations.

Speaking of a Wareham project, the Callahan reports said: "Had five trucks which disappeared two days ago and sixty-three men are wasting time along the side of the road." Brockton: "Trucks seem to appear and disappear. No trucks on the job for the past two days. Men are wasting their time."

Becket: "WPA engineer asks our engineer to start projects here with three men, one foreman, one timekeeper. Emphatically no."

Sidewalks State Project

In the meantime the Governor and the Department of Public Works went ahead with plans to spend three million, six hundred thousand dollars for sidewalks as a one hundred per cent state project.

The sidewalk arrangement left the city of Boston out of the plan, with advice by the Governor to Mayor Mansfield and Rotch to fix up on their own account an employment program for Boston. Mayor Mansfield has termed the Governor a failure in his present job and said another two years on it would kill him.

However, the Governor today proposed some Boston jobs on a drainage and road building project at the Boston State Hospital and wrote Mr. Rotch that on Wednesday he would recommend to the Governor's Council a transfer of \$27,991.30 as the state's share of a project agreed upon some time ago. The Federal government is supplying \$650,050 for labor, supervision, except general appurtenances, and to furnish tools, material and machinery.

AMERICAN
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

THE SENATOR SAYS: Santa Has Goodies For Tobin and Donovan

*Sage's Sharp Ears Hear of
Bench for One, Council
Presidency for Other*

THE SENATOR:

He sees all and knows all that's going on in Massachusetts politics and most of it he finds amusing or amazing, often both. Best of all, he tells about it.

Meet him below and listen in with him regularly in the Boston Evening American and Boston Sunday Advertiser.

"How I happen to be in here so early," says The Senator, with a wry smile, "is that I am very hard pressed for it to put the duck on a few sly rumors."



THE SENATOR

"My own troubles," says Timmy with an absent look in his eyes, "has been more with the boys of the lower courts in the matter of slight indiscretions."

"Speaking of judges," says The Senator, "brings up a report that if the chance comes the governor will find a place on the bench somewhere for Johnnie Donovan, the attorney and writer."

Timmy is nodding.

"You are not here so early that I did not beat you down," retorts Timmy, giving a rag swipe to The Senator's chin and deftly removing a flicker of egg.

"I would rather that by far than your beating me up," says The Senator appreciatively, not forgetting to sip of his No. 5 Club Breakfast, which is very satisfying.

Timmy is very busy with his rag and The Senator is choosing between a last night's fishball and a sliver of pickle.

"I hear only this morning while I am in escrow," says The Senator, "that Dan Coakley of the Governor's Council has dug up an old law which gives the governor the right to remove Supreme Court justices."

continued

"Roxbury boys both of them."
 "They been friends," says The Senator, "since Jim was an alderman and John was a law student."
 Timmy shakes his head agreeable.
 "You are sure full," says Timmy, "with news of the greatest variety. Now I will tell you one about who will be the next president of the City Council."

The Senator spills his drink a little.
 "Easy," he says, "it's Martin Tobin of the 15th ward. I will give you pointers, and they are that Martin has the backing of 11 promised votes so far, and with his own it makes 12. After a couple of usual complimentary ballots, the vote will go for Martin. You wait and see."

"I'll be here yet," grins Timmy, "if the landlord doesn't catch up with me."

The Senator muses again, but only slightly.

"Did I tell you," he queries, "about the new move to make the council on the hill more of Democrats?"

"Not at least recently," cracks Timmy.

"This is brand new," chides The Senator, completing the Club Breakfast No. 5, and wiping off all chins in a lone swipe. "This is a swing to put Charlie Fitzgerald of Dorchester in from the Second District."

"And Joe Grossman would get the old heave-ho," agrees Timmy.

"That would appear to be the lineup," says The Senator. "An eye for an eye and a Democrat for a Republican."

"Speaking of Democrats," says Timmy, "I hear only yesterday a rumor that Henry Sullivan of Southie, who has run twice for the school committee and stacked a good vote, will make a fight for the Democratic nomination for lieutenant governor."

The Senator grins:

"That is taking it for granted Joe Hurley don't want the job again and will go out for governor, either with or without the support of the June convention."

The Senator seems to hesitate and Timmy picks up the club breakfast glass suggestively. But with something on his mind, he waves his hand and suddenly says:

"I knew it; I knew it."

"Hah!" breathes Timmy so fragrantly that The Senator near keels over. "You knew what?"

"Them rumors I was going to put the duck to. I forgot what they are."

AMERICAN
 Boston, Mass.

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COMPANY UNIONS HIT

Curley Bids Rail Men Join A.F.L.

Governor James M. Curley, speaking before 200 employees of the New Haven Railroad in Faneuil Hall, denounced company unions and urged the men to vote Monday to unite with the American Federation of Labor instead of the company unions.

Governor Curley denounced Andrew Carnegie and Henry Clay Frick as the fathers of the company union and branded them as

"the worst enemies of the workers in the history of America."

Governor Curley said of the company union:

"This vicious creation represents but one side in any industry and that is the employers' side. For the best interests of America, the company union should be abolished. The only hope of the railroad men is to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor and put an end to the company union."

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DOLAN, 6 MORE ACCUSED IN SUIT BY CITY

A bill of complaint today was filed with the clerk of the Supreme Court on behalf of Mayor Mansfield against Edmund L. Dolan, former city treasurer, and six other persons.

Following the filing of the bill, Gov. Curley remarked:

"Mr. Dolan should consider himself the happiest man in America to be offered the opportunity to have brought out into the open all the facts and rumors."

"So far as I have been able to observe it savors of conspiracy in an effort to destroy the reputation and character of Mr. Dolan."

QUOTES OLD PROVERB

"It is just possible that before the case is ended those responsible for the charge against Mr. Dolan may discover there is a lot of truth in the old Irish proverb:

"Many a person cuts a switch to whip himself."

Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and former Assistant U. S. Attorney George R. Farnum, whose special investigations for the Finance Commission were once directed against Dolan, filed the bill.

The first two requests vary little from many another such complaint filed, asking that Dolan and the others be "made to report and disclose all gains and profits as benefits received from bond transfers with the city" and that they be required to render an accounting.

The third count, however, specifies that "it be ordered that they obtained their gains illegally and that Dolan obtained them in breach of his official duties to the city and that they pay back their gains with interest."

The petition further asks that the city be permitted to reserve the right to add "other names."

The six mentioned with Dolan are J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson, of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon, of Cambridge.

Foley declared that service would be made on Dolan and the others mentioned in the bill at once. The return date will be the first Monday in January, he said.

The total "gain" alleged was \$250,000 according to the bill.

There are 15 allegations, but they all tend toward charges which have been made repeatedly and in previous investigations.

AMERICAN
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

CITIES, TOWNS
BESIEGED
FOR FOOD
ORDERS

Fresh sore spots in the State WPA snarl broke out in the Merrimack Valley today as hundreds of workers throughout the Commonwealth were still unpaid.

In Haverhill, Mayor George E. Dalrymple scored the local WPA as a "complete failure" and denounced control by Federal bosses as the "most outrageous thing ever foisted on the people."

More than 500 workers there failed to receive their bi-monthly pay checks yesterday. Many thronged City Hall today seeking food orders.

CHECKED FROM SALEM

In Lawrence, WPA Administrator Cornelius J. Casey declared he had received only 80 pay checks today place of the expected 2000.

He pointed out that Lawrence pay cards must be sent first to him, checked at Boston, returned to Salem, and then finally checked from there to Lawrence.

Additional confusion broke out at the Boston WPA office today when the 125 members of the Boston ERA Civic Opera Chorus and Orchestra gathered at WPA headquarters, Park Square Building, to protest the dissolution of the project.

According to a letter received from Administrator Arthur G. Rotch the group, which has played to capacity audiences throughout the state, will be disbanded Wednesday.

It was indicated that the musicians might be absorbed into smaller ensembles.

As 1200 WPA workers continued payless today in Lynn, a repetition of yesterday's march on City Hall was expected. Local WPA officials admitted that only 250 checks had as yet been received from Salem.

Food orders distributed to the workers yesterday cost the city over \$7500, according to Mayor J. Fred Manning.

Meanwhile, in Quincy 500 women and 100 men WPA workers were still without pay checks. At WPA headquarters there it was announced it "was hoped" they would be paid next week.

STRIKE AVERTED

A strike was averted yesterday when 500 men WPA workers received checks.

Salem reported 800 WPA workers a week behind in their pay.

Both Chelsea and Revere reported 1000 WPA workers unpaid since November 25.

From Providence, R. I., came word that 1200 workers there were

still on strike today protesting irregularity of payment and orders to make up lost time.

Framingham, Ashland and Holliston sent reports of two to five weeks behind in receiving WPA checks.

In Cambridge, non-payment of WPA workers for three weeks has cost the city \$4000 a week for relief. More than 1000 Lynn workers were given food orders yesterday when they marched on the office of Mayor Manning to learn why they had not been paid.

Similar troubles are reported in Scituate, Wakefield and other cities and towns.

WAITS WORD

Meanwhile, Governor Curley is awaiting word from PWA authorities on the Mattapan State Hospital project he forwarded to Administrator Rotch yesterday.

The project will furnish employment for 2700 Boston men for four months and 600 for an additional two months.

The governor also announced that the State had received \$120,000 from the Federal Government to start construction of 12 miles of roads at the Bourne National Guard Camp site.

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DEC 14 1935

CURLEY GAINS
NEW SUPPORT

Governor James M. Curley today was supported from two sources repudiating the attack on him by Eugene Brady, self-styled president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County.

Brady, onetime Pittsfield bartender, now a federal appointee, demanded from Washington that Curley withdraw from politics and belittled the Curley-for-Senator movement.

James P. McAndrews telegraphed the Governor that Brady was no longer president of any Young Democratic group in the county.

North Adams Councilman T. William Lewis also wired support to the organization to Governor Curley.

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DEC 14 1935

WPA
Pay Woes
SPREADROTCH FACES
CITIES' IRE

State WPA Administrator Arthur G. Rotch, still battling public works officials backed by Governor Curley, faced new troubles today in protests of WPA workers that they have not been paid.

Trouble and a strike of WPA workers in Quincy was just averted yesterday when the men, unpaid for several weeks, received their salary from funds rushed by WPA authorities from Boston.

In Cambridge, non-payment of WPA workers for three weeks has cost the city \$4000 a week for relief. More than 1000 Lynn workers were given food orders yesterday when they marched on the office of Mayor Manning to learn why they had not been paid.

Similar Troubles

Similar troubles are reported in Scituate, Wakefield and other cities and towns.

Meanwhile, Governor Curley is awaiting word from PWA authorities on the Mattapan State Hospital project he forwarded to Administrator Rotch yesterday.

The project will furnish employment for 2700 Boston men for four months and 600 for an additional two months.

Gets \$120,000

The governor also announced that the State had received \$120,000 from the Federal Government to start construction of 12 miles of roads at the Bourne National Guard Camp site.

A total of \$302,000 is to be spent in this work, which will continue through next March. At the time, it is expected the \$2,068,000 for the actual camp construction work will be made available at Washington.

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DEC 14 1935

CURLEY ORDERS SLASH IN COSTS WIDE REFORMS

COUNCIL END SOUGHT BY EXECUTIVE

Abolishment of the Governor's Council, a 50 per cent reduction in the membership of the State Legislature and establishment of biennial sessions were called for today by Governor Curley in a drastic economy drive.

The Governor estimated these reforms would bring a saving of a million dollars a year to the State.

All state department heads were instructed by the Chief Executive to submit within 72 hours recommendations for the reduction in department costs and means for increasing revenues.

Legislature and Council reforms will be recommended to the next session of the legislature.

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AIR TERMINUS HERE IS AIM

A drive to make Boston a terminus of the proposed transatlantic air service was under way by city and state today following announcement of a new seaplane service from this city to New York.

As the announcement was made, Governor Curley communicated with R. Warden Moore, Assistant Secretary of State in Washington, declaring that the Boston airport was the logical spot for the terminus of the transatlantic service when established.

Declaring that he will support the idea wholeheartedly, Mayor Mansfield pointed out that this city is nearer than any other large city to Europe and is on a direct line of the northern course followed by every transatlantic flier.

It was expected that commerce and civic organizations will support a concerted drive to attain the objective.

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JIMMY FOXX IN 'RADIO SALUTE TO BOSTON

By N. F. T.

There's a treat for fair in store for alert national pastime rooters who likewise bear in mind to tune toward the powerful WBZ-WBZA wave this evening from 6:15 to 6:30 p. m.

Jimmy Foxx, the newly acquired Red Sox husky, has a special greeting to voice from down Philadelphia way. He will do so at the above time.



N. F. T.

All of which comes to pass as a result of no little exercise and enterprise on the part of your in hand favorite evening newspaper. Accordingly, ye air activity scribe here mustn't forget to meet the sports writing ace, Austen Lake, at the WBZ studios along toward 6 o'clock. Austen will verbally switch the doings off to Philly, where another top-notch American and Advertiser correspondent, Alan Frazer by name, has the heavy hitter at Station KYW, ready and waiting to say hello to Hub baseball followers.

Full co-operation, enthusiastically extended by the National Broadcasting Company head men, meaning John Holman, John McNamara and George Harder, likewise figures in the voice of Foxx wafting through 5 states and into our midst. A direct NBC line across Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Connecticut and Rhode Island, not to mention Massachusetts, brings about the result to be heard this evening.

It's a busy night at Yankee Network studios. The annual Disabled Veterans Christmas Remembrance Committee plans a special

gala presentation (WNAC) due to extend between 9:30 and 11 o'clock.

Governor James M. Curley, Rev. Michael Ahearn, Mary Young, Bayard Tuckerman and Brig. General Charles H. Cole are to be the principal speakers.

Roy Harlow, directing executive at the Hotel Buckminster studios, will officiate as master of ceremonies, with leading artists known to the Boston air audience taking part. Music is to be provided by the big and well known Ives concert band.

It's designed to aid in making the holiday season merry for men in Veterans' hospitals, that the more fortunate of us may not permit their sacrifices to be forgotten.

* * *

Sigmund Spaeth, the Tune Detective, who can take almost any popular tune and trace its ancestry back to a classical progenitor, will make a guest appearance (WBZ) during the "National Barn Dance," period due this evening at 9:30 p. m.

During this broadcast, Spaeth will show how several popular songs have been taken from songs which were popular years ago.

Wallace Beery will play the barber to John Barrymore's "Napoleon" in the one-act play "Napoleon's Barber," which affords the headline feature in the "Chateau" offering (WEEI) from 9:30 to 10:30 tonight.

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'Plumed Knight' To Visit Curley

United States Senator James Hamilton Lewis, "plumed Knight" of the United States Senate and prospective candidate for vice-president on the Democratic ticket should John N. Garner seek a senatorial toga from Texas, is coming to Boston.

The legislative "Whip" of the Senate who occupied the same position in the Wilson administration during the World War, will be the guest of Governor Curley during his stay here next Monday.

The Illinois senior senator who was a Spanish War colonel, a former congressman from the state of Washington, and silver-tongued orator of several Democratic national conventions, returned to America yesterday on the S. S. Washington following four months spent in Europe.

He was taken severely ill in Soviet Russia in September and was reported dying of pneumonia at Moscow. He has recuperated sufficiently however, to issue a stinging statement on arrival against the "red" menace.

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Donations to Boston American Christmas Basket Fund

Previously Acknowledged..\$2014.24	N. N.	10.00	Suffolk County Council	
Gov. James M. Curley.... 100.00	Miss Brown	2.00	Veterans of Foreign	
Bishop Francis J. Spellman 20.00	In loving memory of Dad-		Wars of U. S.	15.00
Thomas H. Buckley, State	dy Herman from his		Capt. Joseph McKinnon	
Auditor	bosom friend Gus.....	1.00	and officers of division 4,	
For the Poor..... .15	E. K. S.	5.00	Boston Police Dept. ...	25.00
Boston Municipal Clerks	Walter E. O'Hara.....	100.00	Major Joseph P. Timilty..	10.00
Asso. Benefit Fund..... 10.00	J. L. Freedman, Inc.....	2.00	From Blondie	1.00
"Abba-Dabba Kid"	In memory of my dear		The Boston Operators'	
Laura and Joe..... 1.00	mother and sister, S. C. L.	1.00	Union, Local 182	15.38
Proceeds from party at the	Mildred, Brighton	1.00	Walter C., Jr.	1.00
Mayfair, December 8.... 781.65	In memory of my dear		Novenne Elizabeth Hall,	
Boston Sanitarium Nurses. 25.00	wife, Etta, from F.G.B.	1.00	Wollaston	5.00
Atty. John W. Newman,	Mrs. Bessie Wilson.....	1.00	Mrs. Leon H. Fairbanks..	1.00
chairman of Democratic	F. E. P. L.	5.00	James J. Hughes	1.00
City Committee	H.	50.00	Mrs. J. Delaney	1.00
In memory of M. M. J. 2.00	Boston Elementary Teach-		From a Dorchester Sym-	
J. C. W. of Milton..... 1.00	ers' Club	25.00	pathy	1.00
G. M. K. 1.00	Proceeds from Notre Dame		F. J. B.	10.00
M. G., Roxbury..... 5.00	All Stars vs. Collegiate		Rev. Robert E. Lee.....	2.00
Peter F. Tague, Acting	All Stars, December 11,		A Friend	10.00
Postmaster	1935	935.75	From Patricia	
Howard C. Davis	C. F. P.	1.00	Bunker Hill Council, No.	
Billy Lampie	F. C. P.	2.50	62, K. of C.	10.00
Harold M. Shellie..... 10.00	M. M. C.-Boston	1.00	Albert, Skippy, Paul, Ann.	2.00
E. S. A..... 1.00	In memory	1.00	A Friend	1.00
Betty C. Neil	H. L. T.	1.00	G. E. W., Natick.....	1.00
Barbara and Olive Kenney	Dorchester, Mass.	1.00	From Brother, Cambridge.	1.00
Mrs. Max Hess	Ace Art Co., Reading,		Frank and Bobby O'Hara.	5.00
Charles J. Fox, City Auditor	Mass.	10.00	Additional from Nor-	
Sam Thompson	Boston Trade School		mandie Beano Parties..	40.20
	Teachers Association ...	10.00		

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"Ham" Lewis Coming Here



(Picture from International News Photograph Service)
Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois pictured on the S. S. Washington on his return to this country from Russia. He will be guest of Governor Curley here on Monday.

BOSTON REVIEW

Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

POOR WALTER

Walter Prichard Eaton, who is an author, critic and head of the Yale dramatic school, told a New England conference on education the other day that he was ashamed of his Massachusetts residence because of the fact that Governor Curley is the official head of the Commonwealth. It should be very easy for Walter, who formerly was a Boston newspaper man, to change his residence without great annoyance or loss to Massachusetts and with as much gain for the State to which he would transfer his domicile as the transfer would carry.

Just why Walter Prichard Eaton felt obliged to make that statement was not clearly explained, but, apparently, he took himself more seriously when making it than any of his listeners could have done, for he told those who listened that, if they didn't like it, they could make the most of it. But, after all, there was not much, to say nothing of "most," in his un-called-for statement.

If Walter was looking for front-page notoriety, next day, because of his declaration, he was mistaken. What he said was printed inconspicuously by those newspapers which thought it worth publishing. And, sad as it may seem, Governor Curley had, as he often has, a position of prominence on the first-page.

BOSTON REVIEW

Boston, Mass.

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WORCESTER DEMOCRATS

A large and enthusiastic gathering of Governor Curley supporters in Worcester County met at the Jefferson Club rooms in the City of Worcester last Sunday and took the preliminary steps toward organizing the first "James M. Curley for Senator Club," in that county. Councilman Maurice V. O'Toole of Worcester presided and designated a committee to submit a list of candidates for the various offices of the club at a meeting which will be held tomorrow afternoon at the same hall.

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CRITIC OF CURLEY TARGET OF PARTY

Society Repudiates Brady for Capital Statement

From two sources yesterday Gov Curley received repudiations of statements made in Washington Thursday by Eugene Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, in which he attacked the Governor's administration.

Brady called on Curley to "withdraw" from politics at the end of his term and scoffed at Curley's ambitions to go to the United States Senate.

Brady, former bartender in Pittsfield, is now employed in a Federal Bureau in Washington.

Statements Repudiate Brady

One of the communications voicing resentment at Brady's statements was signed by James P. McAndrews. It declares:

"Majority of Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent most emphatically utterances of Eugene Brady from Washington. He is no longer recognized as president by any member. I am writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and offer an apology to you."

Councilman T. William Lewis of North Adams, ex-treasurer of the organization, also sent a telegram to Gov Curley declaring: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene T. Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges. Berkshire Democracy condemns that attack as a puny attempt to receive notoriety."

The club of which Brady claimed to be president had not been in active existence, local politicians said, since Jan 1, 1933.

Ask Ely to Withdraw

While this controversy made political tongues wag Ex-Gov Joseph B. Ely declined to comment last night on a statement by the officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League" in which they called for his withdrawal from the Democratic party.

The statement was made in New York by Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston. Their suggestion was

termed a counter-proposal to the demand of Eugene T. Brady, self-styled president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, that Gov Curley withdraw from politics.

Terming Brady a spokesman for Ex-Gov Ely, Walsh and Kaplan declared that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

Walsh and Kaplan were in conference with members of the National Democratic committee in Washington yesterday and last night met other Democratic leaders in New York city. They said they were trying to coordinate Roosevelt forces for the coming campaign.

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Date

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR MRS C. MCGLUE

Ballot Commissioner's Wife Buried

Funeral services for Mrs Genevieve E. (Brett) McGlue, wife of State Ballot Law Commissioner Charles H. McGlue, were held this morning at the Cathedral of the Holy Cross.

A solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev Henry H. Connor, Rev William A. Foley, deacon, and Rev Donald McGowan, subdeacon. Terry's mass was sung by a quartet, Miss Marie Vitale, soprano; Miss Anna Terlihy, alto; Francis Laughlin, tenor, and Brandon Kelly, bass, with Prof Philip Ferraro, choirmaster and organist at the cathedral, directing.

The bearers were Congressman William P. Conry Jr, Edmund A. Barry and Raymond B. Kennedy of Lynn, Leo B. Connolly, Belmont; John J. Curley, Joseph McGrath, president of the City Council; Herbert H. Lyons and United States Marshal John J. Murphy, Boston.

Among the honorary pallbearers were Gov James M. Curley, Gen William I. Rose, Maj Joseph F. Timilty, Judge Emil Fuchs. Among others who attended the services were Charles F. Riordan of the State Department of Agriculture, William G. O'Hare, City Penal Commissioner; Henry Lawlor, associates of Mr McGlue in the Democratic state committee.

The interment was at Old Calvary Cemetery. Rev William A. Dacey of the cathedral read the commitment prayers at the grave.

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ASKS W. P. A. SPEED HOSPITAL PROJECT

Curley Cites Report Showing Berkshire Breakdown

After quoting a report from the engineer's office of the Department of Public Works to the effect that his sidewalk building program has slowed up in Berkshire County because of lack of cooperation by W. P. A. officials, Gov Curley sent a letter yesterday to state W. P. A. headquarters urging prompt action on a \$679,041.30 project at the Boston State Hospital in Mattapan.

In an effort to support his recent charges that Arthur Rotch, W. P. A. administrator, had not given the sidewalk program proper consideration, the Governor made public the report of the engineer's office. The program has folded up completely in the towns of Cheshire, Chester and Lee owing to the alleged failure of the W. P. A. to provide promised materials and is proceeding haltingly in other Berkshire County towns, according to the report, which was signed by George A. Curtis, state engineer of the 1st District.

The report asserts that the cost of doing much of the work will exceed advance estimates on account of W. P. A.'s failure to aid the program as it claimed it should. The document also listed instances of asserted failure of W. P. A. authorities to provide enough men, materials or equipment to carry out the sidewalk projects in towns of the western part of the state.

Under the terms of the hospital project in Mattapan, the Federal Government would provide \$651,050 of the total cost and the state the remaining \$27,991.30.

After months of delay, work on the new Massachusetts National Guard camp at Bourne will actually get under way next Wednesday, Adjt Gen William I. Rose revealed at the State House yesterday. He said he had been assured that between \$100,000 and \$120,000 of W. P. A. funds had been set aside to begin construction of 12 miles of roads in the 32-square-mile camp site.

Altogether \$302,000 in W. P. A. funds will be spent in road construction at the camp, the work to continue through March, by which time the \$2,068,000 for the actual construction of the camp is expected to be made available.

Globe
Boston, Mass.

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Date _____

What About It?

Will Need That Double-Decker
Curley Trophy to Saltonstall?
Poor Old Solly!

By Victor O. Jones

DAILY BOOST

To the Smiths, for placing three of their clan on Grantland Rice's All-America team, thereby not only keeping up with the Joneses, but getting way ahead of them.

* * *

THIS AND THAT—From J. F. Y., a reader, the following succinct observation: "Fighting improves the breed of hockey players, the same as gambling improves the breed of horses" . . . And then there's the crack that John I. Taylor Jr, star winger on the Globe Hockey Club, made when the G-men were playing the Christian Science Monitor six: "Don't waste your time body checking these fellows. You can't hurt them because they don't feel pain" . . . The irony of fate: Roger Jenkins, Bruins' defense man, gets special permission not to wear a headguard and then gets cut on the hand! . . . This used to be a dull season, but it hasn't been this week, not with ski jumping and football at the Garden, with Ala Pitts playing basket ball in the Arena . . . And Gene Mack says that Charlestown Prison break was badly timed . . . The boys probably thought the game was a week ago.

* * *

THESE AND THOSE—Bob Quinn is opposed to night baseball . . . Let's hope his directors are, too . . . If Thos Yawkey hasn't thought about it already, he better . . . I mean about making Fenway Park into a double decker . . . They were turning thousands away last year in fourth place and until you see it you won't know how nutty this town is going over any ball club that can be in the running all season . . . Yessir, the three R's of hockey—Rangers, Ramblers and Rovers, are all under the direction of Lester Patrick . . . The biggest mystery of the hockey season is the collapse of Flash Hollett, Leaf defense star . . . Connie Smythe blames it on matrimony . . . But Connie's married, too, so maybe that's what's the matter with him . . . Cooney Weiland already has taken seven minutes' worth of penalties . . . which just about puts him out of the running for the Lady Byng Trophy . . . Boxing is booming in Europe right now, so much so that Tony Canzoneri may go abroad . . . And even Jack Sharkey is reported to be thinking of it . . .

* * *

IN AND OUT—Now the Cardinal front office is having 10,000 fits because Pepper Martin has taken up midget auto racing . . . Wonder if Gov Curley would have donated the championship trophy to the Amateur Commercial League if he'd been informed that the star and captain of the team most likely to win it is . . . a Saltonstall . . . Bob Jr, nephew of Leverett and right wing on the Shawmut Indians . . . Undoubtedly it will give the Saltonstall clan a bang to have the Gov James M. Curley Trophy on their Milton mantelpiece . . . Charley Toll, giant Princeton sub tackle, is the first man to be named All-America for 1936 . . . Toll, son of an Amherst professor, weighs 235, stands 6.5 and can do the 100 in 10.2 . . . In a race from goal line to goal line last Fall with the whole Tiger squad participating, he was beaten only by Johnny White,

continued

star triple threat back . . . Frannie Lane, the best back at Harvard, will be operated on by Dr Tommy Richards next week and so will spend Christmas in the hospital.

* * *

ROUND AND ABOUT—Several of the New England A. A. U.'s are agreed that what the American Olympic Committee needs is less gold braid . . . There are eight or ten Generals, majors, captains, etc, on the committee, and most of the out-of-turn talking on the Nazi question has been done by them . . . The suckers who went for that Garden football thing now have changed One Play O'Brien's name to No Play O'Brien . . . Chicago, they say, is prepared to bid its head off for the Schmeling-Louis match . . . That city always did go big for murder . . . Poor old Connie Mack . . . He paid a total of \$29,500 for Fox, Cramer, McNair and Marcum and is getting \$400,000 for them . . . Good luck to Bob Curley, the newly elected H. C. captain, but plenty of the football writers are sore because, after waiting six years, they lose their last chance to call Rex "Capt Kidd" . . .

* * *

NOW AND THEN—Now the mat promoters are hinting at a Joe Louis-Ray Steele "mixed bout" . . . No matter how thinly you slice that one, it will still be bologna . . . Would it be a good thing for the Massachusetts Racing Commission to go on record to this effect: We will grant no racing days to any track that hasn't met its obligations 100 cents on the dollar? . . . About the safest bet you can make for the week-end is that Le Grand Jean Pusie will not disappoint his Boston public at the Garden tomorrow night . . . Poor Solly Snyder . . . Everything that guy touches turns to ashes . . . Of all the men who made a huge success out of being failures, he's the champ . . . His latest venture, the Ala Pitts basket-ball invasion, drew less than 200 spectators, of whom probably 80 per-cent were in on passes.

* * *

DAILY KNOCK

To the good old A. A. U., always a good subject, for eliminating Jesse Owens' name from Sullivan Award consideration, despite the fact that its own Ohio branch had thoroughly investigated that state job, which the star Negro sprinter held.

GLOBE

Boston, Mass.

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Date

Concluded

"MR DOLAN SHOULD BE HAPPY," CURLEY SAYS

Opportunity to Clear His Name of Charges Lodged Against Him

"Mr Dolan should consider himself the happiest man in the world for this opportunity to clear his name of charges lodged against him, both secretly and openly, for the past four years."

This was the comment of Gov Curley with reference to the filing of a bill in equity against his former city treasurer.

"There is a possibility," said the Governor, "that before the case is settled those bringing the charges will themselves be brought to answer on a charge of conspiracy."

The Governor then quoted an old Irish proverb to the effect that "Many a person cuts a switch with which to whip himself."

Globe

Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

chutes

BOSTON URGED FOR AIRLINE TERMINUS

Governor and Mayor Are in Full Agreement

Gov Curley and Mayor Mansfield are agreed on at least one thing — that Boston should be the terminus of the proposed transatlantic air service.

Soon after the announcement that a new seaplane service is to be opened between Boston and New York city, Gov Curley communicated yesterday with R. Walden Moore, Assistant Secretary of State at Washington, asking that Boston be considered if a transatlantic airplane terminus is to be established in the United States.

Commissioner of Public Works William F. Callahan announced the lease of land at Commonwealth Pier to the Marine Airlines, Inc. of New York city, to operate sea planes between the pier and East 31st st, New York, the flight to take one hour. It is expected the service will start in the Spring.

"It will be very handy when I'm in the Senate," said Gov Curley.

Later he sent Assistant Secretary Moore the following telegram:

"The city of Boston has this day granted a permit for a hydroplane service between the State Pier at South Boston and East 31st st, New York, the running time to be about one hour between the two points. The East Boston Airport, which is the largest and most accessible in the United States, was designed with a view to the adoption at some time of a transatlantic air service and a coastal service between New England and South America. In the event that a transatlantic port is to be established in the United States, Boston has more to offer than any other section of the nation, and I believe that the port is entitled to first consideration in the establishment of an American terminus."

Mayor Mansfield announced yesterday that in view of the discussion concerning airlines between the United States and Europe, he would take steps to have Boston given the consideration it deserves in any such service.

The Mayor pointed out that Boston is better located than any other major port for airplane service to Europe by the Northern route; that it is not only on the route of all North Atlantic flights but that it is nearer Europe than any other large American port.

The Boston airport is one of the best in the world and if additional work is necessary to prepare it for handling the huge planes that will be used in the ocean service, the Mayor intends to see that the improvements are made.

"I will use every endeavor to have Boston selected as the terminus of the transatlantic service," said Mr Mansfield.

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What's on the Air?

Variety Show

Wallace Beery will play the barber to John Barrymore's Napoleon in the one-act play, "Napoleon's Barber," which will be presented as the headline feature in Shell Chateau tonight. The play brings Barrymore and Beery together for the first time since "Grand Hotel." Lola Lane will be in the featured song spot for the broadcast over the N. B. C.-WEEI network at 9:30 p. m. Capt Edwin C. Musick, pilot of the China Clipper, famous transpacific flying boat, will be interviewed.

Broadcast for Disabled Veterans

Gov James M. Curley, Brig Gen Charles H. Cole, Rev Fr Michael J. Ahern, Henry Parkman Jr, Bayard Tuckerman and others will take part in a benefit program for the Disabled Veterans Christmas Remembrance from 9:30 to 11 tonight over WNAC and associated stations. In addition to these prominent speakers the program will present an unusual array of radio talent, including Alice O'Leary, Adrian O'Brien, Walter Kidder, Francis Cronin, Leo Kahn, a 60-voice chorus under the leadership of William Weston and Ives' Band of 40 pieces.

M. I. T. Musical Groups

A pre-holiday program by the Octette and Banjo Clubs of Massachusetts Institute of Technology will be broadcast at 4:30 to 5 p m from the studios of WBZ in Boston. The groups will offer college songs and Negro spirituals.

Benefit Performance

Rosa Ponselle and Nino Martini, Metropolitan Opera stars, will be heard in a broadcast on WMEX and associated stations tonight between 9 and 10:30 p m when those stations carry the program from Madison Square Garden where Italian Red Cross Society will present a benefit performance.

Tenor Solos

Nino Martini, lyric tenor, will sing two continental numbers and two songs in English during his program with Andre Kostelanetz' Orchestra and Chorus to be broadcast over the C. B. S.-WNAC network tonight from 9 to 9:30 o'clock. Martini's first selection will be Merio's "Santa Lucia Lontano." Later in the program he will sing Amy Woodforde-Finden's "Pale Hands," followed by Con Conrad's "Here's to Romance." The young tenor will close the program with Sandoval's "Sin tu Amor." Kostelanetz will direct the orchestra and chorus in his own special setting of Jerome Kern's "Make Believe."

V. F. W. Founding Dramatized

The founding of the Veterans of Foreign Wars in 1899 will be described dramatically over an N. B. C.-WBZ network tonight from 12 midnight to 12:30 a m. The broadcast will picture the events leading up to the formation of John S. Stewart Post No. 1 of Denver.

Origin of "Old Glory"

The story of a sturdy Salem sea captain who is said to have originated the term "Old Glory," as applied to the flag, will be told by Dr David L. Martin over Station WMEX at 7:45 this evening when he speaks on the program presented by the Massachusetts Sons of Union Veterans. The story is a gripping tale of the old captain's exploits during the Civil War.

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PROMISES HOLYOKE BRANCH MOTOR VEHICLES REGISTRY

Mayor William P. Yoerg, newly elected chief executive of the city of Holyoke, called on Gov Curley at the State House yesterday and was assured by the Governor that a registry of motor vehicles branch office would be established in that city.

The Governor also assured Mayor Yoerg that the Public Works Department favored the construction of a four-lane highway between Holyoke and Springfield.

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ASPELL ASSOCIATES PLAN YULETIDE CHARITY SHOW

The John F. Aspell Associates of Roxbury will stage a vaudeville show in the Vine-st Municipal Building, Roxbury, Monday evening.

The entire proceeds will go toward the purchase of food to be distributed among the poor of Ward 8 at



JOHN F. ASPELL

Christmas time. Gov Curley has been named patron of the affair and he is expected to be present.

Stars of the stage and radio have volunteered their services. Representative Aspell heads the committee, which includes:

Francis L. McMahon, James E. Hickey, Edward J. Monahan, Robert E. Aspell, Thomas M. Joyce, Maj John F. Butts, Anna Driscoll, Dorothy McKenna, Anna Murphy, Margaret Aspell, Mary Donnelly, Mary Hogan, Lillian Maddeb and Elizabeth Aspell.

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ASKS W. P. A. SPEED HOSPITAL PROJECT

Curley Cites Report Showing Berkshire Breakdown

After quoting a report from the engineer's office of the Department of Public Works to the effect that his sidewalk building program has slowed up in Berkshire County because of lack of cooperation by W. P. A. officials, Gov Curley sent a letter yesterday to state W. P. A. headquarters urging prompt action on a \$679,041.30 project at the Boston State Hospital in Mattapan.

In an effort to support his recent charges that Arthur Rotch, W. P. A. administrator, had not given the sidewalk program proper consideration, the Governor made public the report of the engineer's office. The program has folded up completely in the towns of Cheshire, Chester and Lee owing to the alleged failure of the W. P. A. to provide promised materials and is proceeding haltingly in other Berkshire County towns, according to the report, which was signed by George A. Curtis, state engineer of the 1st District.

The report asserts that the cost of doing much of the work will exceed advance estimates on account of W. P. A.'s failure to aid the program as it claimed it should. The document also listed instances of asserted failure of W. P. A. authorities to provide enough men, materials or equipment to carry out the sidewalk projects in towns of the western part of the state.

Under the terms of the hospital project in Mattapan, the Federal Government would provide \$651,050 of the total cost and the state the remaining \$27,991.30.

After months of delay, work on the new Massachusetts National Guard camp at Bourne will actually get under way next Wednesday, Adjt Gen William I. Rose revealed at the State House yesterday. He said he had been assured that between \$100,000 and \$120,000 of W. P. A. funds had been set aside to begin construction of 12 miles of roads in the 32-square-mile camp site.

Altogether \$302,000 in W. P. A. funds will be spent in road construction at the camp, the work to continue through March, by which time the \$2,068,000 for the actual construction of the camp is expected to be made available.

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CURLEY OPENS CHARITY SALE OF ITALIAN ART

Purchases Bust of President Roosevelt to Be Sent To White House



Left to Right—Gov Curley, Mrs Frieda Smith, A. P. Nardini, Joseph A. Tomasello and Lieut Gov Hurley. Bust of President Roosevelt in foreground.

Gov Curley, accompanied by Lieut Gov Joseph L. Hurley and military aids, opened the sale of Italian art at the gallery of A. P. Nardini, well-known local sculptor, at 1280 Washington st. this morning, with considerable ceremony and a touch of the holiday mood.

The sale, which includes paintings, statuary, plaques and a fine collection of art objects, is for the benefit of the Boston Chapter of the Italian Red Cross. Fifty percent of the receipts will be donated to the chapter and will be used for the benefit of the orphans and widows.

The Governor inspected every item

on show, expressing particular interest in several of the paintings. Several bronze busts of President Roosevelt also took his eye. He suggested that it would be appropriate if he should send one of these busts to Col Knox or William Randolph Hearst. But finally he compromised by putting down his \$50 and having the bust dispatched to the original of the model in the White House. The Lieutenant Governor also bought one of the busts.

Mrs Frieda Smith, president of the Boston Chapter of the Italian Red Cross, and Joseph A. Tomasello assisted Mr Nardini at the sale.

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FALL RIVER BOARD CUTS OWN EXPENSES

Special Dispatch to the Globe

FALL RIVER, Dec 13—A report made public today at the office of City Auditor Ernest A. Floyd indicated that the wave of economy in municipal expenses has entered the office of the Board of Finance since its reorganization with the appointment by Gov Curley of Chairman Edmond Cote and Rupert S. Carven, a former Boston city official. The report indicated a sharp decrease in the total telephone, travel and meal bills submitted by the commissioners during October and November.

The total expense incurred by the three members for the two months was \$49.75.

The report showed that Commissioner Carven, who comes to this city six days a week, does not submit any bill for his expenses. Commissioner Sawyer submitted an expense bill for travel to the amount of \$10.80, and one of \$2.10 for telephone calls from his office.

Chairman Cote did not submit any bill for his trips to Boston on official business for the city.

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\$1,000,000 IN PROJECTS APPROVED BY GOV CURLEY

Gov Curley yesterday approved six P. W. A. and state construction projects providing for almost \$1,000,000 worth of new buildings and roads in the Commonwealth. The largest project on the list is a new public high school for Newburyport, to be constructed at a cost of \$545,000.

Other projects approved include the following:

Addition to Leonard Morse Hospital, Natick	\$145,000
New hospital, Needham	45,000
New town hall, Chester	39,000
School building, Shirley	64,856
Widening of Warren st, Waltham ..	68,000

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\$250,000 SUIT AGAINST DOLAN AND 60 OTHERS

CITY OF BOSTON
BRINGS ACTION

Continued

Charges Group Made Big Sum In Illegal Bond Deals



J. WALTER QUINN

Charging Edmund L. Dolan and six others with profiting to the extent of approximately \$250,000 by illegal bond transactions carried on by a dummy corporation which operated while Dolan was city treasurer of Boston, a bill in equity, filed with the assistant clerk of the Supreme Court today on behalf of the city, requests a "full and true" accounting.

The complaint, signed by Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and Assistant Corporation Counsel George R. Farnum, also asks that Dolan be ordered to pay to the city "the amount of the said profits with interest."

Named in the bill with the former City Treasurer of the last Curley administration as Mayor were J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

In substance, the 25-page bill alleges that in October, 1929, Dolan, anticipating the election of Curley as Mayor and his own appointment as city treasurer, enlisted the aid of Edward Donovan, an attorney; Winifred A. White, a clerk, and Edward J. Supple, an employee of Dolan, in the forming of a corporation.

Charges Large Profits

Donovan, the bill alleges, prepared the papers of incorporation and Donovan, White and Supple signed the papers. Supple was elected president and director.



EDMUND L. DOLAN

White was clerk, treasurer and director, and Donovan was a director.

According to the charges contained in the bill, the corporation bought bonds and sold them to the city at a greatly increased price. Dolan, it is charged, would sell the bonds to the corporation at a low price and the corporation in turn would sell them at a profit-making price.

Through this "fraudulent and corrupt scheme," the bill alleges, Dolan made "large, secret and illicit gains."

The bill asks that Dolan be required to make a "full and true disclosure of all the gains, profits and benefit received by him directly or indirectly from or in connection with bond transactions" while he was city treasurer.

"Other Defendants"

The bill also asks that it "be adjudged that Dolan obtained all said profits illegally and in breach of his office and fiduciary duties" and that he pay the city the amount of the said profits with interest.

It also includes the same requests in the case of the other defendants. In addition there is a request that "when other defendants become known, the plaintiff may be allowed to make them parties to the suit."

Asst. Clerk Frederick L. Quinlan, with whom the bill was filed, said that subpoenas are returnable the first Monday in January. A date for hearings will be set after that time, he said.

\$7,223,382 Purchases

The bill recites that during the period 1930-1933, \$7,223,382.89 out of \$9,759,129.68 used to purchase bonds by the city for investment was paid to the Legal Securities Corporation and John F. Dever &

Co. It further recites that the same firms handled \$1,300,000 out of \$3,300,000 business in the selling of bonds from investment portfolios of the city.

The plaintiff says that it is difficult to gage the profits because records have been destroyed or concealed, but says that the belief is that "the total gains and profits from said bond sales and purchases is \$250,000."

The bill charges that all the defendants were aware of the fraudulent and corrupt character of the scheme in which they were involved.

It recites how Dolan allegedly used his official positions as city treasurer, on the Sinking Fund Commission and on the Retirement Board to "control" the boards of which he was a member and direct the investments. The bill says his actions were a "betrayal" of his position.

The former city treasurer was "not at home" today when efforts were made to reach him for comment on the suit.

Excerpts from Complaint

Some excerpts from the bill of complaint follow:

"Pursuant to the above fraudulent and corrupt scheme, and for the purpose of putting the same into effective operation, the defendant, Edward L. Dolan, on or about October, 1929, enlisted the cooperation of Edward Donovan, an attorney; Winifred A. White, a clerk in the employ of one who occupied an office intercommunicating with those occupied by said Dolan as E. L. Dolan Company, and Edward J. Supple, then an employee of E. L. Dolan Company. Said Donovan prepared, and he and said White signed and executed as incorporators, the papers and documents required under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to be presented to the commissioner of corporations and taxation, for a charter of incorporation.

"Pursuant to the directions of said defendant, Dolan, said Supple was elected president and director and appointed general manager; said White, clerk, treasurer and director, and said Donovan, director. Thereafter the said papers were so presented and a charter of incorporation was issued to said Donovan, White and Supple, under the name of Legal Securities Corporation, with an authorized capital stock of 1000 shares of common stock of no par value, for the stated purpose of prosecuting a general stock brokerage business.

"Pursuant to the further directions of said defendant Dolan, said Donovan, White and Supple as directors, voted to issue the entire authorized capital stock for \$25,000 in cash. Of this amount said defendant, Dolan, furnished \$5000 and personally arranged a loan for the balance at the Federal National Bank on individual notes for \$10,000 each, one signed by said Supple and the other by said White, it being agreed by the defendant Dolan that the said notes should be taken up as they were ultimately,

continued

om the proceeds of the business of the corporation.

"Certificates representing said stock were issued to said Supple, White and Donovan, as straws or dummies for said defendant Dolan and, as long as the same stood in their names, were always held by each of them as such straws or dummies. Said defendant Dolan, in furtherance of his fraudulent purpose, established the business offices of said Legal Securities Corporation in certain rooms of the suite occupied and used in its business by E. L. Dolan Company at 60 Congress st, Boston, and transferred certain employees from E. L. Dolan Company to the Legal Securities Corporation and otherwise directed and supervised the preparation for the actual transaction of business by the latter.

"There was maintained at all times complete intercommunication between the office of said E. L. Dolan Company and said Legal Securities Corporation, and a close and working association between their respective offices and employees."

"Under Control of Dolan"

The next section of the bill declares that Dolan had the Legal Securities Corporation licensed to carry on a brokerage business in Massachusetts. "At all times," says the bill, "the business was primarily directed and its operations principally conducted, under the secret, but actual control of the defendant Dolan, in furtherance of the purposes and objects of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme, and in consummation thereof."

The next section asserts:

"Early in 1933 said Edward J. Supple, who had held the offices of president and director of the Legal Securities Corporation continuously since his original election thereto, resigned therefrom and in his place the defendant, E. L. Dolan, selected for and caused to be elected to said offices the defendant, J. Walter Quinn, then an employe of E. L. Dolan Company."

"Late in 1932 said Winifred A. White resigned as treasurer, clerk and director, and said Edward Donovan resigned as director. On the procurement of said defendant Dolan, the defendant Harold B. Simpson, an employe of E. L. Dolan Company, was elected treasurer and director, to succeed said White in said offices, and John J. McInnis, an attorney who had had previous professional relations with the defendant, Dolan, was elected clerk to replace said White and director to replace said Donovan. The stock originally outstanding in the name of said Supple, White and Donovan was transferred by an arrangement of the defendant, Dolan, to the defendant, Quinn, as substitute straw or dummy holders thereof."

Resignation of Quinn

"In 1933 the defendant Dolan procured the services for the Legal Securities Corporation of the defendant Robert L. Emerson, a stock and bond salesman, and caused the defendant Quinn to resign as president, and said McInnes, director of the corporation, and said defendant Emerson to be elected to said offices in their stead.

"He also caused to be elected as a fourth director of said corporation George S. Clarkson, since deceased, an accountant, who had been engaged at times by said defendant Dolan to audit the books of the city of Boston, of Edmund L. Dolan Company, of the Legal Securities Corporation.

"At or about the time of the affiliation of said defendant Emerson and said Clarkson, said defendant Dolan caused certain of the shares of stock of the corporation standing in the name of the defendant Quinn to be transferred to the defendant Emerson and said Clarkson as straw or dummy holders for said defendant Dolan.

"In June 1933 because of rumors in reference to the real parties in interest in the Legal Security Corporation and to avoid detection of the fraud that was being perpetrated on the city, said defendant Dolan caused the name of Legal Securities Corporation to be changed to R. L. Emerson & Co. Inc, and its officers to be moved from 60 Congress st, Boston, where it maintained offices contiguous to and intercommunicating with those of E. L. Dolan Company, to 75 Federal st in said Boston."

Assistance of Others

The bill stated that Dolan called on others to assist him in carrying out the plan, and named among the associates Frederick J. Reardon, sales manager of the E. L. Dolan Company, who was transferred as salesman to the Legal Securities Corporation; Quinn, Simpson, Costello, Emerson and Dever. It continued:

"Said defendant Edmund L. Dolan, through and by reason of the prestige that he enjoyed and the power and influence which he possessed as an intimate associate and friend of the then Mayor, James M. Curley, and as treasurer of the city, of the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners and of the Retirement Board, as well as by reason of his membership on or connection with said boards and other boards and agencies governing the other funds and trusts hereinbefore referred to, and by reason of the confidence placed in his supposed integrity and assumed disinterestedness and of his believed loyalty to the city and the public interests, and by reason of the deference paid to his judgment in financial matters in general and his familiarity with security values and the bond market in particular, did at all times herein set forth, enjoy and exercise persuasive and, in fact, decisive and controlling influence over his associates and colleagues on said boards and in said agencies.

"As a result, he was able to and did largely control at all times the investment and management of such municipal and trust funds of the city as were managed by said boards and agencies and at all times exercised said influence and exerted said power in furtherance of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme.

Total of \$7,123,382.89

"In furtherance of the aforesaid fraudulent and corrupt scheme and in violation of his various official and fiduciary duties, and in betrayal of his trust and the interests of the city, and in abuse of his various and sundry discretions in the premises and in the investment of the funds in his control or in the control of said municipal boards and agencies, the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, purchased for or caused to be purchased by the city of Boston on divers occasions during the years 1930 to 1935 inclusive, a large amount of bonds from the Legal Securities Corporation and from John F. Dever & Co, acting extensively as an independent principal, but actually acting for the Legal Securities Corporation as undisclosed principal.

"During said period of an aggregate amount expended by the city in the investment of said municipal and trust funds of the city in the purchase of bonds, exclusive of transactions between city departments and agencies, of \$9,759,179.68, \$7,123,382.89 was paid to the Legal Securities Corporation and John F. Dever & Co.

"In like manner and during the same period the defendant Dolan sold for or caused to be sold by the city bonds from the investment portfolios of said municipal or trust funds to the Legal Securities Corporation and John F. Dever & Co of approximately \$1,300,000."

"Large Unlawful Gains"

The 13th paragraph begins:

"In the foregoing transactions between the Legal Securities Corporation, and through and by means of this corporate go-between, the defendant Dolan made in the aggregate, during the years hereinbefore indicated, a large amount of unlawful gains and profits in the form of commissions, and by the fraudulent device of stepping up the price, or purchasing bonds at one price and selling them directly or through John F. Dever & Co to the city at a largely increased price, and by the fraudulent device of purchasing bonds from the city at one price and reselling said bonds at a largely increased price."

In the next section it is charged that Dolan "and his associates, to cover their tracks and avoid detection, have either destroyed or concealed all the books of the Legal Securities Company and E. L. Dolan Company, and have refused either to produce the same or any honest and sufficient reason for their non-production."

It adds: "The plaintiff is informed, believes and therefore alleges that the total gains and profits from said bond sales and purchases approximate the sum of \$250,000."

There are 20 typewritten pages in the bill of complaint. The allegations against Dolan and his associates are continued in 15 long paragraphs, some of which are repetitions.

The subpoenas in the case were in the sheriff's office this morning and had not been served at 1 o'clock. There was a question whether, because of the half-holiday, they would be served today.

Prayer of Plaintiff

The prayer of the plaintiff is as follows:

"1. That the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, be ordered to make full and true discovery and disclosure of all the gains, profits and benefits received by him either directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff, city of Boston, described in this bill.

"2. That the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, be ordered to render a true and complete accounting of all the gains, profits and benefits received by him, directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff, city of Boston, described in this bill.

"3. That it be ordered, adjudged and decreed that the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, obtained all said gains, profits and benefits, illegally and in breach of his official and fiduciary duties to the plaintiff city of Boston, and that said defendant Dolan pay over to the said plaintiff city of Boston, the amount of said gains, profits and benefits with interest thereon, from the respective dates of such gains, profits and benefits.

"4. That the defendants Fred Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Lawrence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and John F. Dever, and each of them, be ordered to make full and true discovery and disclosure of all the gains, profits and benefits received by them and each of them, either directly or indirectly, from and in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston, referred to in this bill, whether in the form of salaries, commissions, bonuses, dividends, distributive shares or otherwise.

"5. That the defendants, Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Lawrence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and John F. Dever, and each of them, be ordered to surrender a true and complete accounting of all the gains, profits and benefits received by them, and each of them either directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston, referred to in this bill, whether in the form of salaries, commissions, bonuses, dividends, distributive shares or otherwise.

"6. That it be ordered, adjudged, and decreed that the defendants, Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Lawrence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and John F. Dever, and each of them, obtained all such gains, profits and benefits received by them, and each of them, illegally and to the use and benefit of the plaintiff city of Boston, and that said defendants and each of them pay over to said plaintiff city of Boston, the amount of said gains, profits and benefits with interest thereon, from the respective dates of such gains, profits and benefits.

"7. That whenever other and additional persons within the jurisdiction of said court shall become known as having participated in the fraudulent and corrupt scheme set forth in this bill, or as having participated with knowledge in the gains and profits derived therefrom, the plaintiff may be allowed to make them parties hereto, by suitable amendment, and apt allegations and prayers.

"8. That the plaintiff be granted such other and further relief as the nature of this case and justice and equity may require and to the court may seem meet and appropriate."

TRUMP CARD PLAYED IN FILING OF SUIT

Such a suit as the City Government is now pressing against Edmund L. Dolan, Gov. Curley's intimate associate and the city treasurer during Curley's third term in City Hall, has all along been regarded as the trump card of those who have contended that irregularities occurred, and it is now played after the failure of succeeding attempts to effect a Legislative investigation into Dolan's conduct of the treasury then. Curley enemies had hoped to stage here a quiz like that after which New York's Mayor James J. Walker quit office.

The report of George R. Farnum, who did a searching sleuthing job on the material under sponsorship of the old Finance Commission prior to the time when Gov. Curley assumed office and completely changed the personnel of the Finance Commission, was made public by Speaker of the House Leverett Saltonstall last March.

The main contention of the report was that as the city's treasurer, Dolan himself had accomplished a "set up"—known first as the Legal Securities Corporation, and then as the R. L.

Emerson Company, Inc.—through which he, as city treasurer and as the "man behind" in the two companies, conducted transactions in securities by which, the report contends, he privately profited.

One of the principal duties in several posts held by Dolan—namely, city treasurer, county treasurer, sinking funds treasurer, retirement funds treasurer, teachers' pension fund custodian, White fund custodian and custodian of numerous hospital, library and other funds—was to invest a sizable portion of the income of these various funds annually in securities.

"The object of this report," it was declared, "is to show that in total disregard of this duty Edmund L. Dolan, while holding the various public offices enumerated above, and particularly that of city treasurer, bought a large amount of securities from himself as a bond broker by the device of setting up a dummy corporation to handle the transactions.

"In addition to the commissions obtained on these bond purchases, sales of which, had they been made by outside and individual houses, would not have been subject to any criticism, it appears that in many instances securities were purchased at a price substantially in excess of what they were obtainable for elsewhere, with a substantial resulting loss to the city."

Proceeding then in an attempt to show that the half-dozen other men now named by the Mansfield administration in its suit as codefendants with Dolan were merely his "straw men," the report states:

"The extent of the identity of interest that existed between E. L.

Dolan Company (the brokerage concern which Dolan, while city treasurer, continued to conduct) and the Legal Securities Corporation, is further emphasized by the critical analysis of their bank accounts.

"For example, from Aug. 12, 1930, to Aug. 10, 1931, E. L. Dolan Company deposited in its account in the First National Bank of Boston certain checks drawn on the Federal National Bank aggregating \$184,072. A comparison of these particular deposits with checks drawn by the Legal Securities Corporation on its account in the Federal National Bank, proves by the coincidence of amounts and time that these transactions represented money that was paid by the Legal Securities Corporation to E. L. Dolan Company.

"Furthermore, from Oct. 2, 1930, to June 9, 1933, E. L. Dolan Company deposited in its account in the First National Bank certain checks drawn on the National Rockland Bank in the total amount of \$309,852. The correspondence in time and amount of these deposits, with checks drawn by the Legal Securities Corporation on its account in the National Rockland Bank, leads to a similar inference that these transactions also represented payments from the Legal Securities Corporation to E. L. Dolan Company.

"It seems abundantly clear that the Legal Securities Corporation—both as such and under the later name of E. L. Emerson Company, Inc.—was nothing but a setup by Dolan and was completely controlled and dominated by him at all times through straw stockholders and officers, for the purpose, among other things, of enabling him to participate in the profits accruing from the sale to the city of a large percentage of the securities purchased from time to time for the sinking funds, as well as other city funds.

"The organization of the Legal Securities Corporation was obviously designed to mask the real character of this purpose and to conceal the participation of Dolan in these transactions," the report states.

MEN MENTIONED IN SUIT DECLINE TO COMMENT

J. Walter Quinn of 9 Thane st, Dorchester, named in the city's bill in equity against seven persons, is the head of Quinn Brothers, electricians, and is also president and treasurer of the Portsmouth Company, wholesale ale and beer dealers of 241 A st, South Boston. At Quinn's office today it was said that he would have no statement to make.

Quinn was originally an employee of the E. L. Dolan Company. After the market collapse of several years ago it was represented that Edmund L. Dolan, head of the Dolan company, notified his employees that he was closing out his business.

Some of his employees, including Mr. Quinn, formed the Legal Securities Corporation with Quinn as its president.

Another employee who became affiliated with the new company was Lawrence Costello of 30 Carson st, Dorchester, who is now employed in the banking division of the Massachusetts Public Service Commission. Costello for many years had acted as secretary to Dolan.

A third man named in the Supreme Court bill is Harold B. Simpson of 15 Coolidge st, Brookline, who is now a salesman for the Portsmouth Ale Company, of which Quinn is the head. Simpson has been mentioned as a treasurer of the Legal Securities Corporation and was also connected with the R. L. Emerson Company.

"I have absolutely nothing to say. I don't care to comment," said Robert L. Emerson, another of those named in the Dolan bill, when reached at his home, 1918 Beacon st, Brookline, this afternoon.

John F. Dever Jr has had many years' experience in the brokerage business. He was graduated from Harvard with the class of 1903, and entered one of the largest Boston banking and brokerage houses situated on Congress st. After 20 years with this firm he founded the firm of John F. Dever & Co, 60 Congress st. His home is on Mt Pleasant av, Roxbury. He is a member of the Harvard Club, South Shore Country Club of Hingham, Boston Chamber of Commerce and Newton Lodge of Elks.

Continued

concluded

Filing Bill in Equity Against Dolan



RIGHT—HENRY E. FOLEY, CORPORATION COUNSEL; GEORGE R. FARNUM, ASSISTANT CORPORATION COUNSEL, AND FREDERICK QUINLAN, ASSISTANT CLERK OF SUPREME COURT

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**LEASES STATE LAND
TO MARINE AIRLINES, INC**

Commissioner of Public Works William F. Callahan yesterday afternoon informed Gov Curley that he had approved a lease of state-owned land at Commonwealth Pier to the Marine Airlines, Inc, of 40 Wall st, New York city.

The corporation, the Governor said, plans to operate fast hydroplanes between South Boston and East 31st st, New York city.

The service, it is believed, will be inaugurated early next Spring with one-hour flights from city to city.

"It will be very handy when I'm in the Senate," the Governor said, with a laugh.

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**Tonight—9:30
W N A C**

**GOVERNOR CURLEY
GENERAL COLE
FATHER AHEARN
MARY YOUNG
BAYARD TUCKERMAN
HENRY PARKMAN**

**Christmas
Remembrance Program**

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Date

**WILL ASK FUNDS FOR
HOSPITAL ADDITIONS**

**Would House 4000 Mental
Patients, Says Governor**

Gov Curley indicated yesterday that he would request the incoming Legislature to provide funds for the construction of additional buildings to house 4000 or more persons suffering from mental diseases.

The Governor said he would include the recommendation in his annual message to the General Court because he has been advised that the Commonwealth is 18 percent behind in the number of necessary beds for the mentally ill of the state. He said he had no way of knowing what action the Legislature might take on the recommendation but added that the matter would be placed on the Legislature's "doorstep." The Governor further said that the 1933 building program had proved of little help in increasing the number of beds.

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Gov Curley Swearing in Three of His Appointees



Gov Curley administering oath of office at the State House yesterday to three new officials. Left to right are the Governor, John M. Gray of Salem, trustee of the Soldiers' Home, Chelsea; Anthony Garofano, chairman of the State Board of Registration of Barbers, and Lawrence W. Lyons, clerk of the Quincy District Court.

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DEC 14 1935

State House Briefs

By HENRY EHRLICH

There is bound to be plenty of agitation during the coming session of the Legislature on pari-mutuel betting. Bills have already been filed to abolish it entirely, and there are petitions galore for some modification of the present laws. Most seek to reduce race track receipts, as, for example, the bill filed yesterday by Representatives Lawrence P. McHugh of Jamaica Plain and George F. Kilgoar of Dorchester. Under their bill, the "breakage" instead of being divided equally between the tracks and the state, will go entirely to the state.

Representative Raymond F. O'Connell of Springfield has finally filed his bill seeking an amendment to the state constitution which will allow the Legislature to enact a graduated income tax in the state.

Representative Thomas Dorgan of Dorchester has filed a bill which has the interest of children in mind. His newest plan would divide off restaurants into section where liquor may be served and where it may not be served, and children, unless accompanied by a parent or teacher, would not be allowed within the bounds of the liquor section.

Thomas H. Green, the civil service commissioner, yesterday authorized the appointment of 10 regular and 10 reserve patrolmen to the Brockton police department. The certifications were handed over to Mayor Horace C. Baker, who will make the appointments, but no names will be disclosed for five days. Permanent patrolmen in Brockton get \$1700 a year, while the reserve men receive \$1360.

Only seven of the 77 who took the civil service examination Nov. 2 and 7 for the post of junior industrial sanitary engineer in the state department of labor and industries have been declared eligible, it was learned at the civil service commission yesterday. Edward C. Riley of Brookline, Robert T. Pring of Lexington and Wesley C. L. Rameon of Winthrop head the list.

Judge Emil E. Fuchs, chairman of the state unemployment compensa-

tion commission, will address the American Statistical Association Monday evening on the social security program, with special reference to unemployment compensation in Massachusetts.

William C. Horneman of Allston, past department commander, has been named chairman of the special Massachusetts "bonus campaign committee" of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Besides contracting national senators and representatives on the matter, the committee will make certain that subordinate units are in complete conjunction with the bonus drive. "Flying squadron" speakers will be assigned next week.

A branch office of the registry of motor vehicles will be established in Holyoke in the near future, Gov. Curley assured Mayor-elect William P. Yoerg yesterday. The Governor also guaranteed the new mayor support on the proposed construction of a four-lane highway between Holyoke and West Springfield.

Although he did everything legally within his power to prevent award of the money, Gov. Curley received yesterday from Mrs. Albert Pierce, widow of the Salem senator, a letter thanking him for that part of her husband's salary which his death prevented him from earning. The Legislature presented the money to Mrs. Pierce over the Governor's veto. "Your thoughtfulness and generosity is most sincerely appreciated," wrote the senator's widow.

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DEC 14 1935

WOULD READ ELY OUT OF PARTY

Officers of 'Support Roosevelt
League' Call for His With-
drawal in New York

NEW YORK, Dec. 13 (AP)—Officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League," in a statement issued here tonight, called for the withdrawal from the Democratic party of former Governor Joseph B. Ely, of Massachusetts.

In making the statement Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, said that their suggestion was a counter proposal to one made in Washington, D. C., last night by Eugene T. Brady, president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire county, Mass.

Brady had demanded that Governor James M. Curley, of Massachusetts, withdraw from politics and abandon his candidacy for the Senate. Walsh and Kaplan described Brady as a spokesman for former Governor Ely and said that Ely should be read out of the party because of his anti-Roosevelt views.

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W. McCormack of Boston.

RESENT BRADY'S BLAST AT CURLEY

The fiery blast loosed on Gov. Curley Thursday night by Eugene T. Brady, formerly a Pittsfield bartender and now in the employ of the federal housing administration in Washington, was in turn the object of equally fiery retorts by Brady's fellow Democrats in Pittsfield last night.

Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democrats of Pittsfield, demanded that Curley should withdraw from politics and the senatorial race for the good of the party. He described the Governor's administration as rule or ruin.

T. William Lewis, city councilman, of North Adams, and former treasurer of the Young Democrats, wired the Governor tonight: "The Young Democrats of Berkshire county resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship."

"Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges. Berkshire Democracy condemns this attack as a puny attempt to receive notoriety."

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BOSTON LIKELY OCEAN AIR BASE

Officials Press Local Advantages as Plans for
Line Progress

By RICHARD O. BOYER

Boston will be the American terminus for the first regular transatlantic air service, expected to be inaugurated in 1937 and to include four round trips each week, if the determined drive started yesterday by Gov. Curley, Mayor Mansfield, the chamber of commerce and civic organizations meets with the success that seems likely.

That Boston has a good chance to

be the first transatlantic airport in the country seemed apparent yesterday when officials of the Pan-American Airways said that Boston was a logical choice. This company will probably operate the transatlantic service in conjunction with the British Imperial Airways, Ltd., and both concerns are now working out preliminary plans.

Gov. Curley sent his demand for consideration of Boston to R. Walton Moore, assistant secretary of state, who presided during the recent conferences concerning the transatlantic project which were attended by representatives of the American, British, Canadian and Irish governments. The Governor's telegram read:

"The city of Boston has this granted a permit for a hydroplane service between the state pier at South Boston and East Thirty-first street, New York, the running time to be about one hour between the two points.

"The East Boston airport, which is the largest and most accessible in the United States, was designed with a view to the adoption at some time of a transatlantic air service and a coastal service between New England and South America. In the event that a transatlantic port is to be established in the United States, Boston has more to offer than any other section of the nation and I believe that the port is entitled to first consideration in the establishment of an American terminus."

M. D. Liming, general secretary of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, said: "Boston should be the American terminus of the proposed transatlantic passenger-mail air service because it is the nearest large city to Canada, the Irish Free State and England—and it has the facilities to adequately handle such service."

"If the service is instituted, the Boston Chamber of Commerce, through its aviation and postal committees, will strongly urge recognition for Boston as the American base."

BOSTON ON ROUTE

"If a transatlantic air service is to be established," Mayor Mansfield said, "Boston certainly ought to be one of the terminal ports. It's not only nearer to Europe itself than any other large city with a suitable airport, but it's on the direct line of the northern course followed up to now by every transatlantic flier."

"I shall make every effort to see that Boston will be one of the terminal ports. Our airport has been praised as among the best in the country by every airman who ever used it."

Robert Fulton, Pan-American Airways official working on the plans, told The Herald, speaking over the telephone from New York, that Boston, both because of its location and facilities, was a logical choice for an American terminus. He emphasized that the plans were still in the preliminary stage, but stated that Boston was on the northern route and that its airport was one of the best in the country.

He said little if any improvements would have to be made in the East Boston airport to enable it to handle transatlantic traffic.

PLAN NOT EPHEMERAL

Most well-informed observers believe that the transatlantic service is not an ephemeral plan, but that it will actually come into being in 1937. For one thing, they point out, it is now an active policy of the government to help such proposals in every possible way. Some believe that technical difficulties will be less than those encountered in the building of the China Clipper and in the laying out of its Pacific route.

According to Mr. Moore, assistant secretary of state, experimental flights will begin early in the summer of 1936 and the regular schedule during the summer of 1937. Two routes will be operated, it is expected, a northern route and a southern one. The northern route will be by way of Canada, Newfoundland and the Irish Free State to England; the southern route reaching England by way of Bermuda.

Despite Boston's favorable location, it was stated yesterday, her citizens and officials will have to press her case tirelessly and vigorously if they hope that the city will be selected as an American terminus.

Many other cities, including New York, Baltimore, Cape Charles, Va., Norfolk, Va., and Charleston, S. C., are waging active campaigns for selection as a terminus for one of the proposed routes.

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WPA WORKERS' STRIKE LOOMS

Unpaid, Is Complaint—
State Officials As-
sail Rotch

A threatened strike among unpaid WPA workers throughout the state yesterday complicated the continuance of the controversy between officials of the state public works department, backed by Gov. Curley, and Arthur J. Rotch, state WPA administrator.

Bitter statements about WPA trucks which "seem to appear and disappear" and a detailed account of how projects in Cheshire, Chester and Lenox allegedly had been abandoned because of the WPA's failure to provide promised materials formed the basis of the attack on Rotch emanating from the State House.

The statements were prepared by William F. Callahan, public works commissioner, and George A. Curtis, state engineer, and were issued by the Governor.

Rotch explained last night that the Berkshire county projects had not been abandoned, that the Chester project was opened again yesterday, and that work on the Lenox project would start again Monday.

TROUBLE ELSEWHERE

At the same time trouble loomed in Lynn, Cambridge, and other sections of the state where WPA workers have been unpaid for three weeks. In Lynn about 1200 workers stormed the City Hall and were given food orders by the welfare department, and in Cambridge, 900 WPA workers were placed on relief.

As 240 WPA workers in Quincy were threatening to strike unless delayed pay checks were received yesterday, paymasters arrived from Boston with \$3000, which was immediately distributed.

The checks were due 10 days ago, and delays led to such heavy drains on the Quincy welfare department that Mayor Burgin was forced to appeal to WPA officials in Boston.

The Governor was busy planning new projects. He sent Rotch a report on a WPA project to provide employment for 2700 at the Boston state hospital and enclosed with it the statement that if the work could

be started promptly, he would be willing to submit the \$679,041 project to the council Wednesday for approval.

In another statement he indicated that he would ask the incoming Legislature to provide funds for the construction of additional buildings to house 4000 more persons in the department of mental diseases.

The Governor announced that the commonwealth had received \$120,000 from the federal government as the first contribution toward the cost of constructing a new national guard camp at Bourne. Road work for this will start Wednesday, he said, and between 100 and 700 men will be employed.

WHY HE RELEASED REPORTS

Gov. Curley said he had released the Callahan and Curtis reports in order to substantiate his recent charges that the federal government will not co-operate with the state in speeding the sidewalk and highway projects.

The commissioner's report was interspersed with such remarks as "conditions very poor" and "no work being done."

In Brockton, he said, 26 men are employed. "Trucks seem to appear and disappear. No trucks on the job for the past two days." In Ware, "Had five trucks which disappeared two days ago, and the 63 men are wasting time along the side of the road."

His comment on Becket was equally pithy. "WPA asks our engineer to start a project here with three men, one foreman, one timekeeper. Emphatically no!"

"Men are trying to give the appearance of working," he commented on Hadley. "Project should be shut down, no trucks, no material." Of the Cummington project he declared, "Conditions very bad. Twenty men with an occasional truck once in a while."

HOSPITAL PROJECT

The Boston state hospital project was chosen by the Governor to satisfy the needs of the Boston unemployed, for whom, it was previously stated, no more work could be furnished. The project will give 2700 men work for four months and 600 men an additional two months.

Of the total cost, the federal government is to furnish \$651,050, and the state is to pay \$27,991. The government will furnish all labor except the general superintendence, and the materials and the tools, machinery and materials will be supplied by the state.

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Prof. Mather Apologizes to Curley For Walter P. Eaton's Remarks

Gov. Curley, who was scored by Walter Prichard Eaton of Sheffield, of the Yale dramatic school, at a meeting of the first New England conference on adult education in this city Tuesday night, yesterday received an apology from Prof. Kirtley F. Mather of Harvard, president of the Adult Education Council of Greater Boston. By innuendo, the apology rebukes Prof. Eaton.

Prof. Eaton created a stir Tuesday by telling conference members that he was ashamed of his Massachusetts residence because Mr. Curley occupied the Governor's office. The Yale professor invited those of his auditors who were offended to "make the most of it." He also criticized the teachers' oath law.

As president of the Adult Education Council, Prof. Mather wrote the Governor as follows:

My dear Governor Curley:
I want to tell you how much we

of the Adult Education Council appreciate your telegram of good wishes which we received Monday evening. It is ever so good of you to keep in touch with such activities as ours.

May I also express to you our deep regret for the unfortunate incident which occurred at the banquet last evening. The toastmaster, in whose good judgment we thought we had every reason to place complete confidence, injected into his remarks quite unnecessarily a very unpleasant reference to you. We are sorry that he did this. Please rest assured that he was speaking for himself alone, and was not presenting the opinion of the Adult Education Council.

With personal regards, I am

Cordially yours,

KIRTLEY F. MATHER,
President.

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Jackson Denies Commending Curley For Naming Carven to Fall River Post

James Jackson, prominent Republican of Westwood, last night denied having written to Gov. Curley to commend him for appointing Rupert Carven, former Boston budget commissioner, as a member of the Fall River finance board, as the Governor asserted Thursday night in an address in Fall River.

Mr. Jackson, who was state treasurer from 1920 to 1925, was succeeded by Carven as a member of the Fall River finance board when his term expired Jan. 7.

"I certainly would like to see this letter that I was supposed to have written the Governor," Mr. Jackson said last night. "I have no fault to find with the appointment of Mr. Carven, but I certainly did not write to Gov. Curley to tell him so. In fact, I have not communicated with him in any matter pertaining to Fall River since he became Governor."

In his address before 750 persons attending a testimonial dinner in Fall River Thursday night to Edmund Cote, former Republican member of the executive council who resigned to accept the appointment as chairman of the Fall River finance board, Gov. Curley said:

"One of the most gratifying letters I have received since being elected Governor was from James Jackson, former chairman of the board of finance, following appointment of Rupert Carven, former Boston budget commissioner to the board.

"In his letter, Mr. Jackson said that he regretted giving up the job, but that he rejoiced in giving it up to an abler and better qualified man."

Mr. Jackson in his denial said:

"Gov. Curley may be right in saying that I applaud the appointment of Mr. Carven. For all I know, Mr. Carven may be 10 times more able than I, but I wrote no letter to the Governor telling him so.

"As a matter of fact, I have never written to the Governor since the fire in Halifax a year ago this fall. On the other hand, I have tried many times to confer with him relative to the finances of Fall River, but he has refused to admit me to his office. Lt.-Gov. Hurley has also refused to discuss the same subject with me."

The Fall River finance board was established by the Legislature in 1931 when the city was declared insolvent. Mr. Jackson was appointed chairman of the board by Gov. Ely in 1932 to succeed Judge Frank A. Donahue of the superior court. The salary is \$6000 annually.

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APOLOGY TO GOV. CURLEY

Prof. Mather Regrets Criticism by Eaton

An apology to Governor Curley from the Adult Education Council of Greater Boston and signed by its president, Professor Kirtley F. Mather of teachers' oath fame, was received yesterday at the State House, following criticism of the Governor at the adult education banquet Tuesday night at the Copley-Plaza Hotel.

As one of the principal speakers, Walter Pritchard Eaton, whose home is in the Berkshires, announced that he was "ashamed of the Governor." Professor Mather, in a communication to the Governor which was received late yesterday, said:

"I want to tell you how much we of the Adult Education Council appreciate your telegram of good wishes which we received Monday evening. It is ever so good of you to keep in touch with such activities as ours.

"May I also express to you our deep regret for the unfortunate incident which occurred at the banquet last evening. The toastmaster in whose judgment we thought we had every reason to place complete confidence, injected into his remarks quite unnecessarily a very unpleasant reference to you. We are sorry that he did this. Please rest assured that he was speaking for himself alone, and was not presenting the opinion of the Adult Education Council."

"With personal regards, I am
"Cordially yours,
"(Signed) KIRTLEY F. MATHER.
"President,"

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CARNEGIE ASSAILED BY CURLEY

Governor Charges He
and Frick Foes of
Workers

Assailing Carnegie and Frick as "the worst enemies of the workers in the history of America," Governor Curley advised 200 railroad men of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad in Faneuil Hall last night that when they vote on the question Monday to turn down the company union and cast their lot with the American Federation of Labor.

TERMS IT VICIOUS

The Governor branded Carnegie and Frick as the "fathers of the company union." He said that Carnegie controlled the steel industry and Frick, the manufacture of coke, and that in order to maintain the 12-hour day and the seven-day week, and to avoid the installation of safety devices to protect workers, they established the system of company unions.

"This vicious creation," said the Governor, referring to the company union, "represents but one side in any industry and that is the employers' side. For the best interests of America, the company union should be abolished. The only hope of the railroad men is to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor and put an end to the company union."

Crafts Involved

He said that the national had grown since its early days, when there was an intimate touch between the employers and workers. With the coming of great industries, where as many as 50,000 men are employed by a single corporation, the intimate touch has been lost and the welfare of the individual disregarded, the Governor said.

Last night's meeting was sponsored by System Federation No. 17, which is the New Haven's own federation in the railway employees department of the A. F. of L. Edwin J. Cook, chairman of the system federation, presided and the meeting was addressed by officials of a number of the craft unions.

The crafts involved now in the fight against the company union, the Brotherhood of Railroad Shop Crafts of America, are the machinists, helpers and apprentices; blacksmiths, helpers and apprentices; electrical workers, helpers and apprentices; and carmen, helpers, apprentices and coach cleaners.

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CURLEY HITS WPA RELIEF BREAKDOWN

Engineers' Reports
Say Projects
Collapsed

Supplied with ammunition by the State corps of engineers, Governor Curley laid down a barrage all day yesterday in his war against the WPA administration in this State, charging Administrator Arthur G. Rotch with the failure of the sidewalk programme which was to have put 14,000 men to work throughout the State.

REPORTS COVER STATE

From State engineers in the Berkshires, the central part of the Commonwealth and in the Eastern sector, the Governor was supplied with reports that WPA projects for the sidewalk programme had either collapsed entirely or were interminably delayed by the failure of the WPA to supply men, materials and trucks at one and the same time.

From Rockport came the protest that Boston and other Suffolk county residents were being put to work on Essex county road jobs, while local residents stood by waiting for a chance to go to work. Representative Frederick H. Tarr, seeking to remedy this condition, filed a bill at the State House for new legislation which, if enacted, would give veterans and local residents the preference in the hiring of workers for relief and maintenance projects.

A project to put 2700 men to work for four months and 600 more to work for two months after that was forwarded to Administrator Rotch late yesterday by the Governor to provide work for Boston men who, he said, had not been provided for by the Mayor or the WPA, through city projects.

Filling Swamp Land

At a cost of \$27,991.30, the State would supply the materials, tools and machinery and the WPA would provide the labor at a cost of \$679,041.30 to grade and drain land, fill the swamp and build service roads on the grounds of the Boston State Hospital at Mattapan. Provided the relief administration shows the proper co-operation, the Governor said he would appeal directly to the Executive Council to transfer the State's share of the cost from the extraordinary fund at Wednesday's meeting.

"The adoption of this proposal," wrote the Governor to Administrator Rotch, "would provide employment for the men residing in Boston whom the State cannot employ, due to the fact that the public works commission programme provides for sidewalk construction, roadside beautification and farm-to-market roads, all of which projects are outside of Boston."

Announcing that the State had received \$120,000 from the federal government for the development of a Massachusetts National Guard camp at Bourne, the Governor declared Adjutant-General William I. Rose would start work on the camp project Wednesday, employing from 150 to 700 men on the necessary road work.

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PIONEER NEWS CAMERA MEN

Banquet Tuesday to Coolidge and Richard

Governor Curley, Governor Brann of Maine, Marvin McIntyre, assistant secretary to President Roosevelt and President John Otterson of Paramount will be among the guests next Tuesday night at the Copley-Plaza at the banquet to be tendered the pioneer news reel camera men, John E. "Jake" Coolidge and Al Richard.

More than a quarter of a century ago Coolidge and Richard shouldered the first movie cameras and started recording the news in the United States. Both men have now become executives in the land of celluloid but thousands in New England and elsewhere remember when their movie cameras, shooting a scene in city or town, were the first movie cameras ever seen.

Coolidge was known from one end of New England to the other while Richard specialized out of New York to the South and West. They blazed the trail for thousands of men who came after with news reel cameras. Many of the men who followed in the Coolidge-Richard footsteps plan to attend the banquet honoring the pair and absent ones have sent their messages on sound movie reels for reproduction at the banquet Tuesday night. In addition there have been radiograms from movie men at the front in Ethiopia, and from all parts of the world.

Hundreds of prominent men and women in the movie, business and industrial world will be present. In addition to special sound movies there will be thrown on the screen some of the oldest moving pictures in the archives of the film industry. The theatrical profession will be well represented and will furnish a special floor show.

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Pierce's Widow Thanks Gov. Curley for Salary

Governor Curley yesterday received a letter of thanks from Mrs. Nellie B. Pierce of Salem, widow of State Senator Albert Pierce, who died during the last session. In vetoing the bill which authorized the payment of the late Senator's salary for the remainder of the year, the Governor explained that he was merely following tradition, and indicated that he would be pleased to have the Legislature pass the measure over his veto. It did.

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JEWS HONOR THE CARDINAL

Included in Who's Who
in Year's Achievements

NEW YORK, Dec. 12 — Cardinal O'Connell, Governor Curley and President Conant of Harvard are among the 16 non-Jews included in the American Hebrew annual Who's Who for notable achievement during the past year, made public today.

Included in the roster for Jewish contributions to government, religion, art, industry, education, literature, music, motion pictures, theatre and social betterment in 1934 are 12 Bostonians.

The non-Jews are distinguished for "their efforts toward better understanding between Christian and Jew."

Judge Jennie Loitman Barron is the only woman in the Boston group thus honored. The others include Edward A. Filene, Jacob George Rosenberg, artist; Samuel B. Finkel, recently-named American director of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem; Professor Felix Frankfurter of Harvard, Joseph Josolowitz, executive secretary of the Associated Y. M. and Y. W. H. A.'s of New England; Professor Samuel E. Morison of Harvard, Maurice Lieberman and Abraham S. Guterman.

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Princess Nadja Ostrovska.

CURLEY FALLS BACK ON AN OLD SAYING

"How about the suggestion that you may appoint Hector Belisle, Fall River superintendent of schools, in place of Payson Smith as commissioner of education?" Governor Curley was asked yesterday. After saying that he was not prepared to make any definite comment just yet, the Governor added:

"Well, what's that old saying? Fifty thousand Frenchmen can't be wrong."

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RAPS JUDGE FOR ADVICE ON BIRTHS

Mayor Mansfield Calls Justice Hobson's Words Vicious

Declaring that he could not imagine a more vicious piece of advice handed down from a judicial bench in a Massachusetts court room, Mayor Mansfield of Boston last night opened an attack on Judge Ernest E. Hobson of Palmer, called for duty on the Superior Court bench in Suffolk County.

Judge Hobson advised Charles Hurley of South Boston, in court on a non-support case Thursday afternoon, to control his passions, he admitted last night.

Hurley has one child by his first wife, two other children by his second and present wife, who is expecting a third child. He is on the city of Boston welfare list.

BANS BIRTH CONTROL

Mayor Mansfield said that any attempt to persuade men and women on Boston's relief rolls to practise birth control will meet with instant opposition.

Mayor Mansfield is a former president of the Massachusetts Bar Association and former member of the Massachusetts Judicial Council.

"I can't possibly imagine a more vicious piece of advice that could possibly be given by a judge in a courtroom to any person that might be brought before him on any charge," declared the Mayor.

"It certainly isn't the province of any judge to rule on such moral questions. But coming from a judge it is likely to have more effect and influence than it ought to have."

"I would not countenance any such effort in the city welfare department," he added, "and if any such attempt is made someone will lose his or her job in a hurry."

Governor Curley would not comment on the case last night. Former Governor Ely likewise would say nothing.

Judge Explains

Judge Hobson said yesterday, after denying portions of the original statements attributed to him, that he had merely suggested to Mr. Hurley, who

was found not guilty of the support of a minor child, that he "control his passions" and did not advise him to have no more children.

The statement attributed to Judge Hobson caused widespread comment in legal and social service circles.

Judge Hobson further said he did not say anything to Hurley's second wife, the mother of two children and about to become the mother of a third. He addressed all the comments, he said, to the young father.

He said he told him, as he remembered, that he had one child by a first wife, two children by the second and a third about to be born, and was on the relief rolls, receiving but \$9 a week. He said he then told Hurley that he should control his passions. He said he also drew the parable that no one keeps more cattle than they can feed.

He then declined further comment on the matter.

Upholds Judge's Position

But Mrs. Leslie D. Hawkrigde, president of the Birth Control League of Massachusetts, came out strongly in support of the judges stand.

She said:

"Judge Hobson's sensational advice to a man on relief not to have more children till he can support those he has, apparently gives semi-judicial sanction to the planned family. Such intelligent planning of parenthood is the aim of the birth control movement.

"But so long as the necessary information is not made available it does not solve the problem to tell a poor man that he should be ashamed of himself for having children while on public relief. The community fails so long as it does not recognize that birth control is a social problem of the first magnitude.

"We are among the backward nations of the world in this respect. The case that came before Judge Hobson is a familiar story to us and can be duplicated many times over in the records of the Mothers' Health Centers which we sponsor.

"In this connection it is interesting to note that the Mill Bank Foundation discovered that families on relief were having a birth rate 53 per cent higher than families not on relief. This would indicate that families who were determined to provide adequately for their children were being forced to curtail their own birth rate to an alarming degree in order to support families of the unemployed."

Hurley gets \$9 a week from the city welfare, it was testified in the case.

Judge Hobson is judge of the Palmer court and has been assigned to sit in the Superior Court at various times.

He is married and the father of two children. He was born in Palmer in 1878 and took his law degree at the University of Maine. He was secretary of the Palmer Republican town committee and served in the House of Representatives for three years and the State Senate for two terms.

Views of Clergymen

Clergymen took opposite stands on the matter. The Rev. C. Gordon Brownville, pastor of Tremont Temple, said he could not agree with the judge entirely. "Some of our finest Americans have come from families in poverty," he added.

The Rev. Dr. A. Z. Conrad, pastor of the Park Street Church, said: "I have grave doubts whether it is in the province of a judge to give advice like that. I would have to know a hundred or more factors before I would give my own opinion."

Walter V. McCarthy, director of the State Department of Public Welfare, said: "I personally do not agree with the judge. And certainly a public official in the relief field has no right at all to give such advice."

John C. L. Dowling, director of the Boston board of trustees of the public welfare, said: "Our department never interferes in any way with the family rights of persons on relief."

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OLD NAMES ARE FEW IN BLUE BOOK

Exclusive Society
Now Cosmopolitan
in Makeup

In the gilt-edged Boston Blue Book, gilt-edged names no longer have the corner on exclusive society. With only 14 Lowells to talk to the Cabots, the Cabots, with looks commercing in the skies, find themselves only 19.

Arrayed against them is a list of 40 Murphys, 64 Sullivans, 24 Cohens and 31 Kelleys, augmented by 18 Kellys and four Kaplans.

32 O'BRIENS

For the 19 Saltonstalls, there are 32 O'Briens, with one O'Brian for good measure. For the single Malcolm, there are four Mulligans, and for the lone Chauncey, there are 10 O'Neills, and if you please, 10 more O'Neills.

Match the five Owens and the six Prebles, if you wish, with the 18 Ryans and the 10 O'Connors, but remember, too, that for the six listings under the name of Bruce, there are 10 O'Connells, including the best known one of all, William Cardinal O'Connell.

There are six Quincys, but 16 Quinns, a dozen Minots, but 21 McDonalds. Add to these four Macdonalds, six MacDonalds and 25 McLaughlins.

Only five listings of the name Fitz appear, but there are 13 Fitzgeralds, and three FitzGeraldss. For the 21 Bacoons, the six Eliots, the 12 Elliotts, the two Elliotts, the nine Brewsters and the nine Endicotts, there are 19 Lynches, 21 McCarthys, 14 Mahoneys, with two Mahonys, 22 Burkes and nine Caseys.

Smiths Lead With 151

In the Blue Book, which was released yesterday by the Sampson Murdock Company, with the 20,000 names of Boston's best society, the Smiths lead all other names, with 151 separate listings. Next in the numerical leadership come the Browns, with 107 listings,

the Williamses, 105, the Johnsons, 86, the Whites, 80, the Allens, 79, the Adamsses, 71, the Davises, 70, the Sullivans, 64, and the Jones, 62.

There is a noticeable diminution in the many prominent names. There are but five Stantons, 20 Winslows, 19 Putnams, 18 Osgoods, 21 Potters, 11 Prescotts, five Goodspeeds, and nine Simmonses. Since James Roosevelt, Jr., son of the President moved his residence to New York, there is not a single Roosevelt listed, but there are 19 Cushings.

Only Two Allens

Governor Curley is to be found among the seven Curleys, and his daughter is among the 10 Donnellyss. Mr. and Mrs. James Allan of 22 Emmonsdales road, West Roxbury, are the only Allans listed.

Only three Crowninshields are listed, and but 11 Drapers. Many other prominent families, however, retain their numerical strength. There are 22 Abbots, and six Abots, 27 Baileys, 18 Chaplins, 26 Coolidges, 24 Coxes, 37 Curtises, 28 Dexters, 27 Mitchels, and 19 Peabodys.

Only four Olivers remain, but there are 15 Pages, with nine Paiges, and 52 Richardsons. There are only three listings under Park, with six under Parkes, 10 under Parks and 61 under Parker.

The Fullers reach the strength of 34, the Gordons that of 32, the Kennedys 38, the Kings 36 and the Forbsses 32.

Only 19 Hubbards are listed, and six Huntingtons, with one Josselyn. There are 15 Lawrences, 35 Lees, 52 Jacksons, 55 Halls, 11 Hallowells, two Halladays, two Hallidays, 22 Nelsons and 27 Nichols.

869 of Country Club

The names are selected from the residential sections of Boston, Brookline, Cambridge, Milton and the Chestnut Hill section of Newton. Permanent residents of hotels and the members of the better clubs are included as well.

The better clubs were considered these: Algonquin Club, Apollo Club, Boston Art Club, Country Club, Engineer's Club, Longwood Cricket Club, St. Botolph Club, Somerset Club, Tavern Club, Tennis and Racquet Club, Twentieth Century Association and the Union Club. The Country Club had the biggest registration, the names of 869 members being listed.

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What Post Readers Say

Contributors to this column are urged to use brevity in their communications. Occasionally over-long letters are not used because of lack of space. Short letters—the shorter the better—are recommended.

COMMENDS CURLEY

To the Editor of the Post:

Sir—Governor Curley should be highly commended for the determined stand he has taken regarding the teachers' oath bill. Every veteran organization, every patriotic and civic organization, every red-blooded man and woman in fact, every red-blooded man and woman should band together and wage a relentless campaign against these radical and defiant teachers and professors, who are so angered and enraged at having their communistic activities come to the attention of the public that they have become openly defiant, as shown by the statement attributed to one Dr. J. Edgar Park in the Boston Post of Saturday, Dec. 7.

At a meeting of the New England Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, Dr. Park is quoted as having made this statement amongst others: "The adoption of a teachers' code is the only rational answer to the teachers' oath bill and will settle the issue as to whether it is the duty of a teacher to teach the truth, as he sees it, or to teach what the parties in power wished taught." Please do not laugh, fellow citizens, at this idiotic utterance of a highly educated and learned professor, but rather shed a tear for the sad condition into which our educational system has fallen, when a person offering this piece of advice is classified as president of an American college!

Just picture to yourself a group of teachers and professors, some who firmly believe in patriotism, some in bolshevism, some in communism, some religiously inclined and some atheists, all following the advice of this brilliant and learned professor, each teaching our children the truth as he or she saw it. What a mess their lives would be! Furthermore, what has his brilliant theory to do with the teachers' oath bill? Does he infer that if a teacher who believes in the oath to teach his belief, and the teacher who does not believe in the oath to teach his disbelief? He also made a grave error in his remark about "hysterical legislation." The teachers' oath bill was passed by a sober-minded body of men, who fully realized to what extent the epidemic of communism and defiance of authority has crept into our schools and colleges, and how slowly but surely the minds of our children are being poisoned by radicals who have found their way into these institutions.

So for the preservation of this great republic, let us band together and demand the enactment of a law that will drive from our schools and colleges these defiant teachers and professors who refuse to obey the laws of this Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and enact a law that will take from any school or college that harbors them or in any way attempts to defeat the purpose of the teachers' oath bill, their right to exemption from taxes on all taxable properties and any other considerations extended to seats of learning. A little lesson in payment of taxes on all taxable property might have the effect of teaching them that good citizenship and obedience of law applies to them as well as every other person or business within the confines of this State.

CAPTAIN JAMES P. MCGARRY.
U. S. Constitution (All Navy) Post
3339, V. F. W.

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WANT ELY TO GET OUT OF PARTY

"Support - Roosevelt"
League Resents At-
tacks on New Deal

A demand that former Governor Ely withdraw from the Democratic party because of his anti-New Deal views was issued last night by Boston officers of the "National Support Roosevelt League," headed by Leo D. Walsh of South Boston and Joseph L. Kaplan, who claimed credit for inspiring the American Bar Association to investigate the activities of the former Governor and other members of the lawyers committee of the American Liberty League.

"WHAT PARTY?" ELY ASKS

"What party do they want to ride me out of—the Socialist party?" queried former Governor Ely last night at his Westfield home. "What party do they belong to?" he asked, indicating that he would like to know exactly where they stand and what they are talking about before he considers their demands.

They declared that they had been in Washington seeking to get the Democratic national committee members to favor the selection of Boston as the site of the 1936 national convention.

They contended that the former Governor should quit the Democratic party as a counter proposal to the demand of Eugene T. Brady of Pittsfield that Governor Curley should quit the Senate fight and retire from politics at the expiration of his term. They said that Brady, a former Pittsfield bartender, was spokesman for former Governor Ely in making the attack upon Governor Curley.

Berkshire Club Disowns Brady

Young Democrats of the Berkshires yesterday repudiated Brady as former president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire County, claiming that the club had gone out of existence Jan. 1, 1933, and that Brady had fixed himself up with a job in the federal housing administration, leaving his followers to shift for themselves.

His one-time followers yesterday sent messages to Governor Curley praising his administration and expressing their resentment at the Washington attack by Brady.

Former Treasurer T. William Lewis, present North Adams City Councillor, in a telegram to the Governor yesterday, said: "The young Democrats of Berkshire county resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene T. Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretence of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges. Berkshire democracy condemns this attack as a puny attempt to receive notoriety."

From James P. McAndrews came this message to the Governor:

"Majority of young Democrats of Berkshire county resent most emphatically the utterances of Eugene Brady from Washington. He is no longer recognized as president by any member. Am writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and offer an apology to you. Best regards and good wishes."

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CITE DELAYS IN SIDEWALKS

Supporting Gov. Curley's recent charge that Arthur Rotch, State WPA administrator, is failing to give the state's sidewalk construction program proper consideration, the engineer's office of the department of public works yesterday released a detail deport of the lack of progress in sidewalk work in Berkshire and other counties.

In the towns of Cheshire, Chester and Lee the program has been stopped owing to alleged failure of the WPA to provide promised materials, the report said.

At Haverhill, it was reported that men have been wasting their time on the project for two weeks with no materials available yet.

From Brockton, also, came the report that the men are wasting their time, and that trucks "seem to appear and disappear."

At Wareham, it was reported that "five trucks disappeared two days ago and 63 men are wasting time."

Clarksburg, Becket, Hadley, Cummington, East Brookfield and Holden reported similar conditions prevailing.

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Cambridge, and Joseph Tosi, 11, of Cameron ave., Somerville.

CURLEY SEES F. R. PLAN IN VICTORY

Gov. Curley stated yesterday that there will be a "show down" between President Roosevelt's social security program and the Townsend Plan, in next year's election, and that the people would uphold the President's program.

Declaring that the administration's social security legislation was the greatest forward step in the history of the country, the governor said: "I believe the vast majority of the people will stand united behind this plan as against the Townsend or any other plan."

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has lived for the past 15 years.

POISON ERA FOOD PROBE

Federal officials yesterday ordered a check-up of ERA food, as a result of the poisoning of four persons in Canton, after eating canned beef furnished by the welfare department.

Last week four other persons in Jamaica Plain were made ill after eating ERA canned beef distributed by welfare officials in Stoughton.

Demand for a state investigation will be made of Governor Curley, Dr. Herbert R. Rice, town physician of Canton, announced yesterday.

George Dunn, head of the WPA commissary department at Park sq., sent Charles Cleary, of his office, to Canton, to conduct a thorough check-up of the entire shipment of beef.

The Canton persons made ill are Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Getchell, one of their four children, and a boarder, Thomas Parson, of Washington st. They were pronounced improved, following prompt medical aid.

(See Photo on Page 24)

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MATHER APOLOGY ON CURLEY CRITIC

In a letter, made public yesterday, which was signed by Pres.

Kirtley F. Mather, Harvard professor of Teachers' Oath fame, the Adult Educational Council of Greater Boston, apologized to Gov. Curley for a "very unpleasant reference to you" made by the toast-



Prof. Mather

Gov. Curley

master at the organization's banquet at the Copley Plaza, Tuesday night. The letter also expressed appreciation for the congratulatory telegram the governor sent the organization.

The assertion that "he was ashamed of his Massachusetts residence" because Gov. Curley was the Commonwealth's chief executive was made by Walter Pritchard Eaton, head of the Yale dramatic school and well known author and critic.

This was the remark for which the council apologized to the governor.

Eaton also urged the council to avoid seeking governmental aid because governments are "too stupid, too corrupt and too impossible."

Prof. Mather's letter follows:

"My Dear Governor Curley: I want to tell you how much we of the Adult Education Council appreciate your telegram of good wishes, which we received Monday evening. It is ever so good of you to keep in touch with such activities as ours.

"May I also express to you our deep regret for the unfortunate incident at the banquet last evening. The toastmaster, in whose good judgment we thought we had every reason to place complete confidence, injected into his remarks quite unnecessarily a very unpleasant reference to you. We are sorry that he did this. Please rest assured that he was speaking for himself alone, and was not presenting the opinion of the Adult Education Council."

STATE GETS \$120,000 FOR CAMP

The Commonwealth has received \$120,000 from the federal government as the first contribution toward the cost of the new National Guard camp at Bourne, Gov. Curley announced yesterday. He said road work would start next Wednesday, with 100 to 700 men employed.

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PLANES TO HELP ROGERS DAY TAG

Today is tag day for the Will Rogers memorial fund.

A squadron of airplanes flying over the city led by Lieutenant Commander Frank Hawks, U. S. N. R., and a close friend of Will Rogers, will feature the memorial exercises. Lieut. Hawks will fly from the airport about 2 p. m.

A concert by the ERA orchestra at the Parkman bandstand will be one of the afternoon features. It is expected that Gov. Curley will speak at the bandstand as Lieut. Hawks leads his squadron over the city.

In the evening at the Boston Garden, Lieut. Hawks will address an audience of approximately 10,000 wrestling fans. A collection will be taken up.

CURLEY TO BACK HOLYOKE HIGHWAY

Gov. Curley assured Mayor-elect William P. Yeorg of Holyoke yesterday that a branch office of the registry of motor vehicles would be established in Holyoke in the near future; also that he would support Yeorg in the latter's call for a four-lane highway between Holyoke and West Springfield.

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MORE BEDS FOR STATE INSTITUTIONS

Having been advised that the state is 18 per cent behind in the number of necessary beds in state institutions for the mentally ill, Gov. Curley indicated yesterday that he would ask the incoming Legislature for funds to construct additional buildings to house 4000 more such patients.

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ROOSEVELT LEAGUE DEMANDS ELY BE THROWN OUT OF PARTY

WORKS HARM TO PRESIDENT, SAY LEADERS

Withdrawal of former Gov. Joseph B. Ely from the Democratic party was demanded last night in New York by the "National Support Roosevelt League."

The demand was in nature of a response to one made in Washington by Eugene T. Brady of Massachusetts that Gov. Curley resign.

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Officers of the league, Leo D. Walsh, president, and Joseph L. Kaplan, general counsel, both of Boston, contended Brady was a spokesman for Ely. They said Ely should be read out of the party for his anti-Roosevelt views. Meanwhile Berkshire county Democrats, whom Brady claimed to represent, wired Gov. Curley, assuring him of their support and disowning Brady.

"He is no longer recognized as president by any members of Young Democrats of Berkshire County," telegraphed James P. McAndrews.

Councilman T. William Lewis of North Adams wired the governor:

"The Young Democrats of Berkshire County resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene T. Brady, as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were her charges. Berkshire Democracy condemns this attack as a puny attempt to receive notoriety."

ERA FOOD POISON VICTIMS

21



State Probe into poisoning of five in Canton from ERA contaminated food will be asked of Gov. Curley. Mrs. Theresa Getchell, Washington st., Can- ill, and Joan, three, on floor. Last week, four ill, and Joen, three, on floor. International

The Standard
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

No Place for Politics

Is the growing movement for highway safety to be bogged down in the morass of politics? If there was ever a project that should be free of any taint of self-seeking and political jobbery it is the humane effort to cut down deaths and suffering from avoidable accidents, of which the automobile has produced far more than its share.

Governor Curley of Massachusetts named a committee of state department heads, police officials and public spirited citizens this week to coordinate safety work and automobile law enforcement throughout the state. Promptly came an attack from a critic of the Curley regime, charging the governor with "inconsistency" in naming a body which would duplicate the work of the already established "governor's committee on street and highway safety."

Perhaps there is a duplication of effort, but the automobile death and injury toll in Massachusetts, though slightly reduced in the past few months, calls for still more effort. The judges and police officials named to the newest committee are welcome recruits to organized safety work, and they are the logical ones to produce the stricter, impartial law enforcement that is such an essential part of the campaign.

The mere fact that a Democratic governor named the committee should not tempt Republicans to scorn its possible effectiveness. Neither should the governor's apparent fondness for the state insurance fund idea bar the wholehearted cooperation of insurance men.

What politics can do to the safety movement is shockingly illustrated in a news despatch from Providence, a city noted almost as much for its highway safety record as for its successful fire prevention work. As part of the clean sweep made by Rhode Island's new administration a year ago, George

R. Wellington, inflexible ruler of the state's roads, was deposed. The old board of public safety which ran the Providence police department on a "no fix" basis was discarded — and with it the "no-fix" system, according to the report.

Now observers see the Rhode Island safety system as crumbling on its foundations. Wholesale discharges of experienced employees in the state roads department and the substitution of politically appointed tyros would be sure to weaken its effectiveness, even if the political appointees could forget how they got and hope to keep their jobs. Rhode Island's safety records are about the same this year as last, the alarmed critics admit, but they credit this to the momentum from the old efficient system of law enforcement. With the driving force gone, it is feared that Rhode Island's safety system may become completely wrecked as drivers learn how much they can get away with.

The Standard
Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Governor Curley Will Call for State Fund

Only Way to Provide W. C. for Aging Workers, He Argues

A state workmen's compensation insurance fund in Massachusetts for all workers over 45 years old, which would open the door for other state insurance funds in Massachusetts, was openly advocated by Governor James M. Curley this week.

Discussing the insurance of workers in industry in a radio address, the governor insisted that a method should be devised to cover them and to make it possible for them to secure and hold employment despite their advancing years. A state fund, he declared, would eliminate any tendency to discriminate against workers over 45.

The governor promised that he would include a recommendation for such a state fund in his annual message to the legislature this next month. In his inaugural address last January he declared himself in favor of a state compensation fund, but he did not actively support the state fund bill introduced by labor interests during the legislative session.

The time has come, Governor Curley said, to eliminate the tendency of industry to drive out aging workers in favor of younger ones whom they can employ at lower wages, under the claim, true or false, that they can no longer continue to keep the older employees on their payrolls because the insurance companies writing workmen's compensation insurance refuse to write their policies, considering them as poor risks.

Many methods have been considered in trying to meet this situation, said the governor, declaring that in his opinion the only solution is the establishment of a state fund.

There are thousands of people over 45 years of age, the governor continued, who are apparently perfectly capable of continuing in employment for many years to come, but who are forced to give up their jobs. Employers unable to obtain insurance naturally take the only course open to them, according to the governor. They discharge the employee rather than assume the risks of self-insurance under the workmen's compensation act, he said.

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The Standard
Boston, Mass.

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Governor Launches New Anti-Accident Campaign

**Bowker, Curley Critic, Says New
Committee Duplicates Work
of Old**

A committee of public officials "to devise every means of effecting a more substantial decrease in fatalities and injuries that result from reckless driving while under the influence of liquor" was appointed by Governor James M. Curlew of Massachusetts this week. Registrar of Motor Vehicles Frank A. Goodwin is chairman, and Insurance Commissioner Francis J. DeCelles is a member.

The committee also includes Manager Lewis E. MacBrayne of the Massachusetts Safety Council, several heads of state departments and the chiefs of police of all cities having 100,000 population.

Commenting on Registrar Goodwin's report that automobile deaths decreased by 133 and injuries by 4,731 in the fiscal year ending November 30, the governor said:

"The noteworthy part of this report is the large decrease in the months of September, October and November. I am informed that this was brought about by means of an intensive drive on inspection of equipment, particularly brakes, during these months.

788 Deaths in '35

"While we must show some gratifica-

At Your Own Risk

If a buffalo butts you in Roger Williams Park in Providence, it's just too bad, for the city is acting in a governmental capacity in providing the beasts for you to look at, Judge Mortimer A. Sullivan ruled in Providence superior court last week, denying the \$50,000 suit of Mrs. Ella Scully and her husband's \$1,500 suit. A buffalo in the park broke down a fence and butted her in the chest one day in July, 1934, Mrs. Scully claimed.

tion at this reduction in deaths and injuries, the people of this great commonwealth should not allow a condition to exist which resulted in the deaths of 788 and the maiming of 48,324 during the past year. This means an average of 15 deaths and 930 injuries every week.

"As demonstrated, if 93 lives can be saved during three months by a vigorous campaign of checking brakes, I believe that many more lives can be saved if we have a campaign of education, accompanied by stricter enforcement."

After naming the committee, the governor continued:

"This commission will meet and formulate plans for an extensive campaign, and I shall designate the month of March, 1936, to demonstrate that, with

the complete coordination of all agencies and sufficient and adequate personnel, we may save 40 lives a month and upward of 2,000 injuries a month in Massachusetts."

Bowker's Criticism

The governor's announcement brought a quick response from Representative Philip G. Bowker of Brookline, persistent critic of Curley policies, who charged that the committee would duplicate the work of the "governor's committee on street and highway safety, which up to this year had been supported partly by the state and partly by insurance companies.

"Last year His Excellency eliminated from the budget an appropriation to match insurance company funds to carry on the work of the governor's committee on street and highway safety," declared the Brookline representative.

"This committee, supported equally by the insurance companies and the commonwealth, had in its executive secretary, Lloyd A. Blanchard, a recognized safety expert, who by dint of hard work achieved excellent results. This committee's continuous checkup on conditions, its periodic safety tag drives and its special traffic surveys for municipalities, had proved of distinct value to the commonwealth.

"Now an advisory committee is set up to do practically the same work but without the advantages of the accumulated knowledge and experience of the prior organization."

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TRANSCRIPT

Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Will Rogers Drive Forced Indoors

Owing to the bad weather, the exercises scheduled to be conducted at the Parkman Bandstand on Boston Common in connection with the drive for funds for the Will Rogers memorial convened in the Gardner Auditorium, State House, at 2.30 P. M. Governor Curley addressed the gathering.

Boston Mass.

TRANSCRIPT

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TRANSCRIPT, SATURDAY, 1

Letters to . . . the Editor

THE VALUE OF AN OATH

To the Editor of the Transcript:

Why all this furor about the Teacher's Oath? Our President solemnly swore to uphold the Constitution of the United States. Our governor the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. And what?

Milton, Dec. 13,

A. G. MASON

Press Clipping Service
2 Park Square

Boston Mass.

TRANSCRIPT

Boston, Mass.

DEC 14 1935

Sues Dolan to Repay \$250,000 Bond Profit

Mayor Files Bill Against Ex-Treasurer

Names Six Others Charged
with Part in Transactions
During Curley Regime

'Fraudulent Scheme' Laid to Respondent

Formation of Securities Con-
cern Cited—Foley, Farnum
Also Sign Petition



Edmund L. Dolan

Charging that profits of more than \$250,000 were illegally made by Edmund L. Dolan, former city treasurer and six other defendants, at the expense of the city of Boston in bond transactions involving millions of dollars, Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield filed a suit in the Supreme Judicial Court today asking that Dolan and his associates be forced to disclose all of their profit and transactions and make good to the city.

The suit was filed at nine o'clock quite unexpectedly by Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley and his special assistant, George R. Farnum. It was Farnum who made a lengthy investigation of the alleged operations of the Legal Securities Corporation for the Finance Commission, over which no court action resulted. A few weeks after his discharge by the commission, Mayor Mansfield employed him to complete the investigation and determine whether court action should result, as Farnum had recommended.

According to the bill, a lengthy document, the "scheme" alleged was the formation of a corporation by means of which, it is charged, "large, secret and illicit gains and profits" were made by Mr. Dolan and others by the purchase of bonds and their resale to the city "at largely enhanced prices."

Named with Dolan in the bill are J. Walter Quinn, close friend of Dolan, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

All of these defendants are said to be officials or employees of the Legal Securities Corporation or John F. Dever & Company, which are alleged to have handled Boston bond transactions during Dolan's term as city treasurer under the administration of Mayor James M. Curley. It is alleged that the Legal Securities Corporation was a dummy corporation dominated by Dolan.

The allegations are made under fifteen specifications, in which it is charged that the respondent, Dolan, on or about the early part of October, 1929, in anticipation of the election of James M. Curley as mayor and on the assurance or in the expectation that in such an event he would be appointed city treasurer, conceived and concocted the fraudulent scheme hereinafter described. The scheme, according to the bill, con-

templated as the first step the organization of an independent corporation for the purpose of dealing in stocks and bonds, but which would actually be a corporation in which the defendant, Dolan, would own the entire interest and over whose administration and business he would at all times retain and exercise a complete control."

Said scheme, according to the bill, consummated the making of "large, secret, illicit gains."

It is asserted in the bill that Dolan, prior to 1930, had engaged in general stock and brokerage business under E. L. Dolan Company, 60 Congress street, said business being continued while he served as city treasurer; that "in the consummation of the fraudulent and corrupt scheme hereafter set forth, he utilized at all times, so far as practicable, the facilities and resources of said private brokerage business and enlisted the services of its employees."

It is charged that the corporation formed by Dolan was conceived as one "in which the defendant would own the entire interest and over whose administrative and business he would at all times retain and exercise a complete control," that in order to conceal this ownership and interest of Dolan in said corporation and said control over its affairs, said scheme "further involved the selection of straw or dummy incorporators and the selection of straw or dummy directors and officers and the issue of the certificates for all the outstanding capital stock in straw or dummy names, all at the procurement of the defendant Dolan."

According to the allegations, the scheme further contemplated the sale to the city of Boston for the sinking funds and other city funds and trusts, through said concern, a large and preponderating amount of the bonds which would be purchased from time to time for investment, and for effective operation the scheme contemplated the "exercise by said defendant Dolan at all times

of his official and personal influence with and over the managers of various funds and trusts held by the city so as to enable him to control the purchase and sale of said bonds and thereby effect the same through said corporation."

Sold at "Largely Enhanced Price"

Moreover, the scheme, according to the bill, involve in its complete consummation the making of large, secret illicit gains and profits by said defendant Dolan for himself and such others as might combine and associate with him in said bond transactions, in the form of commissions, through the device of purchasing the bonds at one price and reselling to the city at a largely enhanced price, and through the device of buying bonds for the portfolios of said funds and trusts at one price and resell them at a largely enhanced price.

Pursuant to the above fraudulent and corrupt scheme and for the purpose of putting the same into effective operation, the defendant Edmund L. Dolan, on or about October, 1929, says the complaint, "enlisted the co-operation of Edward Donovan, an attorney; Winifred A. White, a clerk in the employ of one who occupied an office intercommunicating with those occupied by said Dolan as E. L. Dolan Company, and Edward J. Supple, then an employee of E. L. Dolan Company."

Said Donovan prepared, and he and said White and Supple signed and executed as incorporators, the papers and documents required under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to be presented to the commissioner of corporations and taxation, for a charter of incorporation."

Says Stock Issued to "Dummies"

Pursuant to the directions of said defendant Dolan, said Supple was elected president and director and appointed general manager; said White, clerk, treasurer and director; and said Donovan, director. Thereafter the said papers were

Continued

so presented and a charter of incorporation was issued to said Donovan, White and Supple under the name of the Legal Securities Corporation, with an authorized capital stock of 100 shares of common stock of no par value, for the stated purpose of prosecuting a general stock brokerage business."

It is charged that pursuant to the further directions of Mr. Dolan, Donovan, White and Supple, as directors, voted to issue the entire authorized capital stock for \$25,000 in cash. Of that amount, Dolan furnished \$5000 and arranged for a loan for the balance at the Federal National Bank on individual notes for \$10,000 each, one signed by Supple and the other by White, it being agreed by Dolan that said notes should be taken up, as they were ultimately, from the proceeds of the business of the corporation. It is contended that certificates representing said stock were issued to Supple, White and Donovan as "straws" or "dummies" for Dolan, and that, "as long as the same stood in their names, were always held by each of them as straws or dummies."

The bill alleges that Dolan, in furtherance of said fraudulent purpose, established the business offices of said Legal Securities Corporation in certain rooms of the suite occupied and used in its business by E. L. Dolan Company at 60 Congress street, Boston, and transferred certain employees from E. L. Dolan Company to the Legal Securities Corporation and otherwise directed and supervised the preparation for the actual transaction of business by the latter. There was maintained at all times complete intercommunication between the office of said E. L. Dolan Company and said Legal Securities Corporation and a close and working association between their respective officers and employees, it is charged.

In further pursuance of the aforesaid fraudulent and corrupt scheme, on Jan. 3, 1930, the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, it is charged, caused application to be made by and on behalf of said Legal Securities Corporation to the Department of Public Utilities of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for a license to transact business as a broker, and on Jan. 22, 1930, the same was granted and a license duly issued. Thereafter, and until its dissolution in the early part of 1934, both under its original name and the same was changed in 1933 to R. L. Emerson & Co., Inc., said corporation was actively engaged, it is asserted, in the stock and bond business, though at all times the greater portion and preponderance thereof consisted in its bond transactions with the city of Boston as hereinafter set forth. At all times its business was primarily directed and its operations principally conducted, says the bill, under the actual but secret control of the defendant Dolan. In furtherance of the purposes and objects of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme and in effective consummation thereof.

Resignation of Supple

"Early in 1933," said Edwin J. Supple, who had held the offices as president and director of the Legal Securities Corporation continuously since his original election thereto, resigned therefrom, and in his place the defendant Edmund L. Dolan selected for and caused to be elected to said offices the defendant J. Walter Quinn, then an employee of E. L. Dolan Company. Late in 1932 said Winifred A. White resigned as treasurer, clerk and director and said Edward Donovan resigned as director. On the procurement of said defendant Dolan, the defendant Harold B. Simpson, an employee of E. L. Dolan Company, was elected treasurer and director to succeed said White in said offices, and John J. McInnis, an attorney who had had previous professional relations with said defendant Dolan, was elected clerk to replace said White and director to replace said Donovan. The stock originally standing in the name of said Supple, White and Donovan was transferred, by arrange-

ment of the defendant Dolan, to the defendant Quinn and said McInnis as substitute straw or dummy holders thereof.

"In 1933 the defendant Dolan procured the services for the Legal Securities Corporation of the defendant Robert L. Emerson, a stock and bond salesman, and caused the defendant Quinn to resign as president and said McInnis as director of the corporation and said defendant Emerson to be elected to said offices in their stead. He also caused to be elected as a fourth director of said corporation George S. Clarkson, since deceased, an accountant, who had been engaged at times by said defendant Dolan to audit the books of the city of Boston, of E. L. Dolan Company and of the Legal Securities Corporation.

"At or about the time of the affiliation of said defendant Emerson and said Clarkson, said defendant Dolan caused certain of the shares of stock of the corporation standing in the name of the defendant Quinn to be transferred to the defendant Emerson and said Clarkson as straw or dummy holders for said defendant Dolan.

"In June, 1933, because of rumors in reference to the real parties in interest in the Legal Securities Corporation and to avoid detection of the fraud that was being perpetrated on the city, said defendant Dolan caused the name of Legal Securities Corporation to be changed to R. L. Emerson & Co., Inc., and its offices to be moved from 60 Congress street, Boston, where it maintained offices contiguous to and intercommunicating with those of E. L. Dolan Company to 15 Federal street in said Boston."

The tenth allegation is to the effect that Dolan called on others to assist him in carrying out the scheme, and that among the associates was Frederick J. Reardon, at one time sales manager of E. L. Dolan & Co., and later a salesman for the Legal Securities Corporation; Quinn, Simpson, Costello, Emerson and Dever.

Dolan's "Influence" Cited

Other allegations say in part: "Said defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, through and by reason of the prestige that he enjoyed and the power and influence which he possessed as an intimate associate and friend of the then mayor James M. Curley, and as treasurer of the city, of the board of sinking fund commissioners, and of the retirement board, as well as by reason of his membership on or connection with said boards and other boards and agencies governing the other funds and trusts hereinbefore referred to, and by reason of the confidence placed in his supposed integrity and assumed disinterestedness, and of his believed loyalty to the city and the public interests, and by reason of the deference paid to his judgment in financial matters in general and his familiarity with security values and the bond market in particular, did at all times herein set forth enjoy and exercise a persuasive and, in fact, decisive and controlling influence over his associates and colleagues on said boards and in said agencies.

"As a result, he was able to and did largely control at all times the investment and management of such municipal and trust funds of the city as were managed by said board and agencies, and at all times exercised said influence and exerted said power in furtherance of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme.

"In furtherance of the aforesaid fraudulent and corrupt scheme and in violation of his various official and fiduciary duties and in betrayal of his trust and the interests of the city, and in abuse of his various and sundry discretions in the premises, in the investment of the funds in his control or in the control of said municipal boards and agencies, the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, purchased for or caused to be purchased by the city of Boston on divers occasions during the years 1930 to 1933 inclusive, a large amount of bonds from the Legal Securities Corporation and from John F. Dever

& Co., acting ostensibly as an independent principal but actually acting for the Legal Securities Corporation as undisclosed principal. During said period, of an aggregate amount expended by the city in the investment of said municipal and trust funds of the city in the purchase of bonds, exclusive of transactions between city departments and agencies, of \$9,759,179.68, \$7,223,382.89 were paid to the Legal Securities Corporation and John F. Dever & Co. In like manner and during the same period the defendant, Dolan, sold for or caused to be sold by the city, bonds from the investment portfolios of said municipal or trust funds to the Legal Securities Corporation and John F. Dever & Co. of approximately \$1,300,000 out of total sales from said portfolios of approximately \$3,300,000."

Would Include Other Participants

City Seeks Right to Bring Un- named Additional Persons Into Litigation

The prayer of the plaintiff, in Mayor Mansfield's action against former city treasurer Dolan is as follows:

1.—That the defendant Edmund L. Dolan be ordered to make full and true discovery and disclosure of all the gains, profits and benefits received by him, either directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston, described in this bill.

2.—That the defendant Edmund L. Dolan be ordered to render a true and complete accounting of all the gains, profits and benefits received by him, directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston described in this bill.

3.—That it be ordered, adjudged and decreed that the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, obtained all said gains, profits and benefits, illegally and in breach of his official and fiduciary duties to the plaintiff city of Boston, and that said defendant Dolan pay over to the said plaintiff city of Boston the amount of said gains, profits and benefits with interest thereon, from the respective dates of such gains, profits and benefits.

4.—That the defendants Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Lawrence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and John F. Dever, and each of them, be ordered to make full and true discovery and disclosure of all the gains, profits and benefits received by them and each of them, either directly or indirectly, from and in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston, referred to in this bill, whether in the form of salaries, commissions, bonuses, dividends, distributive shares or otherwise.

5.—That the defendants Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Lawrence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson, and John F. Dever, and each of them be ordered to render a true and complete accounting of all the gains profits and benefits, received by them, and each of them either directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston, referred to in this bill, whether in the form of salaries, commissions, bonuses, dividends, distributive shares or otherwise.

6.—That it be ordered, adjudged and decreed that the defendants Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Lawrence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson, and John F. Dever, and each of them, obtained all such gains, profits and benefits received by them, and each of them, illegally and to the use and benefit of the plaintiff city of Boston, and that said defendants and each of them pay over to said plaintiff city of Boston.

Continued

the amount of said gains, profits and benefits with interest thereon, from the respective dates of such gains, profits and benefits.

7.—That whenever other and additional persons within the jurisdiction of said court shall become known as having participated in the fraudulent and corrupt scheme set forth in this bill, or as having participated with knowledge in the gains and profits derived therefrom the plaintiff may be allowed to make them parties hereto, by suitable amendment, and apt allegations and prayers.

8.—That the plaintiff be granted such other and further relief as the nature of this case and justice and equity may require and to the Court may seem meet and appropriate.

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WPA WORKERS' STRIKE LOOMS

Unpaid, Is Complaint—
State Officials As-
sail Rotch

A threatened strike among unpaid WPA workers throughout the state yesterday complicated the continuance of the controversy between officials of the state public works department, backed by Gov. Curley, and Arthur J. Rotch, state WPA administrator.

Bitter statements about WPA trucks which "seem to appear and disappear" and a detailed account of how projects in Cheshire, Chester and Lenox allegedly had been abandoned because of the WPA's failure to provide promised materials formed the basis of the attack on Rotch emanating from the State House.

The statements were prepared by William F. Callahan, public works commissioner, and George A. Curtis, state engineer, and were issued by the Governor.

Rotch explained last night that the Berkshire county projects had not been abandoned, that the Chester project was opened again yesterday, and that work on the Lenox project would start again Monday.

TROUBLE ELSEWHERE

At the same time trouble loomed in Lynn, Cambridge, and other sections of the state where WPA workers have been unpaid for three weeks. In Lynn about 1200 workers stormed the City Hall and were given food orders by the welfare department, and in Cambridge, 900 WPA workers were placed on relief.

As 240 WPA workers, in Quincy were threatening to strike unless delayed pay checks were received yesterday, paymasters arrived from Boston with \$3000, which was immediately distributed.

The checks were due 10 days ago, and delays led to such heavy drains on the Quincy welfare department that Mayor Burgin was forced to appeal to WPA officials in Boston.

The Governor was busy planning new projects. He sent Rotch a report on a WPA project to provide employment for 2700 at the Boston state hospital and enclosed with it the statement that if the work could be started promptly, he would be willing to submit the \$679,041 project to the council Wednesday for approval.

In another statement he indicated that he would ask the incoming Legislature to provide funds for the construction of additional buildings to house 4000 more persons in the department of mental diseases.

The Governor announced that the commonwealth had received \$120,000 from the federal government as the first contribution toward the cost of constructing a new national guard camp at Bourne. Road work for this will start Wednesday, he said, and between 100 and 700 men will be employed.

WHY HE RELEASED REPORTS

Gov. Curley said he had released the Callahan and Curtis reports in order to substantiate his recent charges that the federal government will not co-operate with the state in speeding the sidewalk and highway projects.

The commissioner's report was interspersed with such remarks as "conditions very poor" and "no work being done."

In Brockton, he said, 26 men are employed. "Trucks seem to appear and disappear. No trucks on the job for the past two days." In Wareham, "Had five trucks which disappeared two days ago, and the 63 men are wasting time along the side of the road."

His comment on Becket was equally pithy. "WPA asks our engineer to start a project here with three men, one foreman, one timekeeper. Emphatically no!"

"Men are trying to give the appearance of working," he commented on Hadley. "Project should be shut down, no trucks, no material." Of the Cummington project he declared, "Conditions very bad. Twenty men with an occasional truck once in a while."

HOSPITAL PROJECT

The Boston state hospital project was chosen by the Governor to satisfy the needs of the Boston unemployed, for whom, it was previously stated, no more work could be furnished. The project will give 2700 men work for four months and 600 men an additional two months.

Of the total cost, the federal government is to furnish \$651,050, and the state is to pay \$27,991. The government will furnish all labor except the general superintendence, and the materials and the tools, machinery and materials will be supplied by the state.

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BOSTON SEEKS SEA AIR PORT

Hub Logical Terminus
for Atlantic
Flights

Visions of Boston as the leading port on the Atlantic coast were bright today as the result of plans to make the East Boston airport the terminus for the first regular transatlantic air service, which is expected to be inaugurated about 1937.

Leaders in the project and officials have agreed that this is the logical port from the standpoint of location and facilities. Thus, today, Boston has high hopes of winning back the prestige and leadership in transportation that it held in the days of the old Yankee clipper ships, when this was the busiest port in the country.

While Boston is conceded to be the logical port, it was pointed out that her case must be pressed tirelessly if the dream is to become a reality. The drive, however, has already been started by Gov. Curley, Mayor Mansfield, the chamber of commerce and civic organizations.

Gov. Curley sent his demand for consideration to R. Walton Moore, assistant secretary of state, who presided during conferences concerning the transatlantic project which were attended by representatives of the American, British, Canadian and Irish governments.

The plans for transatlantic air service have progressed so far that it is contemplated that experimental flights will begin early next summer.

The regular schedule, it is planned, would begin in the summer of 1937. It would provide for four round trips a week with two routes operating, the northern route by way of Canada, Newfoundland and the Irish Free State to England, and the southern route to England by way of Bermuda.

It is expected, of course, that the air service, with improvements in planes being made continually, will eventually grow to huge proportions and perhaps eventually become the principal means of transportation with Boston as the principal port of the country.

Many things favor Boston's selection for the inauguration of this service, it was pointed out, principally the fact that it is the nearest big port to England and Europe and directly on the northern route so closely followed on flights from this country and the splendid facilities at the East Boston airport. This port is an ideal location for a terminus and even now needs but little improvement for the inauguration of the service.

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NAMED IN CITY SUIT



EDMUND L. DOLAN

SUBPOENAS RETURNABLE JAN. 6

The city of Boston action is made returnable on subpoenas the first Monday in January. No order of notice has been issued by the court. It has not been shown to the court and the court has not been asked to issue any.

The clerk simply issued subpoenas as against all the defendants named. The subpoenas have been turned over to the sheriff's office but it appeared unlikely that they would be served today. There are 14 days allowed by law to make service.

LIFE SKETCHES OF DEFENDANTS

Dolan Curley Protege Since His First Term as Mayor

The following are thumbnail sketches of defendants in the sensational suit filed by the city today:

Edmund L. Dolan, broker and former city treasurer, now lives at 380 Jamaica way. He was born in

Dorchester 43 years ago, son of John Dolan, well-known provisions dealer. "Ned" Dolan's grandmother and "Jim" Curley's mother were old friends and went to the same church when they were neighbors in the South end. Curley, when he was elected mayor of Boston in 1914, made young Dolan his secretary. Dolan was then only 21. During Curley's second term as mayor, Dolan was made a member of the singing funds commission. In 1922 he was named city collector. In 1930 he was named city treasurer.

J. Walter Quinn is a close friend of Dolan. When there was a change in officers of the Legal Securities Corporation in 1933 Quinn, who had been a salesman, became president.

Harold B. Simpson, 352 Arborway, Jamaica Plain, replaced Winifred A. White of Somerville, an original incorporator of the securities corporation, as secretary and director in the 1933 reorganization.

John F. Dever, 56 Mt. Pleasant avenue, Roxbury, is head of the John F. Dever Company, brokers. In his long report on the investigation into the transactions of Dolan, George R. Farnum, special counsel, charged that bonds were bought by the Dever company and sold to the city through the Legal Securities Corporation within 24 hours at a considerable advance in price.

R. L. Emerson of Brookline is an accountant. In 1933 Emerson was taken into the Legal Securities Corporation because of a series of graphs and charts he had worked out. He succeeded Quinn as president.

Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge was sales manager for the E. L. Dolan Company until 1933, when he was transferred to the Legal Securities Company as salesman.

Lawrence Costello of Dorchester is an employe of the state utilities department.

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STATE JOB FOR 'TOM' CURLEY

Governor to Appoint Erstwhile Foe and Friend

Ex-Senator Thomas F. Curley of Roxbury, real estate and insurance man, and one of the old-timers in Roxbury politics, who has been at various times one of Gov. Curley's arch enemies and at other times one of his warmest friends, will shortly be appointed to a state position, it was reported today.

The history of the two Curleys—they are not related—would fill several volumes. Friend or foe, they had their fights and their mutual successes. In the days when Gov. Curley was battling up the political path, "Tom" was always on hand to extend a helping hand or to put a banana peel under "Jim's" feet.

Now, after a lifetime of fighting and reconciliations, Gov. Curley is preparing to give "Tom" a state position. The appointment will be of definite interest to old-timers, for "Tom" belonged to the same group of which Court Clerk Teddy Glynn was a member.

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OFFICIALS AT McGLUE RITES



Gov. Curley and Lt.-Gov. Hurley leaving the Cathedral of the Holy Cross after attending the funeral mass for Mrs. Genevieve McGlue, wife of the former Democratic state committee chairman. At the Governor's left is Brig.-Gen. William I. Rose, adjutant general. Behind him is his military aide, Maj. Joseph Timilty, and in the rear Chairman Thomas H. Green of the civil service commission.

SERVICE IS HELD FOR MRS. M'GLUE

Gov. Curley Heads Dignitaries at Cathedral

Funeral services for Mrs. Genevieve McGlue, wife of Charles H. McGlue, former chairman of the Democratic state committee and present ballot law commissioner, were held in the Cathedral of the Holy Cross, South End, at 10 o'clock today. The solemn high mass was held in the church after prayers at her late home, 9 Marlboro street.

The Rev. Henry O'Connor was celebrant of the mass. He was assisted by the Rev. William Foley as deacon and the Rev. James Hennessey as sub deacon. The choir was directed by the organist, Prof. Philip Ferraro.

Many state and city dignitaries, headed by Gov. Curley, attended the funeral. The Governor was accompanied by Adj.-Gen. William I. Rose and Maj. Joseph Timilty.

The bearers were John J. Curley, former city treasurer; Joseph McGrath, chairman of the Democratic state committee; U. S. Marshal John J. Murphy, Congressman William P. Connery of Lynn, Edmund A. Barry of Lynn, Raymond B. Kennedy of Lynn, Leo B. Connolly of Belmont and Herbert H. Lyons.

Burial was in Calvary cemetery.

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BRADY BLAST IS DISCREDITED

Berkshire Democrats Resent His Attack on Curley

PITTSFIELD, Dec. 14 (AP)—Eugene T. Brady's political blast at Gov. James M. Curley today brought several Berkshire county Democrats to the Governor's defence.

ASKS CURLEY WITHDRAW

Brady, who described himself as president of the Young Democratic Club of Berkshire county, called on Curley to "withdraw" from politics and scoffed at his U. S. senatorial ambitions in a statement from Washington Thursday night.

A former Pittsfield bartender, he is employed in a federal bureau in Washington.

T. William Lewis, city councilman and former treasurer of the young Democrats, wired the Governor:

"The Young Democrats of Berkshire county resent and publicly discredit the vicious remarks of one Eugene Brady as uttered against your stewardship. Brady's pretense of being president of the organization is as false as were his charges."

A telegram signed by James P. McAndrews voiced a similar resentment at Brady's remarks and said:

"He is no longer recognized as president. I am writing him today and telling him to mind his own business and offer an apology to you."

The club has not been in existence actively, Pittsfield politicians said, since Jan. 1, 1933.

The Governor on Thursday night said he did not know Brady.

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New Bus Terminal Open Sunday for Inspection

The much heralded opening of the Greyhound-Gray Line Motor Coach terminal at Park square and 222 Boyston street, will take place tonight with many specially invited guests in attendance. This motor coach transportation center has been under construction for the past three months with mechanics, artisans and workmen of every type toiling faithfully day and night in order that the building may open as per schedule.

This original idea of a very modern and up-to-date terminal for motor coach transportation was planned and built under the direction of A. S. Caplan, who is managing director of the General Terminal and Transportation Co.

PARK SQUARE CENTER

Park square, where the main entrance is located, has been long identified as a transportation center. Even back in the days of the Boston-Providence Lines which started from Park square, this district was the center for various methods of travel. Therefore, when Mr. Caplan decided to build this wonderful terminal, he was following in the footsteps of Boston tradition.

The exterior of the terminal is finished in the predominant colors of the Greyhound Company, blue and silver. The entire front of the building is faced with an outside sealing of blue porcelain heavily piped with chromium nickel. The doors and fixtures have been fitted with chromium nickel hardware. In the interior this color scheme has been set off with a few added shades to sharpen the background. On either side of the highly studded waiting room are maps of the United States showing the various routes and cities visited by the Greyhound Lines.

In the balcony on the Park square side are the Greyhound executive offices and the switchboard. In the back of the building are the executive offices of the Gray Line and the General Terminal. Off the main lobby is the ladies' lounge which is the last word in modern equipment.

Above the ladies' lounge is an up to date beauty parlor. In the rear of the building the Union News Company has installed a counter service where light lunches may be

secured at all times. Downstairs is a gentlemen's rest room, barber shop, lockers and shower baths.

This is one of the outstanding features of this new terminal. A person coming to Boston from out of town for an evening's entertainment, banquet or theatre can step off the bus at the terminal, take a shower, have attention from the barber shop or beauty parlor, change and check clothes and then after the affair is over can go to the terminal, redress and take a bus home.

HOSPITAL CLINIC

Other innovations are a hospital clinic with first aid service and a room for the care of children with a nurse in constant attendance. A well known physician, Dr. Edward Kaplan, will be the medical adviser.

In the main lobby will be small shops of various kinds, including a

hat and gown shop and a store devoted to men's haberdashery. In other words, a traveler arriving at this motor coach terminal will find a small city under one roof. From this terminal may be secured transportation to any point on the continent. Nothing has been overlooked which would add to the convenience and comfort of the traveling public.

The grand opening tonight will be attended by the dignitaries of the state and city with his excellency, Gov. James M. Curley and staff as guests of honor. Mayor and Mrs. Mansfield will also be present and a representation of ecclesiastical dignitaries Sunday afternoon, when this terminal will be open for public inspection, a well known boys' band from a charitable institution in Boston will furnish the entertainment. Special travel literature and souvenir toys for all children accompanied by their parents will be distributed throughout the afternoon.

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ANNUAL APPEAL TO BE BROADCAST

Many Prominent Persons on
Air from WNAC Tonight

Gov. James M. Curley, Bayard Tuckerman, noted North Shore sportsman; the Rev. Fr. Michael Ahearn, well-known and popular Jesuit priest; Mary Young, famous actress, and Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Cole, senior surviving officer of the overseas Yankee Division, will take the air tonight, beginning at 9:30, to add their voices to the annual appeal of the disabled veterans Christmas remembrance committee. The organization hopes this year to provide the upward of 4000 Massachusetts men confined to government hospitals in this state with a stocking containing a few inexpensive gifts from the people of Massachusetts on Christmas morning.

Taking part also in this most unusual program will be Ives' band and a number of leading radio stars. Roy Harlow will be master of ceremonies.

Annually for years stations WNAC, WBZ and WEEI have staged similar programs for the disabled veterans Christmas remembrance committee. WBZ will stage its program Dec. 22, at 10 o'clock; and WEEI tomorrow afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock.

The disabled veterans Christmas remembrance committee represents in this work the American Legion, American Legion auxiliary, American Red Cross, American Women's Overseas League, Army and Navy Service Committee, Inc.; Disabled American Veterans, World War, Disabled Veterans Hospital Service, Inc.; Knights of Columbus, Military Order of the World War; Service Star Legion, Inc.; Veterans of Foreign Wars, Veterans of Foreign Wars auxiliary, Women's Overseas Service League and Yankee Division auxiliary.

The committee, which is headed by Mrs. Robert Lincoln O'Brien, chairman of participating organizations, and Mayor Sinclair Weeks, chairman of the general committee, has a noted record of achievement.

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SUMMARY OF CITY'S SUIT AGAINST DOLAN IN BIG BOND CASE

The following is a summary of the allegations against Edmund L. Dolan and other defendants, made by the city of Boston in its bill of equity today:

THE SUMMARY

That he established an office at 60 Congress street, known as the E. L. Dolan Company.

That he used his private brokerage office for corrupt schemes.

That, early in October, 1929, anticipating the election of James M. Curley as mayor and anticipating his appointment as treasurer of the city of Boston in the event of the election of Curley as mayor of the city, the defendant conceived and concocted the fraudulent and corrupt scheme hereinafter described. The bill of complaint then lists further charges against Dolan, including these:

That he formed an independent corporation and through dummy and straw directors "made large secret and illicit gains and profits through the purchase of bonds at one price and reselling them at a largely enhanced price."

Referring to the organization of the Dolan company the bill of complaint, calling it a scheme, said the

scheme "further involved the selection of straw and dummy incorporators and the selection of straw and dummy directors and officers and the issuance of the certificates for all the outstanding capital stock in straw or dummy names, all at the procurement of defendant, Dolan.

"That the scheme further contemplated the sale to the City of Boston from the sinking funds and other city funds and trusts by the defendant Dolan through said co-operate go-betweens, a large and preponderating amount of bonds purchased from time to time for the investment of monies of said funds and trusts available therefor as well as the purchase of bonds from the portfolios of said funds and trusts. For its effective operation said scheme further contemplated the exercise by said defendant Dolan at all times

of his official and personal influence with and over the managers of various funds and trusts held by the city so as to enable him to control the purchase and sale of said bonds and thereby effect the same through said corporation (the Legal Securities Corporation, of which Dolan was allegedly the head).

"LARGE ILLICIT GAINS"

"Said scheme finally involved in its complete consummation the making of large secret and illicit gains by the defendant Dolan for himself and such others as might combine and associate with him in said bond transactions in the form of commissions through the device of purchasing bonds at a price and reselling to the city at a largely enhanced price and through the device of buying bonds from the portfolios of said funds and trusts at a price and reselling them at a largely enhanced price.

"Pursuant to the above fraudulent and corrupt scheme and for the purpose of putting the same into effective operation, the defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, on or about October, 1929, enlisted the co-operation of Edward Donovan, an attorney; Winifred A. White, a clerk in the employ of one who occupied an office intercommunicating with those occupied by said Dolan as the Edmund L. Dolan Company, and Edward J. Supple, then an employee of Edmund L. Dolan Company. Said Donovan prepared, and he and said White and Supple signed and executed as incorporating the papers and documents required under the laws of the commonwealth of Massachusetts to be presented to the commissioner of corporations and taxation for a charter of incorporation.

Other allegations follow:

ENDORSED NOTES

"Pursuant to the direction of said defendant Dolan, said Supple was elected president and director and appointed general manager; said White clerk, treasurer and director; and said Donovan director. Hereafter the said papers were so presented and a charter of incorporation was issued for said Donovan, White and Supple under the name of Legal Securities Corp. with an authorized capital stock of 100,000 shares of common stock of no par value, for the stated purpose of prosecuting a general stock brokerage business.

Pursuant to the further direction of said defendant Dolan, said Donovan, White and Supple as directors voted to issue entire authorized capital stock for \$25,000 cash. Of this amount said defendant Dolan furnished \$5000 and personally arranged a loan for the balance at the Federal National Bank on indorsed notes for \$10,000 each, one signed by said Supple and the other by said White, it being agreed by the defendant Dolan that said notes should be taken up as they were ultimately from the proceeds of the business of the corporation.

"Certificates representing said stocks were issued to said Supple, White and Donovan as straws or dummies for said defendant Dolan and, as long as the same stood in their names were always held by each of them as straws or dummies. Said defendant Dolan in furtherance of his said fraudulent purpose, established the business offices of said Legal Securities Corporation in certain rooms of the suite occupied and used in its business by the E. L. Dolan & Co. at 60 Congress street and transferred certain employees from E. L. Dolan Co. to the Legal Securities Corporation and otherwise directed and supervised the preparation for the actual transaction of business by the latter.

BUSINESS WITH CITY

Seventh specification:

"There is maintained at all times complete intercommunication between the office of said Edmund L. Dolan Company and said Legal Securities Corporation and a close and working association between their respective officers and employers.

Eighth specification:

In further pursuance of the aforesaid fraudulent and corrupt scheme on Jan. 3, 1930, the defendant, E. L. Dolan, caused application to be made by and on behalf of said Legal Securities Corporation to the department of public utilities of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, for a license to transact business as a broker, and on Jan. 22, 1930, the same was granted and a license duly issued.

"Thereafter, and until its dissolution in the early part of 1934, both under its said original name and after the same was changed in 1933 to R. L. Emerson & Co., Inc., as hereinafter in paragraph 9 set forth, said corporation was actively engaged in the stock and bond business, though at all times the greater proportions and preponderance thereof consisted in its bond transactions with the city of Boston as hereinafter set forth.

Continued

MANY RESIGNATIONS

"At all times its business was primarily directed and its operation principally conducted under the actual but secret control of the defendant, Dolan, and in furtherance of the purposes and objects of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme and in effective consummation thereof."

Ninth specification:
"Early in 1933 said Edward J. Supple, who had held the office of president and director of the Legal Securities Corporation continuously since his original election thereto, resigned therefrom, and in his place the defendant, E. L. Dolan, selected for and caused to be elected to said office the defendant J. Walter Quinn, then an employee of E. L. Dolan Company. Late in 1932 said Winifred A. White resigned as treasurer, clerk and director, and said Edward Donovan resigned as director."

"On the procurement of said defendant Dolan, the defendant Harold B. Simpson, an employee of E. L. Dolan Company, was elected treasurer and director to succeed said White in said office, and John J. McInnis, an attorney, who had previous professional relations with said defendant Dolan was elected clerk to replace said White and director to replace said Donovan. The stock originally standing in the name of said Supple, White, Donovan, was transferred, by agreement of the defendant Dolan to the defendant Quinn and said McInnis as substitute straw for dummy holders thereof."

"In 1933 the defendant Dolan procured the services for the Legal Securities Corporation of the defendant Robert L. Emerson, a stock and bond salesman, and caused the defendant Quinn to resign as president and said McInnis as director of the corporation, and said defendant Emerson to be elected to said offices in their stead. He also caused to be elected as a fourth director of said corporation George S. Clarkson, since deceased, an accountant who had been engaged at times by said defendant Dolan to audit the books of the city of Boston, of E. L. Dolan Company and of the Legal Securities Corporation. At or about the time of the affiliation of said defendant Emerson and said Clarkson said defendant Dolan caused certain of the shares of stock of the corporation standing in the name of the defendant Quinn to be transferred to the defendant Emerson and said Clarkson as straw or dummy holders for said defendant Dolan. Said defendant Quinn, Simpson and Emerson and said Clarkson and McInnis held said offices at all times as straws or dummies for said defendant Dolan."

"In June, 1933, because of rumors in reference to the real parties in interest in the Legal Securities Corporation, and to avoid detection of the fraud that was being perpetrated on the city, said defendant Dolan caused the name of Legal Securities Corporation to be changed to R. L. Emerson & Company, Inc., and its offices to be moved from 60 Congress street, Boston, where it maintained offices contiguous to and intercommunicating with those of E. L. Dolan Company, to 75 Federal street in Boston."

Following are excerpts from other specifications in the bill of complaint:

Named in Suit Against Dolan



J. WALTER QUINN

"Said defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, then and by reason of the prestige that he enjoyed and the power and influence which he possessed as an intimate associate and friend of the then mayor, James M. Curley, and as treasurer of the city; of the board of sink-the retirement board, and by reason of the confidence placed in his supposed integrity and assumed disinterestedness and of his believed loyalty to the city and the public interest and to the deference paid to his judgment in financial matters in general did enjoy and exercise persuasive and decisive and controlling influence over his associates and colleagues, and controlled the investment and management of such trust funds managed by the said boards and agencies, and at all times exercised said power in the furtherance of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme."

"In carrying out the said fraudulent and corrupt scheme and in violation of his various official and fiducial duties and in betrayal of his trust and the interests of the city and in abuse of his various and sundry discretions in the premises in the investment of the funds in his control, he bought and sold bonds."

"The allegation was then repeated in a slightly different wording that he sold bonds through companies to the city at a higher price than the companies paid. It was charged that the 'stepped-up bonds' were sold directly or through John F. Dever & Co.).

HUGE BOND DEALINGS

The bill charged that between 1930 and 1933 the city bought from John F. Dever and Company bonds totalling \$7,223,382.89, while a total of only \$9,759,179.68 was purchased by the city from all sources. According to the allegation, the bonds of more than \$7,000,000 in value were either sold through the Dever company or the Legal Securities Corporation.

It was further alleged that of \$3,300,000 worth of bonds sold by the city from municipal and trust funds, \$1,300,000 was bought by the Legal Securities Corporation and the Dever Company.

Bonds bought from the city by the two companies, according to the charges, were bought at certain prices and resold at a much higher figure. The complaint alleges that the "illicit profits and gains" from these transactions totalled \$250,000.

The complaint also stated that all times the defendants maintained utmost secrecy in their dealings, so as not to attract attention to them. It was also charged that Dolan had refused to produce books and records of his companies.

"By reason of the multiplicity of the individual transactions involved, and in many cases a complex character, the tedious methods employed, the concealment practiced and the secrecy maintained at all times to insure success of the said fraudulent schemes, and particularly to conceal the connection of the said Dolan with the Legal Securities Corporation, and to conceal the fact and the amount of the large gains made by the corporation, the bill alleges that Dolan and his associates 'to cover their tracks and to avoid detection have either destroyed or concealed all the books of the Legal Securities Corporation and the E. L. Dolan Company,' and have either refused to produce them or have given no sufficient and honest reason for not producing them."

concluded

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CITY CHARGES DOLAN WITH

Continued

\$250,000

FRAUD

*Six Others
Named in Suit*

**PAPERS FILED
SAY MILLIONS
ARE INVOLVED**

Complaint Is Signed by Mayor Mansfield Personally—Accounting Sought of Alleged Bond Deals with City

Continued

Gov. Curley asserted today that Edmund L. Dolan should be happy over the suit against him and others because in the Governor's opinion it will give Dolan opportunity to clear himself of open and secret accusations. The Governor hinted at retaliation saying it is possible that "those bringing the charges will themselves be brought to answer on a charge of conspiracy."

In a sensational suit filed in supreme court today the city of Boston charges that Edmund L. Dolan and six other defendants made profits of more than \$250,000 illegally at the expense of the city in bond transactions involving millions of dollars as a result of a "fraudulent and corrupt scheme."

The bill of complaint, which was signed personally by Mayor Frederick W. Mansfield, alleges that this scheme was conceived by Dolan early in October, 1929, in anticipation of James M. Curley's election as mayor of Boston and also in anticipation of Curley's appointment of Dolan to be treasurer of the city.

ALLEGED SCHEME OUTLINED

The "scheme" alleged in the complaint was the formation of a corporation by means of which, it is charged, "large, secret and illicit gains and profits" were made by Dolan and others by the purchase of bonds and their resale to the city "at largely enhanced prices."

The complaint further names the Legal Securities Corporation and the John F. Dever Company as corporations with which these transactions were carried on and charges that between 1930 and 1933 the profits realized were more than \$250,000 obtained from transactions involving millions of dollars.

It is charged that in this period the city bought from companies in which the defendants were allegedly interested, bonds totalling \$7,223,382.89. The city's total purchases of bonds from all sources during this period was \$9,759,179.68, according to the city's complaint, which charges that the bonds totalling \$7,223,382.89 were sold either through the Dever company or the Legal Securities Corporation.

The city charges that Dolan and the other defendants "to cover their tracks and to avoid detection, have either destroyed or concealed all the books of the Legal Securities Corporation and the E. L. Dolan Company."

The city's suit, which is an equity proceeding, asks that Dolan be forced to disclose all of his profits and transactions and to return to the city with interest the profits allegedly made, illegally. It also asks that the other defendants be required to account for all profits made as a result of their alleged association with Dolan in the transactions charged.

One specification in the complaint charges that Dolan "as an intimate friend and associate of the then mayor, James M. Curley," and by reasons of his various offices enjoyed and exercised "controlling influence" and controlled the investment and management of trust funds of several city boards, "and at all times exerted said power in the furtherance of said fraudulent and corrupt schemes."

ACTION TAKES ALL BY SURPRISE

The city's suit was filed quietly and unexpectedly today by Henry E. Foley, corporation counsel, and George R. Farnum, special corporation counsel. They also signed the bill of com-

continued

plaint which was sworn to before Joseph F. Mellyn, the mayor's private secretary, as a notary public.

Foley and Farnum called at the office of the clerk of the supreme court at 9 A. M. and filed their bill with the clerk. The six other defendants named are:

J. Walter Quinn, close friend of Dolan, John F. Dever and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline, and Frederick J. Reardon of Cambridge.

MONTHS OF INQUIRY

The city's suit is a result of months of investigation by the city law department into charges that Dolan as city treasurer in the last Curley administration "as mayor" formed a dummy corporation to enable Dolan to sell bonds to the city at prices higher than their current market value.

The charges were made by Farnum once before in the supreme court and again in a report submitted to the finance commission a year ago but not published until March of this year. Farnum was then special counsel for the finance commission but resigned after Gov. Curley obtained control of that body. Farnum then recommended to Mayor Mansfield that the city sue Dolan to recover the alleged profits. The mayor asked the city law department

to investigate and Farnum was retained as special counsel for the law department.

Of the six other defendants, Quinn is an electrical contractor and Costello is an employee in the state public utilities department.

The suit alleges that Dolan and the others "all were fully aware of the fraudulent character of the scheme."

All seven defendants were said to be officials or employees of the E. L. Dolan company, the Legal Securities Corporation, or John F. Dever and Company, alleged to have handled the bulk of Boston's bond transactions during Dolan's term as city treasurer.

A report last March by Farnum, former investigator for the Boston Finance Commission, complained that Dolan purchased for the city \$2,568,000 worth of bonds from brokerage houses allegedly under his

control and that the city had paid \$61,952.59 more than the bonds could have been purchased for elsewhere. Dolan banked \$294,715 in cash for his brokerage firm while serving as city treasurer, according to the Farnum report. It alleged that the Legal Securities Corporation was a dummy corporation dominated by Dolan.

The suit asks that Dolan be made to report gains and profits received from bond transactions with the city while he was treasurer.

It further asks that he render an accounting of such gains and profits.

Lastly, it asks the court to find that Dolan and his alleged associates got the gains "illegally and in breach of his official duties to the city" and that he and the others be made to pay the money back to the city with interest.

SENSATION OF DAY

The filing of the city's suit after many rumors that it would or would not be filed caused a sensation throughout the city of such magnitude it is almost impossible to exaggerate it. Wherever politicians gathered it was the only subject discussed, partly because of Dolan's long association with the Governor.

Mayor Mansfield has publicly charged that attempts were being made to stop or balk the investigation.

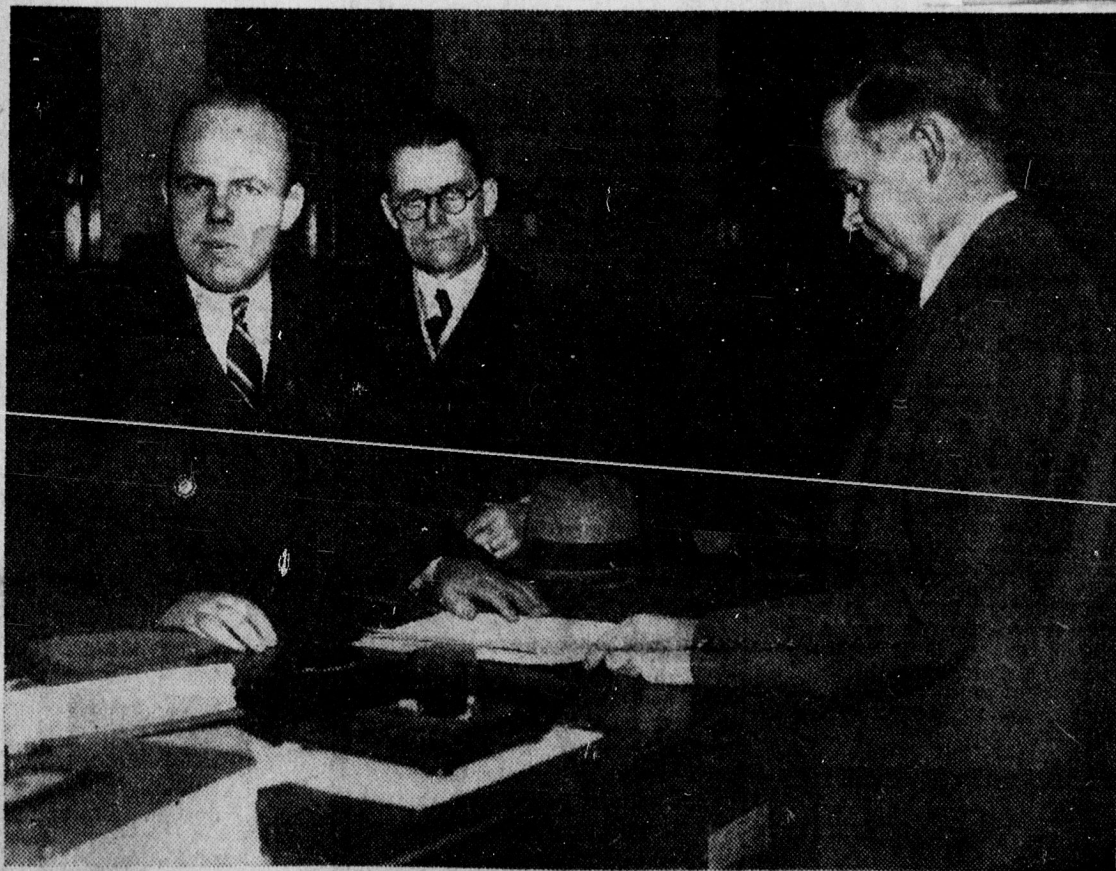
When Farnum was counsel for the finance commission he sought to examine Dolan but the latter went to Florida. When the Governor obtained control of the finance commission Dolan returned, went before the new finance commission and denied any connection with the Legal Securities Corporation. The finance commission issued a report to the effect that the charges against Dolan had not been proved.

DEFENDANTS

The seven defendants in the city of Boston suit are Edmund L. Dolan, former city treasurer; J. Walter Quinn, John F. Dever

and Lawrence Costello, all of Boston; Harold B. Simpson and Robert L. Emerson of Brookline and Frederick F. Reardon of Cambridge.

CITY FILES DOLAN EQUITY BILL



Corporation Counsel Henry E. Foley (left) and Atty. George R. Farnum, legal advisor to Mayor Mansfield in the Dolan investigation, filing the Dolan equity bill in the supreme court this morning. Assistant Clerk of Court Frederick Quinn is receiving the document.

continued

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CHIEF PART OF CITY BILL

Following is the text of specification 10 of the city's bill of complaint. This specification makes some of the most important allegations.

"In furtherance of the aforesaid fraudulent and corrupt scheme and to provide its successful consummation, said defendant, Edmund L. Dolan, sought the help and enlisted the co-operation of various persons as associates therein and in the management of the Legal Securities Corporation and as confederates in the conduct of the business of selling bonds to and buying bonds from the city of Boston through the medium of said corporate go-between and in the attempted concealment of all connection of said defendant Dolan therewith and of his interest in the gains and profits accruing therefrom.

Said associates and confederates were at all times fully apprised as to the fraudulent and corrupt character of the scheme with which they were connected and the unlawfulness of the secret and illicit transactions in which they were participating between said defendant Dolan and the city through the medium of said corporate go between.

"As compensation for their participations in said fraudulent enterprise, said associates and confederates severally received from time to time various sums of money out of the illicit gains, and profits accruing therefrom in the form of reimbursements, commissions, salaries, fees, shares and otherwise, the exact amount of which is to the plaintiff unknown.

OTHERS ACCUSED

"Among said associates, confederates and co-conspirators were the defendants, Frederick A. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Harold B. Simpson, Lawrence Costello, Robert L. Emerson, John F. Dever.

"(a) The defendant Frederick J. Reardon was sales manager for E. L. Dolan Company continuously from the time prior to the organization of the Legal Securities Corporation to on or about the early part of 1933, when he was transferred as salesman by the defendant Dolan to the latter corporation, remaining in its employ until on or about the time of the cessation of this business and on its formal dissolution. In these positions he was at all times fully apprised as to the character of the fraudulent and corrupt schemes herein set forth, was familiar with

the details of all or a substantial part of the bond transactions between the Legal Securities Corporation and the city of Boston and actively participated in promoting the same, was fully informed on the connection of the defendant Edmund L. Dolan with said corporation and the defendant Dolan's control over its business and interest in its gains and profits and co-operated with him and his other associates and confederates throughout the divers and sundry ways to insure the success of said fraudulent and corrupt schemes.

"INTIMATE ACQUAINTANCE"

"(b) The defendant J. Walter Quinn has been for many years an intimate acquaintance of the defendant Edmund L. Dolan. For a number of years prior to the organization of the Legal Securities Corporation he was employed by the Edmund L. Dolan Co., performing in particular the duties of stock and bond trader and acting generally as confidential associate of said defendant Dolan in said business, as well as in other enterprises in which the latter was engaged. He continued his aforesaid connection with the E. L. Dolan Co. for some considerable time after the organization of the Legal Securities Corporation and during at least the substantial portion of the period in which said corporation was dealing with the city of Boston as herein described. As of Boston as herein set forth, upon the withdrawal of Edward J. Supple from the Legal Securities Corporation as a substitute straw or dummy for the defendant Dolan, and at the latter's direction said defendant Quinn was elected president and director and the stock formerly transferred into the name of said defendant Quinn. In the early part of 1930, when the Legal Securities Corporation began its extensive bond transactions with the city of Boston, as hereinafter set forth, or prior thereto, said defendant Quinn became fully cognizant of the character of the above described fraudulent and corrupt scheme and on the part of the defendant Dolan, joined in it as one of the latter's associates and confederates participated with full knowledge in various and sundry ways in the prosecution and consummation thereof, including the acceptance of said corporate offices and the permitting of a substantial amount of the corporate stock to be placed and to remain in his name as a representative for and straw or dummy of the defendant Dolan, actively assisted in the promotion of said bond transactions with the city, and otherwise collaborated with said defendant Dolan and his other associates and confederates in the successful consummation of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme, among other things asserting and claiming to be the sole investor in and owner of said corporation for the purpose and with the intent of more effectively screening and concealing said defendant Dolan's connection therewith.

ELECTED TREASURER

"(c) The defendant Harold B. Simpson was for many years and until his affiliation as herein before described with the Legal Securities Corporation, a stock and bond salesman in the employ of the E. L. Dolan Co. Upon the resignation in 1933 of

said Edward P. Supple as president and director and general of said corporation and said Winifred A. White as its treasurer at the procurement of the defendant Edmund L. Dolan as herein before set forth, the defendant Simpson in the furtherance of said fraudulent and corrupt

scheme, was elected to and accepted the offices of director and treasurer in their stead and held the same continuously until 1934, when, as herein after set forth, said corporation under the then name of R. L. Emerson Co. Inc. discontinued business.

Additionally and to further said fraudulent purpose, upon the withdrawal of said Supple as manager of said corporation, the defendant Simpson assumed and discharged the whole or a substantial part of the duties of said position and in said role as well as that of stock and bond salesman, he participated in numerous of the bond transactions described between the city and the Legal Securities Corporation and in numerous and sundry ways co-operated with the defendant Dolan and his associates and confederates in said fraudulent and corrupt scheme.

KEPT CERTAIN BOOKS

"(d) The defendant Lawrence Costello was for some considerable time prior and subsequent to the formation of the Legal Securities Corporation an employee of E. L. Dolan Co. At or about the time of the organization of said Legal Securities Corporation, he was apprised and became cognizant of said fraudulent and corrupt scheme and the contemplated role of said corporation therein and collaborated in numerous and sundry ways with the defendant Edmund L. Dolan and other of his associates and his confederates in the furtherance and consummation thereof. In particular he kept certain books and records pertaining to the affairs of E. L. Dolan Co., which dealt, among other things, with the relation between it and said Legal Securities Corporation and with their mutual involvement in and connection with various of the bond transactions with the city of Boston described herein and the distribution of the gains and profits accruing therefrom.

"(e) In 1933, as hereinbefore set forth, by procurement of the defendant Edmund L. Dolan, the defendant Robert L. Emerson was elected to and accepted the offices of president and director of Legal Securities Corporation and became associated with the defendant Dolan in the prosecution and consummation of the said fraudulent and corrupt scheme. At or about the said time he was apprised and became cognizant of the fraudulent and corrupt character of said scheme and the role of the Legal Securities Corporation therein. In furtherance of said scheme he permitted the name of the corporation to be changed to R. L. Emerson & Co., Inc., consented to act as straw or dummy holder of a certain amount of the capital stock for the defendant Dolan, and from the time of his affiliation until the end of the conspiracy, actively participated in and co-operated with said defendant Dolan and his other associates and confederates in various of the bond transactions herein described between the city and the Legal Securities Corporation and in

Continued

concluded
numerous and sundry other ways co-operated with them in said fraudulent and corrupt schemes.

SECRET INTERMEDIARY

(f) The defendant John F. Dever is engaged and was so engaged during the years 1930 to 1933 inclusive under the name of John F. Dever and Company, in a general stock brokerage business with offices at 60 Congress street in Boston. He has been long and intimately acquainted with the defendant Edmund L. Dolan. With knowledge of the character of the aforesaid fraudulent and corrupt scheme and for the purpose of assisting the defendant Dolan in the successful prosecution thereof, and in particular for the purpose of concealing to a substantial degree the size and vast preponderance of the bond purchases by the city of Boston from the Legal Securities Corporation, as herein set forth, and thereby helping to screen Dolan's connection therewith and to divert public attention therefrom said defendant Dever joined in said scheme to the extent of participating in a large volume of said bond transactions with the city by the device of acting as an ostensibly independent principal, whereas he was a secret intermediary in said transactions between the Legal Securities corporation and the city.

In furtherance of said device a large volume of bond transactions were effected by said defendant Dolan on behalf of the city with said John F. Dever & Co. in such a manner as to give the false impression that the city of Boston was dealing with an independent house, whereas in fact said defendant Dever was acting on behalf of the Legal Securities Corporation, the undisclosed principal which reaped all the gain and profits from said bond transactions with the city except a small commission retained in each case by said defendant Dever as compensation for his services in thus co-operating with said defendant Dolan and furthering said fraudulent and corrupt scheme.

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PLEAS IN BILL AGAINST DOLAN

After setting forth the allegations, the bill in equity brought by the city of Boston today against Edmund L. Dolan and others then makes the following requests of the court:

FULL EXPLANATION SOUGHT

"Wherefore the plaintiff prays that the defendant Edmund L. Dolan be ordered to make full and true discovery and disclosures of all the gains, profits and benefits received by him either directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston described in this bill.

"That the defendant Edmund L. Dolan be ordered to render a true and complete accounting of all the gains, profits and benefits received by him directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston described in this bill.

"That it be ordered, adjudged and decreed that the defendant Edward L. Dolan obtained all said gains, profits and benefits illegally and in breach of his official and judiciary duties to the plaintiff city of Boston, and that he received the same to the use and benefit of the plaintiff city of Boston, and that said defendant Dolan pay over to said plaintiff city of Boston the amount of said gains, profits and benefits with interest thereon from the respective dates of such gains, profits and benefits.

OTHER DEFENDANTS NAMED

"That the defendants Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Laurence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and John F. Dever, and each of them, be ordered to make full and true discovery and disclosures of all the gains, profits and benefits received by them, and each of them either directly or indirectly from and in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston referred to in this bill, whether in the form of salaries, commissions, bonuses, dividends, distributive shares or otherwise.

"That the defendants Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Laurence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and John F. Dever,

and each of them, be ordered to render a true and complete accounting of all the gains, profits and benefits received by them, and each of them either directly or indirectly from or in connection with the bond transactions with the plaintiff city of Boston referred to in this bill, whether in the form of salaries, commissions, bonuses, dividends, distributive shares or otherwise.

"That it be ordered, adjudged and decreed that the defendants Frederick J. Reardon, J. Walter Quinn, Laurence Costello, Harold B. Simpson, Robert L. Emerson and John F. Dever, and each of them obtained all said gains, profits and benefits received by them, and each of them illegally and to the use and benefit of the plaintiff, city of Boston, and that said defendants Reardon, Quinn, Costello, Sampson, Emerson and Dever, and each of them, pay over to said plaintiff, city of Boston, the amount of said gains, profits and benefits with interest thereon from the respective dates of such gains, profits and benefits.

AS TO OTHER DEFENDANTS

"That wherein other and additional persons within the jurisdiction of this court shall become known as having participated in the fraudulent and corrupt scheme set forth in this bill, or as having participated with knowledge thereof in the gains and profits derived therefrom, the plaintiff may be allowed to make these parties hereto by suitable amendment with apt allegation and prayers.

"That the plaintiff be granted such other and further relief as the nature of the case and justice and equity may require and to the court may seem right and appropriate.

"City of Boston,

"Frederick J. Mansfield.

"Henry Foley,

"George R. Farnum,

"Sworn to Joseph F. Mellyn, Notary Public."

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EATON STANDS BY HIS GUNS

Yale Instructor Not
Changed by Mather
Note to Curley

Walter Pritchard Eaton of the Yale dramatic school on Tuesday night said that he was ashamed of his Massachusetts residence—he lives in Sheffield—because Gov. Curley was chief executive—and he isn't going to take it back.

"My attitude remains the same. How could anyone change his attitude toward Gov. Curley?" was the first statement made with finality by Mr. Eaton today when he learned that Prof. Kirtley F. Mather of Harvard and president of the Adult Educational council, sent an apologetic message to the state head expressing sorrow that the Yale instructor's remarks were made.

Mr. Eaton, although not a member, acted as toastmaster at a meeting of the council Tuesday night in Boston. He there made his widely quoted remark. Yesterday Gov. Curley received a letter from Prof. Mather, termed the reference to the chief executive "very unpleasant," and proffered regrets. He pointed out that the Yale faculty member was speaking for himself and not the organization.